<u>Staffordshire Moorlands Local Plan – Schedule of Main Modifications September 2019</u>

One MM per policy/paragraph

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM1	6	1.1	The Staffordshire Moorlands Local Plan is a District wide development plan which replaces the Staffordshire Moorlands Core Strategy, Biddulph Area Action Plan (AAP) and previous Local Plan to provide a framework for delivering development for the period 2014 2016 to 2033 2031.
MM2	6	1.3	This Local Plan comprises of the following: A Portrait of Staffordshire Moorlands - a description of the District The Challenges - a summary of the key challenges facing the District The Vision – detailing what the Staffordshire Moorlands will be like in 2033 2034 Aims and Objectives – stating what the Local Plan is proposing to achieve A Spatial Strategy and Strategic Policies – setting out the over-arching strategy and policies for the District Development Management Policies – setting out specific measures to manage development Strategic Development Site Policies - specific policy to guide the development of strategic sites and others requiring bespoke policy Implementation and Monitoring - a framework for how the plan will be implemented and monitored Maps - for Leek, Biddulph, Cheadle and the Rural Areas which identify proposed sites and boundaries
ММ3	14	1.41	The Constellation Partnership is a grouping of local authorities and Local Enterprise Partnerships in Cheshire and north Staffordshire that have come together to maximise the potential benefits to the area arising from the proposed HS2 Hub Station at Crewe and related economic growth opportunities up to the year 2040. Land at Blythe Vale has been identified by the Partnership as an investment opportunity. Whilst a strategy has yet to be published, the Local Plan will seek to provide support to this initiative insofar as it relates to the timescales for the Local Plan up to the year 2033 2031.
MM4	40	6.1	Whilst the vision sets out how we would like to see the District develop by 2033 2031, the main challenge will be how we can achieve this in a sustainable manner which delivers the necessary housing, employment, shopping and community facilities whilst ensuring that the District's valuable natural and built heritage assets and its character are not compromised.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM5	44	Policy SS1	 Amend bullet 1 as follows: A mix of types and tenures of quality, affordable homes, including starter homes, to meet the needs and aspirations of the existing and future communities.
MM6	45-46	Policy SS1a	Delete Policy SS1a and supporting text
			Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development
			7.12 At the heart of the NPPF is a presumption in favour of sustainable development seen as "a golden thread running through both plan-making and decision-taking." This policy sets out how the Council will work with applicants to facilitate development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions of Staffordshire Moorlands. It also provides for the grant of planning permission in circumstances where there are no relevant policies or where relevant policies are out-of-date. 7.13 To achieve sustainable development, new development should be located in sustainable locations and contribute positively to the social, economic and environmental improvement of the area, in accordance with policy SS1.
			Policy 1a
			Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development
			When considering development proposals the Council will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development contained in the National Planning Policy Framework. It will always work pro-actively with applicants jointly to find solutions which mean that proposals can be approved wherever possible, and to secure development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions in the area.
			Planning applications that accord with the policies in this Local Plan (and, where relevant, with polices in neighbourhood plans) will be approved without delay, unless material considerations

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough , new text is <u>underlined</u>)					
			indicate otherwise. Where there are no policies relevant to the application or relevant policies are out of date at the time of making the decision then the Council will grant permission unless material considerations indicate otherwise – taking into account whether:					
			 Any adverse impacts of granting permission would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the National Planning Policy Framework taken as a whole; or 					
MM7	47	Policy SS2	 Specific policies in that Framework indicate that development should be restricted. Settlement Hierarchy 					
			Towns – these are the largest settlements comprising of Leek, Biddulph and Cheadle which accommodate half of the District's population and the majority of the District's services and facilities. The spatial strategy seeks to focus future growth in these settlements and to strengthen their role as service centres. These settlements will be defined by a Development Boundary. Rural Area Larger Villages – these are the most sustainable settlements in the rural areas which generally have a good local social infrastructure, some local employment opportunities and good accessibility to the towns and larger centres. These villages also have an important role in terms of					
			serving and supporting their immediate surrounding rural areas and smaller villages. The spatial strategy focuses the bulk of the rural development in these settlements and seeks to ensure that they are sustained and promoted as service centres. These settlements will be defined by a Development Boundary. It is recognised that there is a significant range amongst these villages in terms of their size and facilities and it is proposed therefore that the scale of development in each area should be relative to their current size and infrastructure capacity.					
			Rural Area Smaller Villages— these villages generally have a poor range of services and facilities and it is often necessary for local residents to travel outside the village for most of their daily needs. Development on a large scale would be unsustainable in these villages, as it is will generate a disproportionate number of additional journeys outside the village and may undermine the spatial					

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			strategy. However, it is recognised that these settlements have a limited role in meeting the development requirements for the District which may assist in maintaining the vitality of the smaller villages. These settlements are not defined by a Development Boundary and only limited development of an appropriate nature will be allowed. Where relevant, green belt policy will also apply.
			Other Rural Areas – this comprises of the open countryside <u>where development is normally unacceptable</u> and green belt where further development is generally inappropriate. Within these areas there are some groups of houses and hamlets which are not identified as 'smaller villages' because <u>of</u> their predominantly open character and loose-knit nature. They also contain major developed areas which may be suitable for appropriate development or redevelopment.
MM8	48	7.22	In order to address the objectively assessed needs for housing in the District the Local Plan proposes 6,080 dwellings for the period 2014 2012 – 2033 2031 (320 per year) which is expected to meet the projected household increase for the District over this period. Although the Core Strategy required an early and comprehensive review of the Core Strategy for the period 2016 – 2031 the plan period is 2014 to 2033 as it more closely reflects the evidence base and provides an adequate timeframe. Although the Local Plan period is 2016 to 2033 2031, the calculation of housing requirements backdates to 2014 2012 in order to take account of the shortfall of housing provision that has occurred in recent years. The proposed level of provision will enable the Council to: • fully meet demographic housing needs • help support an increase of over 800 full time equivalent (FTE) jobs across the plan period • help address the affordable housing need.
	49	7.23	This requirement is seen to be "aspirational but realistic" as required by the NPPF when considered in the context of an historic average delivery rate of 161 195 homes per year. It is deliverable in the terms of suitable housing land and is not considered to give rise to significant landscape impacts including on the setting of the Peak District National Park. It provides a more balanced range of

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			social, economic and environmental effects as set out in the Sustainability Appraisals.
	49	7.24	The requirement for 6,080 dwellings is a target and should not be seen as an absolute ceiling as there needs to be flexibility to ensure there is a continuous 5 year supply of deliverable land at all times in accordance with the NPPF. The Council will monitor the amount of development over the plan period to ensure there is a five year housing land supply. The land supply calculation applies a 20% buffer to reflect persistent under delivery and applies the 'Liverpool method' to spread the housing shortfall up to the year 2033. The shortfall in completions is high (788 at March 2019) and it is considered to be unrealistic to apply the 'Sedgefield method' and meet the shortfall over five years which which would give a very high annual requirement.
	49	7.26	The provision of employment land is based on the 2014 Employment Land Study and Update report published in 2017. The SHMA and Employment Land Studies have been coordinated and based on common the data and scenarios in order to better understand the relationship between housing and employment and to support an appropriate balance of development. The 2017 report identified a need for 13 to 27 14 to 32 hectares of employment land across the District to 2031.2033 In order to provide a balanced level of employment and housing, an employment land requirement of 27 32 hectares is proposed. As with the housing requirement, this level of development is towards the top of the range of identified needs and will help to support the growth of around 800 FTE jobs (435 in B-use class jobs).
	7.28 adopted Core Strategy anticipated that Green Belt release would be new for a comprehensive review of the Green Belt in Biddulph. In the preparation of the Local Plan, the Council considered alternative neighbouring authorities to accommodate some of the District's requi		It is not possible to meet identified development requirements without Green Belt release. The adopted Core Strategy anticipated that Green Belt release would be necessary with a commitment for a comprehensive review of the Green Belt in Biddulph. In the preparation of the Local Plan, the Council considered alternatives including inviting relevant neighbouring authorities to accommodate some of the District's requirements, allocating a high density site in Biddulph and alternative options for the distribution of development within the District.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Whilst these measures reduced the amount of Green Belt release, some release of land is still required in the District to support the development requirements and associated economic and social benefits for the District. Accordingly, it is considered that exceptional circumstances exist for the principle of Green Belt release. The site specific exceptional circumstances for individual Green Belt release are set out in Chapter 9.
	50	Policy SS3	Policy SS3
			Future Provision and Distribution of Development
			Provision will be made for at least 6080 additional dwellings (net of demolitions) to be completed in Staffordshire Moorlands during the period 2014 2012 to 2033 2031-an annual average of 320 homes per year. Sufficient deliverable land will be identified to provide at least 5 years of development at all times.
			The Council will review monitor the annual development rate and manage supply to ensure that future provision will continue to adequately meet identified needs and reflect development potential. Provision will be made for at least 27 32 hectares of additional employment land in Staffordshire Moorlands (excluding the Peak District National Park) up to the year 2033 2031. Provision will be made for new retail, transport, recreational, community and tourism facilities and services to meet the identified needs of settlements within Staffordshire Moorlands (excluding the Peak District National Park) up to 2033 2031 as set out in the Area Strategies. Development will be located in accordance with the Spatial Strategy and will be distributed between the towns and rural areas as set out below. In identifying land for new development or in considering planning applications, development shall also be compatible with the settlement hierarchy in terms of the development approaches set out in the Area Strategies.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough , new text is <u>underlined</u>)					
				Housing	Employment			
			Leek	30%	30%			
			Biddulph	20%	20%			
			Cheadle	25%	20%			
			Rural Areas	25%	30%			
			Neighbourhood P In order to assis Neighbourhood Pla sustainable locatio	at in meeting the ide ans should maximise t ans, and where appropr g and employment land	he opportunities for housing iate, make allocations in the	ements for the Local Plan, g and employment growth in eir plan for at least the same an for the relevant parish or		
MM9	51	7.29	which reflect the specific met from completic allocations. The erwindfall allowances housing and employed	patial strategy and develons since 2014 2012, mployment requirements, and the proposed employment are targets for Report and monitoring sures.	elopment requirements. The current commitments, wind ts are capable of being met uployment allocations detailed the whole plan period and varied schedules to assess per	housing requirements will be a least allowances and the site at from existing commitments. If in Policy E2. The figures for will be monitored through the aformance and the need for		

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number							
	52	Table 7.2	Strategy which governs development across to of the National Park, the Core Strategy direcognition of the fact that the identified house parts of the National Park, the National Park being identified in the housing land supply allowance reflects long terms annual average within the National Park. Whilst the Peak Dist for housing, the allowance will be factored in completions and commitments within the National Park allowance are taked (4) Footnote As of 31 March 2019 2017 Gross housing requirement (2014 - 2033) (2012 - 2031) Total district-wide completions (2014 - 2019) (2012 - 2017) Total district-wide commitments Total district-wide commitments Total district-wide commitments minus 10% Lapse rate on commitments in trajectory (-119) Peak District National Park allowance Net housing requirement (2019 - 2033) (2017 - 2031) Table 7.2 District net housing requirement	oes not include ho sing requirements for Authority has agreed for the Staffordshire housing completion rict National Park Co to the windfall allow ational Park will be for the District once of	using requirements. However, in r Staffordshire Moorlands includes to an allowance of 100 dwellings a Moorlands Local Plan. (3) This in the parts of the District that lie ore Strategy does not allocate land wance for the District and housing monitored accordingly. The table				

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Propose	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is <u>underlined</u>)									
	52	Table 7.3											
			Area	%	Gross requirement Minus National Park allowance	Completion s	Commitment s	-10% lapse rate on unimplement ed commitment s	2019 2017 net requirement				
			Leek	30%	1794	<u>276 241</u>	618 538	<u>45</u>	<u>945</u> 1015				
			Biddulp h	20%	1196	<u>167 205</u>	<u>72</u> 106	<u>5</u>	962 885				
			Cheadl e	25%	1495	<u>145</u> 85	<u>167</u> 244	<u>14</u>	<u>1197</u> 1166				
			Rural	25%	1495	<u>224 148</u>	<u>628</u> 554	<u>55</u>	<u>698</u> 793				
			Total	100 %	5980	<u>812 679</u>	<u>1485</u> 1442	<u>119</u>	<u>3802</u> 3859				
				-	Γable 7.3 Net	housing requ	irement by a	rea					
	52	7.31	to the y windfall context required developi on it wit	This Policy sets out how the net housing requirement of 3802 3859-will be met across the District up to the year 2033 2031. Sources of future supply include allocations as set out in Policy H2 and windfall allowances for each area based on past trends. Windfall sites will be considered in the context of the Spatial Strategy and Policy H1. From the end of 2017, the Council has been will be required to publish and update a Brownfield Register of sites that are suitable for housing development. If appropriate, the Council also use the Brownfield Register to grant some of the sites on it with "Permission in Principle". This potential additional source of housing land supply will be considered in the next iteration of the Local Plan.									

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)						
	53	age allowance" of 10% of the housing ibility in the supply. This was based on as anticipated. The Local Plan also proved to commitments and factored into the ed into the housing calculations as it is ousing supply as set out in the Local Plantagy. Furthermore, in Biddulph and the outer on the need to release land from the	poses to include a housing trajectory. considered that the in provide a greater e Rural Areas, the						
	53	7.34	employment land by the year 2031 203 that would be required in terms of B recommended that 50% of the requiren 50% recommended for B1c/B2/B8 (light recommendation took into account pass vacancies and the need to replace exists.)	ent Study Update identified the need for 33. The report also considered the type of 11, B2 or B8 use class related development should be for B1a/B1b (office, R&D) at industry, general industry, storage and trends of development and demand, for the poor quality industrial stock. The emaddition to the need identified in the	of employment land pment. The review use with the other distribution). This forecast jobs, office ployment allocation				
	53	7.35	The table below identifies the net employment land requirement for the District once complete commitments since 2012 2014 have been taken into account. A start date of 2012 2014 used for commitments to synchronise with that of housing requirements above: District net employment land requirement (to 2dp): Gross employment land requirement (2012 214 32ha) Total district-wide completions (2012 2.39ha 2.93ha) Total district-wide commitments since 2012 2014 Net employment land requirement (2017 2031 2019-2033) The table below identifies the net employment land requirement (10 2dp): 1						

Main Mod No.	Page	ge Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)							
	53	7.37	Table 7.4 Net employment land requirement by area (to 2dp)							
			Area	%	Gross Requirem ent	Completi ons ha (2014-)	Commitm ents ha (2014-)	2017 2019 Net Requirem ent ha		
			Leek	30%	8.1 9.6	1.71 <u>1.89</u>	0.47 0.59	5.92 <u>7.12</u>		
			Biddulph	20%	5.4 <u>6.4</u>	0.28	0.30 <u>0.32</u>	4.82 <u>5.80</u>		
			Cheadle	20%	5.4 <u>6.4</u>	0.06 <u>0.41</u>	1.80 <u>1.85</u>	3.55 <u>4.14</u>		
			Rural	30%	8.1 9.6	0.34-0.35	10.79 11.01	0 (overprovi sion by 3.03ha 1.76ha)		
			Total	100%	27 <u>32</u>	2.39 <u>2.93</u>	13.36 13.77	11.25 15.30		
			Table 7.5		1	1	1	1	1	
	54	7.39	least as mu housing red provided at Peak Distric	ich develop quirements Appendix 1 ct National	ment as identi as of 31 Mar 11. For the avo Park where a	ified in the L ch 2017. A pidance of d Neighbourh	ocal Plan. To methodology oubt, develo nood Area sp	his policy set y for calcula pment requir pans the Loc	vision must be mad so out Neighbourhooting future requiremements do not apply all Plan boundary. The Neighbourhoo	od Area nents is y to the In such

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modif	ication (deleted te	ext has stri	kethrough, new text is	underlined)	
	54	Policy SS4	appropriate, and towards these ne and potentially wifer completions with the appropriate, and towards the appropriate and the appropriate an	with the agreemer eighbourhood area ithin the Peak Distr	nt of the Pe requiremer ict Nationa Park bour	ak District National Park nts may be met elsewhe I Park. This approach is	Plan. Nevertheless, where Authority, housing provision re in the neighbourhood area consistent with the allowance the Local Plan when located	
Strategic Housing and Employment Land Supply Housing Land Supply In order to meet the housing requirements identified in Policy accommodate 3802 3859 additional dwellings.							icient land will be identified to	
			Area	% of Distr	ict Total	Net housing requirement		
			Leek	30%		945 1015	-	
			Biddulph	20%		962 885	-	
			Cheadle	25%		1197 1166		
			Rural	25%		698 793		
			Total	100%		3802 3859		
			Table 7.6 This will be met from from sites allocated in Policy H2 and a windfall allowance for small site accord with the Spatial Strategy and Policy H1. Leek Number of Dwellings on new sites					

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted te	xt has strikethrough , new text is <u>u</u>	nderlined)
			New allocations	614 630	
			Large windfall site allowance (15 per year)	<u>165</u> 210	
			Small sites allowance (10 per year)	<u>110</u> 140	
			TOTAL POTENTIAL PROVISION	<u>889</u> 980	
			Biddulph		
			New allocations	<u>604</u> 730	
			Large windfall site allowance	20	
			Small sites allowance (10 per year)	<u>110</u> 140	
			TOTAL POTENTIAL PROVISION	<u>734</u> 890	
			Cheadle		
			New allocations – within the urban area	1026	
			Small sites allowance (10 per	<u>110</u> 140	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modifica	tion (deleted te	ext has strik	ethrough , new t	ext is <u>u</u>	nderlined)
			year)					
			TOTAL POTENTIA	AL PROVISION	<u>1136</u> 1166			
			Rural					
			New allocations – I	Larger Villages	<u>330</u> 4 61			
			Small sites allowar provision 30 per ye	•	<u>330</u> 4 20			
			TOTAL POTENTIA	AL PROVISION	<u>660</u> 881			
			Table 7.7 Anticipate Employment Land	· ·	l sion			I
				0% B1c/B2/B8 (light industry	, general indust		comprises of 50% B1a/B1b ge and distribution) through
			Area	%		Net requirement (hectares)	Land	
			Leek	30%		5.92 <u>7.12</u>		
			Biddulph	20%		4.82 <u>5.80</u>		
			Cheadle	20%		3.55 <u>4.14</u>		
			Rural	30%		0*		
			Total	100%		11.25* 15.30*		
			Table 7.8					

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			*overprovision in rural areas by 3.03ha-1.76ha The release of land for housing and employment across the District will be managed in order to deliver the level and distribution of development set out above. The Council has published a Housing Implementation Strategy (HIS) document which sets out how the five year housing land supply will be maintained in accordance with the trajectory. The adequacy of supply (in terms of five year supply of housing and in meeting planned housing delivery targets over the full plan period) will be assessed and monitored through reviews of the Strategic Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment (SHELAA) and progress will be reported in the Annual Monitoring Report. The Council will closely monitor the delivery of residential windfall sites and affordable housing to ensure that it is meeting expected levels. If necessary the Council will review the Local Plan to bring forward additional sites for development.
			In order to assist in meeting the development requirements for the Local Plan, Neighbourhood Plans should maximise opportunities for housing growth in sustainable locations. The following table sets out the housing requirements for parishes preparing a Neighbourhood Plan. These requirements are a minimum and may be subject to review as part of the District's overall review of plan delivery against its housing requirement. Neighbourhood Plans should also seek to provide as a minimum the residual employment land requirement for their area. Neighbourhood Plans should demonstrate that they can support the housing requirement through the provision of allocations and/or policies which support the development of windfall sites. The methodology used to calculate the housing requirement is set out in Appendix 11 and will be used to calculate requirements for new Neighbourhood Plans. In relation to employment, Neighbourhood Plans should provide at least the same amount of employment land as identified in the Local Plan for the Neighbourhood Area. Neighbourhood Plan Area Minimum Net Housing Requirement 2017

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted	text has strikethrough , new text is <u>u</u>	<u>inderlined</u>)	
				- 2031 (dwellings)		
			Biddulph Parish	905		
			Brown Edge Parish	25		
			Checkley Parish	60	_	
			Draycott-in-the-Moors Parish	5 – 10	_	
			Leekfrith Parish	4 – 8	_	
			Rushton Parish	4 - 8]	
			Table 7.9 Neighbourhood Plan F	lousing Requirement		
MM10	57	7.43	In order to deliver the housing requirements for Leek set out in Policy SS4 it is estimated that there will need to be a minimum of 945 1015 additional dwellings to be provided in the town. This requirement will be met through the allocated sites, windfalls or the small sites. The Council recognises that it needs to provide a range of opportunities to enable the market to respond to the targets set for the town and to address key infrastructure and regeneration needs. In practical terms, this means providing for different types of housing development in a variety of locations including greenfield development on the edge of the urban areas. A cluster of housing sites located off Mount Road has been identified as an opportunity to make a significant contribution towards the housing needs of the town. This development will be supported with additional infrastructure, including additional school capacity and transport improvements.			
MM11	58	7.45	Policy SS4 details an employment land requirement of 8.1ha 9.6ha for the Leek area up to 2033 2031. Employment provision will be met through the expansion of existing employment areas to the south of the town and Leekbrook which have good access to the road network. These are considered to be the most sustainable locations for employment development and will minimise the impact of development on the countryside and residential areas. In response to Leek's residual employment land requirements Policy SS3 of the 2014 Core Strategy identified 'Broad location EM2' east of Brooklands Way Leekbrook, for future employment allocation (dependent on the need for further employment land provision across the town). Despite being a smaller village Leekbrook is closely related to Leek (falling within the same Ward), and it is considered that the LEEK EM2 allocations across in the village can contribute towards the future employment land requirements for Leek as existing industrial areas in the village already serve Leek residents; and industrial areas by definition often tend to be peripheral.			

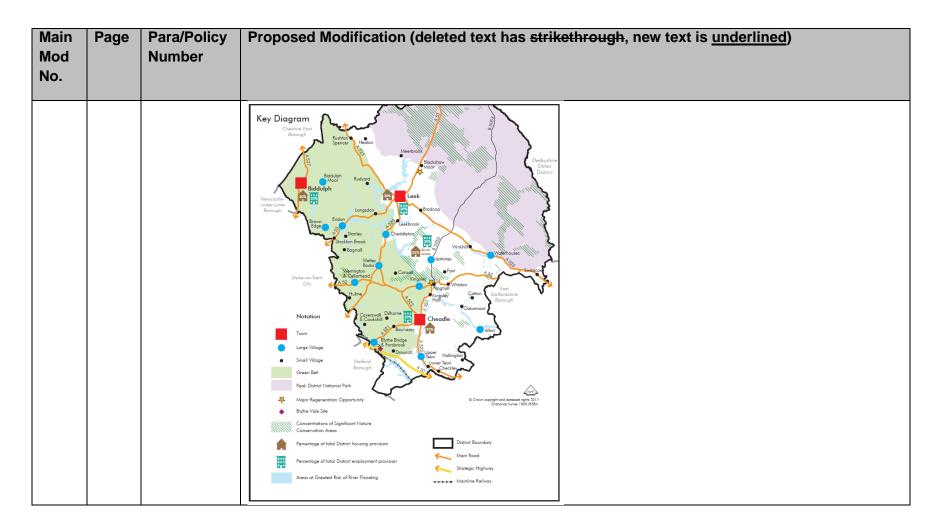
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM12	62	7.50	In order to meet the plan requirements for Biddulph, two key mixed use development areas are identified. The Wharf Road Strategic development site will help to support a significant degree of the future housing land supply for the town as well as accommodating additional retail and employment development and supporting infrastructure. Much of This area was previously identified as a Broad Area in the Core Strategy for mixed-use development., however, this has now been extended to include additional land alongside the bypass and to the west of the Biddulph Valley Way on land included within the Green Belt. A further mixed-use site for employment and housing opposite Victoria Business Park has also been identified for housing and employment. This site will also require the release of Green Belt land. Elsewhere, the regeneration of mills in the town will further support the sustainability of the town.
	62	New paragraph between 7.50 and 7.51	NPPF policy also requires the Council to have regard to the intended permanence of Green Belt boundaries in the long term, so that they are capable of enduring beyond the plan period. With this in mind, the Council has identified a cluster of three sites at Gillow Heath for safeguarding to meet development needs beyond the plan period. These sites (shown on the policies map) have been removed from the Green Belt but are located outside of the Biddulph Town Boundary. NPPF policy makes it clear that safeguarding land is not the same as allocating land. The intention is that it is set aside to meet future needs (rather than needs within the plan period like an allocation). Planning permission for the permanent development of safeguarded land should only be granted following a Local Plan review which proposes the development so there is no guarantee that it will become an allocation. The land may not be needed in certain circumstances, for example - if the housing requirement for the District and / or spatial strategy changes in the future - but it provides a buffer to ensure that Green Belt boundaries around Biddulph have a degree of permanence.
	63	Policy SS6	Policy SS6 Biddulph Area Strategy The Council and its partners will seek to enhance the role of Biddulph as a significant service centre and a market town and support its regeneration. This will be achieved through the following actions:

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 Improve the local housing market and range of community facilities by: Increasing the range of available and affordable house types, (including starter homes) especially for first time buyers, families and older people, including extra care housing. Identifying suitable land for housing sites both within the urban area and, on land adjacent to the urban area. Sites within the urban area shall be in locations across the town which have good accessibility to services and facilities with encouragement being given to previously developed (brownfield) sites. Protecting, increasing and improving the provision and accessibility of open space, sport and recreational facilities in line with the updated Open Space Strategy, Playing Pitch Strategy and Indoor Sports Facility Assessment. Increasing the provision of educational, health and community facilities. Specific facilities and needs will be identified through the Plans and Strategies of relevant service providers. Create employment growth and increase the diversity of employment opportunities to meet existing and future needs by: Supporting the retention and growth of existing businesses within the town; Providing opportunities for new enterprises and businesses by promoting further development; Providing facilities and sites for new start-up businesses; Supporting improvements to accessibility to employment areas, particularly from areas of local deprivation and need. Strengthen the role of Biddulph as a significant service and retailing centre for the District by: Allocation of land for a new foodstore of 1000m2 (net sales) Supporting improvements to public transport connections to the town centre.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 4. Improve the image and identity of Biddulph and strengthen its role as a visitor destination by: Regenerating and improving the streetscape of the town centre; Upgrading the general environment of the town through landscaping and the improvement and creation of green spaces; Strengthening and promoting links between the town and countryside in particular with the Biddulph Valley Way, Biddulph Grange Garden and the Country Parks. This will include the implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy; Improving the main approaches to the town from the south; Protecting and enhancing the setting and historic character of the town, including heritage assets. Create major mixed use development opportunities and related infrastructure improvements for the following strategic sites: Wharf Road Strategic Development site – mixed use development including housing, employment, retail and supporting infrastructure will be supported in line with policy DSB1. Tunstall Road Strategic Development Site – housing and employment will be supported in line with policy DSB3. Include areas of 'safeguarded land' at Gillow Heath (BD062, BD068 & BD087) between the urban area and the Green Belt, in order to meet Biddulph's longer-term development needs. This land is not allocated for development at the present time. Planning permission for the permanent development of this land will only be granted following a Local Plan review which proposes the development. Developments should secure Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems in line with national planning policy and manage surface water discharge rates in accordance with the Sustainable Drainage Systems Non-statutory Technical Standards (DEFRA, 2015)

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM13	74	7.64	Within these areas there are some smaller settlements and hamlets which are not identified in Policy \$\frac{\sigma \sigma \sigma}{\sigma}\$ as 'Small Villages' because their predominantly open character, loose-knit nature and lack of services and facilities.
	74	7.66	Amend last sentence as follows: Two such areas were identified in the Core Strategy and included in the plan at Bolton Copperworks, Froghall and the Anzio Camp Blackshaw Moor. Policies DSR 5 and DSR 6 provide development criteria for these sites
	76	Policy SS10	Delete two bullet points Bolton Copperworks, Froghall - The historic copper factory of Thomas Bolton and Sons most of which is now closed and derelict apart from a small section that services copper wires. It lies within an area of high landscape and tourism value adjoining the village of Froghall. The whole site occupies an area of approximately 17 hectares comprising of a range of industrial buildings. There are significant potential contamination issues which may be at some depth within the site which must be addressed; also flooding issues are a constraint and would need to be addressed given the majority of the site is affected by either floodzone 3 or floodzone 2. Its strategic location at the centre of the Churnet Valley is considered crucial to the area's success. Anzio Camp, Blackshaw Moor - Former army training base located 3 miles to the north of Leek on the southern edge of the Peak District National Park. The site extends to some 15.4 hectares and includes 17 existing buildings. The site now has planning consent. Policy SS10 Amend point 3 as follows: Recognising and conserving the special quality of the landscape in the Peak District National Park (in accordance with_Policy DC3); Amend point 4 as follows:

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 Regenerate underused major developed areas in the countryside including: Bolton Copperworks, Froghall and Anzio Camp, Blackshaw Moor (in accordance with policies DSR5 and DSR 6) Bolton Copperworks, Froghall — uses which may be suitable are employment, residential, tourist-related retail and accommodation, leisure, subject to the satisfaction of flooding and contamination constraints. Development shall make provision for appropriate off-site highway improvements. Further guidance is provided in the Churnet Valley Masterplan SPD and Bolton's Copperworks Masterplan. Anzio Camp, Blackshaw Moor — uses which may be suitable are employment, extra care housing, tourist accommodation. Further guidance is provided in the Churnet Valley Masterplan SPD.
MM14	83	Key Diagram	Amend the Key Diagram to include the small village of Swinscoe:



Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM15	95	Policy SD5	Policy SD5 Flood Risk The Council will follow a sequential approach to the management of flood risk. New development will be guided to the areas with the lowest risk of current and future flooding where this is viable and compatible with other polices aimed at achieving a sustainable pattern of development. The development of sites within areas at greater risk of flooding will only be considered where they are deemed acceptable due to national or other policies or material considerations. All applicable development must be subject to a site-specific flood risk assessment which demonstrates that the development has been designed to be flood resilient and resistant and safe for its users for the lifetime of the development; in accordance with NPPF Policy. In addition, schemes in flood risk areas should demonstrate how the sequential approach has been used to locate the most vulnerable parts of the development in the areas of lowest flood risk. Where development sites are located in flood risk areas and/or affected by the presence of watercourses, the Council expects developers to undertake early discussions with the Environment Agency and the Lead Local Flood Authority. Where a watercourse is present on a development site, applicants will be expected to take
			opportunities to undertake river restoration and enhance natural river corridors where appropriate, in line with the Water Framework Directive, and to make space for water. The culverting of any watercourse will not normally be permitted and development should, wherever possible, open up any culverted watercourses to increase flood water storage and create a green corridor. More generally the Council will support the identification and implementation of natural flood management measures that will contribute towards delivering a reduction in local and catchment-wide flood risk and impacts of climate change and other multiple benefits. All applicable developments should incorporate sustainable drainage measures (SuDS) to reduce the risk of flooding from surface water runoff and contribute to on-site flood alleviation, as well as contributing to wider Council objectives such as its emerging Green infrastructure Network; to enhancing biodiversity and recreation opportunities; landscape character etc. Developers should undertake early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Risk Authority LLFA to ensure that SuDs can be fully integrated into the final development layout.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Where appropriate suitable measures to deal with surface water arising from development proposals will be required to minimise the impact to and from new development. In such cases the Council will expect applicants to demonstrate how their proposals manage surface water run-off sustainably and, where with discharge to public sewer is proposed only being considered as a last resort, where, clear evidence needs to must be demonstrated why alternative options are not available. On greenfield sites developers should aim to not increase surface water runoff rates. On brownfield sites developers should aim to reduce surface water runoff to the greenfield rate wherever practical. Approved development proposals will be expected to be supplemented by appropriate maintenance and management regimes for surface water drainage. On larger sites involving phased development and/or involving multiple landowners the Council will where appropriate encourage applicants to engage in early discussion with utility providers and LLFA for the achievement of coordinated, holistic drainage strategies across the whole site over time. When considering planning applications, the Council will have regard to all relevant Catchment Flood Management Plans affecting the District. In all cases the Council will work with developers, stakeholders and landowners to encourage and promote implementation of natural flood risk management measures which will contribute towards flood risk reduction as well as achieve wider environmental benefits.
MM16	98	Policy E1	Policy E1 New Employment Development
			New employment development will be assessed according to the extent to which it supports and improves the local economy in terms of providing for the needs and skills of the existing and future local resident workforce and meeting identified business needs, having regard to the Spatial Strategy Policies in SS2, SS3, and SS10 area strategy policies, and general employment land requirements set out in Policy SS4. In general the Council will endeavour to support the expansion of existing

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			businesses and new businesses in the District, subject to the provisions below.
			 In addition: All proposals should help maintain or enhance an appropriate range of employment premises
			 and sites across the District in terms of their scale, location and type. Within or on the edge of the town centres and on existing employment sites where redevelopment for other uses is proposed, mixed use schemes will be promoted. Mixed use schemes should accommodate employment generating uses of a scale and nature appropriate to their location.
			• New business developments (use class B1a) should be located in existing or proposed employment areas or in or on the edge of town centres. Preference will be given to town centre locations for office developments, unless ancillary to another use or specifically allocated. In other locations the Council will expect a sequential demonstration that there were no centre or edge of centre sites available first. Office (Class B1a) developments of 200m2 gross or more must provide an impact assessment regarding the impact of the proposal on town centre vitality and viability. This will not apply to appropriate expansions of existing authorised B1 sites or for small scale developments.
			 Other types of employment uses (including B use class developments (B1b, B1c, B2 and B8), commercial sui generis uses etc) should be located in existing or proposed employment areas. Such development outside of existing or proposed employment areas but within the settlement boundary may also be acceptable when it would not create undue harm to the character, appearance or amenity of the area. In exceptional circumstances, New-build developments not on existing or proposed employment sites and outside of the settlement boundary may be supported where a rural location can be justified.
			 Business development falling within other use classes (such as sui generis) will generally be viewed favourably.
			 The sustainable redevelopment, intensification or improvement of existing employment sites for new business and industrial developments will be supported provided it would not have an unacceptable impact on the amenities, character or appearance of the area.
			 Schemes involving the re-use of rural buildings for commercial enterprise, including tourism uses, will be considered favourably where the location is sustainable and the proposed use

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)	
			does not harm the building's character and/or the character of its surroundings. To support the growth of the economy, the Council will: Support proposals that help to deliver priorities of the Local Enterprise Partnership; Encourage flexible working practices via home-working where there is no adverse impact on residential amenities, and allowing the development of live-work units on residential and mixed use sites Encourage provision for small-scale and start-up businesses To ensure that the District's workforce is suitably skilled, the Council will, where appropriate, seek to enter into agreements with developers and employers to contribute towards training programmes and employment support and employment access schemes.	
and supporting performance of different sectors of update concluded that 13 to 27ha Staffordshire Moorlands for the period 27ha 32ha is recommended being requirement of 320 homes per year.		and supporting	Para 8.34 The Employment Land Requirement Study was completed in July 2014 and updated in February 2017. The study reviewed a range of economic factors, projections relating to the performance of different sectors of the local economy and the working age population. The 2017 update concluded that 13 to 27ha 14 to 32ha of additional employment land was required for Staffordshire Moorlands for the period 2014 2016 to 2033 2031. An employment land requirement of 27ha 32ha is recommended being at the top end of this range, to dovetail with a housing requirement of 320 homes per year (relating to the level required to support projected increase in jobs).	
		Para 8.35	This 27ha 32ha is then broken down into the three towns and rural areas, according to the proportions set out in Strategic Policies SS3 and SS4. The Council therefore makes the following allocations for B Class employment use.—Note that Whilst the ELRS update 2017 tentatively recommends a 'split' of this figure (50% for B1a/B1b office, 50% for B1c/B2 industrial/B8 storage and distribution); the Policy does not specify sub-uses so as to maximise the freedom of subsequent occupants. However Policy SS4 carries forward the ELRS update expectations about splits between B-uses. The Council will need to monitor the uptake of the respective sub-uses to assess how	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted te	xt has strikethrough , new text is <u>underlined</u>)	
			effectively employment land is being delivered across the District. Land requirements are expresse as a minimum.		sed
	101	Para 8.36	Note that As in May 2016 the Council granted outline approval for a major residential and industrial scheme in the countryside at Cresswell with the industrial element covering approx 8.58ha (satisfying the District's residual employment land requirement 2016 2014-2033 2031) there is only one employment allocation within the rural areas. This is site WA004 which, although amounting to around 1.66ha in total, includes an existing 0.44ha industrial estate to which any development schemes across the wider site would have to demonstrate (at least) the protection or re-provision of this area, under Policy E3. Note that As in the Core Strategy, due to the regional scale of the 48.5ha allocation of land at Blythe Vale (Policy DSR1) for mixed uses, employment development will be considered independently of the general employment land requirements for the District set out in Policy E2.		
			Policy E2 Employment Allocations		
	101		The following sites as identified on the Policies Map will be are allocated for employment development (B1b, B1c,B2,B8 uses), and in some cases mixed uses. The Council will work with developers and the local community to bring forward sustainable developments in accordance with the other policies in the Local Plan. Proposals for town centres uses, including B1a (office) will be required to comply with the sequential site and impact tests specified in Policy E1. Leek (including Leekbrook)		
			Location	Site Area (ha)	
			Land at Newton House, Leek (Policy DSL 3)(mixed employment/housing)	1.50	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)		
NO.					
			Cornhill East, Leek (Policy DSL 4)(mixed employment/housing)	0.83	
			Land east of Brooklands Way, Leekbrook (Policy DSR 2)	4.01	
			ADD009 (Land west of Basford Lane, Leekbrook) (Policy DSR 3)	0.80	
			Table 8.1		
			Biddulph		
			Location	Site Area (ha)	
			Land off Tunstall Road (opposite		
			Victoria Business Park), Biddulph (Mixed employment / housing) (Policy DSB3)	1 4 00	
			Table 8.2		
			Cheadle		
			Location	Site Area (ha)	
			Cheadle EM1 Land off New Hader Road Cheadle (Policy DSC 4)	1 4.27	
			Table 8.3		

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)	
			Rural	
			Location	Site Area (ha)
			Land at Waterhouses Enterprise Centre, Leek Road (WA004)(mixed employment/housing) Table 8.4	0.44
MM18	103	Policy E3	Policy E3	
			 provide, or are physically and quality modern accommodation residents; and are capable of meeting a range will be safeguarded for such purposes. ReDevelopment of such areas that will A) the site is identified in the Local Pla B) it can be demonstrated that the site use having regard to the above criter 	cations that: ad and public transport network; and d viably capable of providing through redevelopment, good a attractive to the market without harm to the amenity of nearby e of employment uses to support the local economy;

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)	
			C)substantial planning benefits would be achieved through redevelopment to non-employment uses which would outweigh the loss of the site for employment use (including for example funding to support off-site employment provision); or and	
D) Where non-employment redevelopment is proposed in the event that will be given to a mixed use redevelopment scheme which retains as more on the site as possible (to be demonstrated by evidence). The Coun redevelopment proposals (required to support improvements to existing supporting infrastructure) on their individual merits. In such cases, a vesubmitted to demonstrate that a change of use or redevelopment of the improvements; and in all cases the Council will seek to retain as much		D) Where non-employment redevelopment is proposed in the event that B) or C) applies preference will be given to a mixed use redevelopment scheme which retains as much employment floorspace on the site as possible (to be demonstrated by evidence). The Council will consider "enabling" redevelopment proposals (required to support improvements to existing employment premises or supporting infrastructure) on their individual merits. In such cases, a viability appraisal should be submitted to demonstrate that a change of use or redevelopment of the site is required to fund the improvements; and in all cases the Council will seek to retain as much employment floorspace on the site as possible. Where this would not be viable the Council will negotiate for funding to support off-site employment provision.		
		New tourism and cultural development which promotes compliments the distinctive character and quality of the District will be supported having regard to the Area Strategies in Policies SS5 to SS10 and and Churnet Valley Strategy Policy SS11.		
			1. New tourist, visitor and cultural accommodation, attractions and facilities should be developed in locations that offer, or are capable of offering either:	
			A) good connectivity with other tourist destinations and amenities, particularly by public transport, walking and cycling; or	
			B) in locations in or close to settlements where local services, facilities and public transport are	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			available; or
			C) in areas specifically identified for tourism development in the Churnet Valley Masterplan or other relevant documents.
			2. In exceptional circumstances, Developments in other locations may be supported where a rural location can be justified.
			2. New accommodation, attractions and facilities should: A) support the provision and expansion of tourist, visitor and cultural facilities in the rural areas where needs are not met by existing facilities; and
			B) all development shall be of an appropriate quality, scale and character compatible with the local area, protect the residential amenity of the area, enhance the heritage, landscape and biodiversity of the area and shall not harm interests of acknowledged importance.
MM20	108	Policy H1 and supporting text	8.46 Policy H1 This policy seeks to ensure that an appropriate range and type of housing is provided which meets identified needs arising from changes in population structure, including special needs for the elderly of an ageing population, and promotes higher quality, more sustainable housing design and layout. It is proposed to address this through a range of measures and requirements. In tackling these issues the proposed policy approach will be contributing towards the delivery of not only local priorities but also national housing agendas.
			8.47 This policy is primarily to also ensures that an appropriate range and mix of housing, including affordable housing – is provided to meet the needs of the existing and future population. It reflects government guidance to create sustainable, inclusive and mixed communities and to make efficient use of land. Collaborative working between Local Planning Authorities, local communities, stakeholders, developers and house builders is also a key principle underlying the NPPF.
			8.48 The range, type and mix of affordable accommodation required on development sites will be determined by a combination of the results of housing needs studies, <u>strategic</u> housing market assessment, information from the waiting lists, <u>neighbourhood plan evidence relating to housing</u> ,

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			consideration of existing housing stock, local housing market information as well as any other available information including the constraints of sites.
			8.49 Housing for special groups will also be needed to meet the future increase in elderly persons across the District and the needs of those with a learning or physical disability – this may be in the form of sheltered housing, extra care homes or flexicare or supported housing.
designed to provide flexible, accessible accommodation that is capable of future at the differing and changing needs of households as they experience life events. developments should aim to meet the needs of an ageing population by adhering technical housing standard for access and the new nationally described space starthe optional space and accessibility standards referred to in footnote 46 of the 201 Council is to allow for consideration of the scope and merit of introducing the option the extent to which they are applied as a percentage of the number of compliant site basis. For example, the Council may look to achieve the optional space standards on all dwellings for a development specifically designed for older people conversion of a historic building to residential use may not be practical for the optional space.		8.50 In order to address the changes in population structure, new homes should where possible be designed to provide flexible, accessible accommodation that is capable of future adaptation to meet the differing and changing needs of households as they experience life events. Accordingly, new developments should aim to meet the needs of an ageing population by adhering to the optional technical housing standard for access and the new nationally described space standard and applying the optional space and accessibility standards referred to in footnote 46 of the 2019 Framework. The Council is to allow for consideration of the scope and merit of introducing the optional standards and the extent to which they are applied as a percentage of the number of compliant units on a site-by-site basis. For example, the Council may look to achieve the optional space and accessibility standards on all dwellings for a development specifically designed for older people. Conversely, the conversion of a historic building to residential use may not be practical for the optional standards to be applied at all. For some applications financial viability may also be an issue.	
			8.51 The Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015 (as amended by the Housing and Planning Act 2016) places a duty on District Planning Authorities to maintain a register of those wishing to acquire a serviced plot of land for self-build or custom-build projects and have regard to the register when carrying out their planning functions. There has been a low level of interest to date however the Council will keep this under review and where a demand exists, qualifying sites will be required to make a contribution. The Council's Annual Monitoring Report will monitor information from the Self-build Register to assess the demand for this type of accommodation in the district.
			8.52 Details of the Council's requirements for sustainable design and construction are set out in Policy SD1 and the accompanying supporting text.
			8.53 It is essential that all applications for planning permission for new dwellings in the countryside

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			are scrutinised thoroughly to avoid new isolated homes in the countryside unless there are special circumstances in accordance with Government guidance. In the case of occupational dwellings the proposal will be required to meet functional and financial tests to demonstrate the essential need for a rural worker to live permanently at or near their place of work in the countryside. It also allows for the re-use of redundant or disused buildings where it is worthy of conversion and lead to enhancement of the immediate setting.
			Policy H1 New Housing Development
			1) New housing development should provide for a mix of housing sizes, types and tenure including a proportion of affordable housing as set out in Policy H3, and where appropriate housing for special groups, to meet the needs and aspirations of the current and future population having regard to the Area Strategies.
			2) In line with Government legislation the Council will maintain and update a register of those interested in acquiring self-build / custom-build housing plots across the District. Where a demand exists, residential developments of 10 dwellings (or 0.5ha) 15 dwellings (0.5 hectares) or more will make an appropriate contribution towards this need in agreement with the Council. This will be negotiated on a case by case basis.
			3) All development will be assessed according to the extent to which it provides for high quality, sustainable housing and to which it meets identified housing needs, having regard to the location of the development, the characteristics of the site and the economics of provision.
			In addition: The Council will closely monitor the delivery of residential windfall sites and affordable housing to ensure that it is meeting expected levels.
			a) Housing for special groups, particularly for older people and others as identified in the SHMA or successor document should be of a scale and in a location which is appropriate to its needs.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			b) Housing proposals of 10 dwellings (or 0.5 ha) or more will be required to provide a mix of housing in terms of size, type and tenure on the site unless viability or other circumstances exist. The final mix will be negotiated with the developer based on housing needs as informed by the SHMA or successor document Strategic Housing Market Assessment and other relevant factors such as available supply and market demand.
			c) All housing development should be at the most appropriate density compatible with the site and its location, and with the character of the surrounding area. Higher densities will generally be appropriate in locations which are more accessible by public transport. It is assumed that higher densities will be appropriate in locations which are accessible by public transport.
			d) <u>Housing developments of 10 All new dwellings (or 0.5ha)</u> or more should aim to provide flexible accommodation which is capable of future adaptation by seeking to achieve adequate internal space for the intended number of occupants in accordance with the Nationally Described Space standard and delivered to meet accessibility standards set out in the Optional Requirement M4(2) of Part M of the Building Regulations. This will be determined on a site-by-site basis subject to considerations such as viability and design.
			4) Housing development on sites not allocated for such purposes in Policy H2 will be supported as follows:
			a) Within the development boundaries of the towns and larger villages, residential development and development on unidentified (windfall) sites will be permitted, subject to compliance with the Spatial Strategy and wider Local Plan policies.
			b) Outside of the development boundaries, limited infill residential development of an appropriate scale and character for the Spatial Strategy will be supported, provided that:
			The development will adjoin the boundary of a larger village and be well related to the

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)	
NO.			existing pattern of development and surrounding land uses, or; • The development is well related to the existing pattern of development of a smaller village and will not create or extend ribbon development or lead to sporadic pattern of development; and c) In all cases the development will not lead to a prominent intrusion into the countryside or have a significant adverse impact on the character and appearance of the countryside. an adverse impact of significance to the character of the countryside, only the following forms of housing development will be permitted; a) Affordable housing which cannot be met elsewhere, in accordance with Policy H3. b) A new dwelling that meets an essential local need, such as accommodation for an agricultural, forestry or other rural enterprise worker, where the need for such accommodation has been satisfactorily demonstrated and that need cannot be met elsewhere. c) Proposals for replacement dwellings, provided they do not have a significantly greater detrimental impact on the existing character of the rural area than the original dwelling or result in the loss of a building which is intrinsic to the character of the area. d) The conversion of rural buildings for residential use where the building is suitable and worthy in physical, architectural and character terms for conversion; or and where such development would represent the optimal viable use of a heritage asset or would be appropriate enabling development to secure the future of heritage assets.	
			e) Proposals to redevelop previously developed land provided it is not of high environmental value.	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)		
			f) The subdivision of an existing residential dwe	elling provided it is not in an isolated location.	
			6) When development is located in the Green E	Belt, national Green Belt Policy will apply.	
MM21	111	Policy H2		ng or mixed use development. The Council will work ring forward sustainable developments in accordance	
			Location	No of dwellings	
			Land east of Horsecroft Farm, Leek (ADD01) Policy DSL 1	15	
			Land at the Mount, Leek (LE066, LE128a&b, LE140, LE142a, LE142b) Policy DSL 2	345	
			Land adjacent to Newton House, Cheddleton Rd, Leek (LE150) Policy DSL 3	179	
			Land at Cornhill, Leek (LE235)	50	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has stri	kethrough, new text is <u>underlined</u>)
			Policy DSL 4	
			Land west of Ashbourne Road, Leek (LE022)	0 (16)
			Land north of Macclesfield Road, Leek (LE102)	25
			Biddulph	
			Location	No of dwellings
			Wharf Road Strategic Development Area (BD055, BD071, BD071a, BD106, BD156, BD076, BD076a, BD108, BD016, BD104, BDNEW) Policy DSB 1	588 <u>442</u>
			The Mills – Yarn and Minster Mills, Stringer Street, Biddulph (BD101 & BD102)	57
			Policy DSB 2	
			Tunstall Road Strategic Development Area (opposite Victoria Business Park) Biddulph (BD117)	8 5 - <u>105</u>

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has stri	kethrough , new text is <u>underlined</u>)	
			Policy DSB 3		
			Cheadle		
			Location	No of dwellings	
			Cheadle North Strategic Development Area (CH001 & CH132)	320	
			Policy DSC 1		
			Cecilly Brook Strategic Development Area (CH002a, CH002b, CH024)	106	
			Policy DSC 2		
			Land to the rear of Froghall Road, Cheadle (CH004)	45	
			Land to the rear of the Birches (CH013)	51	
			Stoddards Depot, Leek Road (CH015)	32	
			Land north of the Green, Cheadle (CH020) Mobberley Strategic Development Area	42 430	
			(CH085a, CH085b, CH085c, CH085d, CH128)	430	
			Policy DSC 3		
			Rural		
			Location	No of dwellings	
			Land at Capri, Gallows Green, Alton (AL012)	0 (13)	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has stri	kethrough, new text is <u>underlined</u>)
			*Blythe Vale, Blythe Bridge Policy DSR 1	182 (300)
			Land at corner of Brookfield Avenue / Stoney Lane, Endon (EN128)	22
			Haulage Depot, St Thomas's Road, Upper Tean (UT019)	15
			Land at Waterhouses Enterprise Centre, Leek Road (WA004)	36
			Land off Ash Bank Road, Werrington (WE003 & WE052)	75
			Policy DSR 4	
			upon the publication of the main modifications double counting in Table 7.3 'Net housing commitments and provides the net housing replanning consent for housing development of publication of the main modifications to the Legincluded in the number of dwellings column. In the event that these permissions lapse, in provided in brackets and in the corresponding Section 1.	
MM22	114	Policy H3 and supporting text	prices and rents. It is now extremely difficult fo on middle incomes to afford a home of their of more affordable housing is provided, there is particularly the young, will be forced to leave	or, housing in Staffordshire Moorlands has led to high r local people on low incomes and increasingly those own. This is particularly so in the rural areas. Unless a danger that those on lower and middle incomes, the district in increasing numbers. As a result, our it's age and social structure will become even more

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
affordable housing in the District which exceeds the District's average annual description of affordable housing through a range of measures. The SHMA findings would suggest a 100% after target, however this is considered unrealistic as it would not allow a sustainable housing that the sites and scale of development should resuch a scale of obligations and policy burdens, including affordable housing, that the developed is threatened. The Local Plan and Site Allocations Viability Study tested on-site affordable housing provision at 10%, 20% and the target 33% to provide an likely viability of affordable housing provision in differing value areas across the Disvalue areas are located in Zone 1 and the highest value areas located in Zone 4 as However, the actual level of provision may vary due to individual site circumstances.		8.56 The Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA) demonstrates a significant need for affordable housing in the District which exceeds the District's average annual development rate requirements. This policy therefore seeks to support the provision of affordable housing across the District through a range of measures. The SHMA findings would suggest a 100% affordable housing target, however this is considered unrealistic as it would not allow a sustainable housing market to be maintained. The NPPF requires that the sites and scale of development should not be subject to such a scale of obligations and policy burdens, including affordable housing, that their ability to be developed is threatened. The Local Plan and Site Allocations Viability Study tested different levels of on-site affordable housing provision at 10%, 20% and the target 33% to provide an indication of the likely viability of affordable housing provision in differing value areas across the District. The lowest value areas are located in Zone 1 and the highest value areas located in Zone 4 as identified below. However, the actual level of provision may vary due to individual site circumstances such as ground conditions and other required developer contributions.	
			Zone 1 - Blythe Bridge and Forsbrook; Zone 2 - Biddulph, Biddulph Moor, Brown Edge and Upper Tean; Zone 3 - Cheadle, Leek, Cheddleton, Werrington and Cellarhead, Ipstones and Kingsley; and Zone 4 - Endon, Alton, Waterhouses and Wetley Rocks. 8.57 The threshold and minimum target for affordable housing provision are intended to ensure that adequate provision is made both in urban and smaller rural settlements to help address this need and ensure that a sustainable and deliverable housing market is maintained which will deliver the range of housing needed to help meet market demand as well affordable housing needs. All development involving the provision of housing which meet the thresholds will be required to make provision for affordable housing. 8.58 The majority of any affordable housing that is likely to be provided will mostly be on allocated

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			sites in or on the edges of the main market towns. Affordable housing provision will also be contributed to by windfall schemes, net gains from conversions, new provision of non selfcontained household spaces, and long term vacant properties brought back into use.
			8.59 In the rural areas it is anticipated that the bulk of the provision of affordable houses will be in the larger villages, either on allocated sites or on windfall sites. Because of the smaller scale of development in the rural areas a lower threshold is considered justifiable unless there are exceptional circumstances why this would not be possible, such as enabling development. The approach established at Paragraph 7.30 of housing completions within the Peak District National Park and within the District counting towards Local Plan housing figures also relates to affordable housing. Applications for affordable housing may arise within the relevant parts of the National Park in the type of locations that would not normally be supported by Local Plan policy. However, for the avoidance of doubt, applications for affordable housing within the Peak District National Park will be determined in accordance with the Development Plan for the National Park including any relevant Neighbourhood Plans. These plans may identify opportunities for affordable housing provision that would contribute towards the needs of the District. 8.60 The policy sets out the expected affordable housing split between starter homes, intermediate housing and social / affordable rent.
			Policy H3 - Affordable Housing 1) Residential developments of 10 dwellings (or 0.5ha) or more shall provide 33% affordable housing. Where justified, the Council will consider a lower level of provision taking into account the Local Plan and Site Allocations Viability Study, other up-to-date viability evidence and other contributions. Affordable housing should normally be provided on-site. Provision through a commuted sum payment in lieu will only be considered where it will be of broadly equivalent value to on-site provision and it can be robustly justified in delivering affordable homes through mixed and balanced communities.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			1)The provision of affordable housing will be delivered through the following measures:
			 a) In the towns, residential developments of 15 dwellings (0.5 hectares) or more shall provide a target of 33% affordable housing on-site from all sources. The actual level of provision will be determined through negotiation taking into account development viability and other contributions b) Elsewhere, residential developments of 5 dwellings (0.16 hectares) or more shall provide a target of 33% affordable housing on-site from all sources, unless there are exceptional circumstances which dictate otherwise. Exceptionally this may be provided through a
			commuted sum payment in lieu. The actual level of provision will be determined through negotiation taking into account development viability and other contributions. 2) Unless circumstances dictate otherwise and in agreement with the Council, 60% of all affordable dwellings provided on each site will be social / affordable rented housing with the remaining 40% being intermediate. / starter homes.
			3) a) In or on the edge of villages, residential schemes that are of an appropriate scale for the spatial strategy small schemes for 100% affordable housing will be permitted on suitable rural exceptions sites which are well related to services and facilities and where a demonstrable need exists within the local area which cannot otherwise be met by means of provision in the plan. Small numbers of market homes may be allowed at the Council's discretion where it would facilitate the provision of significant additional affordable housing to meet the needs of the local community.
			 4) Affordable housing should be designed as an integral part of developments and be 'tenure blind' in relation to other properties within the site. 5) b) In areas of low demand or where the stock does not meet and is not capable of meeting local housing market needs consideration will be given, in consultation with local communities, to options for renovation/improvement or redevelopment schemes to create more sustainable and balanced

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			housing.
MM23	115	Policy H4 and supporting text	8.63 The need for sites for gypsies and travellers within Staffordshire Moorlands has been identified through a recent 2015 joint-Authority Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Needs Assessment (GTAA). This Assessment identifies a requirement for 6x residential and zero transit pitches for the District over the period 2014 – 2019 (with an additional 2x residential pitches up to 2034, taking account of household formation). This Assessment also covers the separate provision for travelling showpeople (although this GTAA did not identify any additional plot requirements for travelling showpeople across the Staffordshire Moorlands). In February 2018 the Council granted full permission for the stationing of three caravans off Uttoxeter Road, Checkley, leaving a residual requirement of 3x permanent pitches to 2019. The Council has sought to address this residual requirement in a number of ways. This has included 'call for sites' exercises with the public; and investigating whether public sector bodies (including SMDC and Staffordshire County Council) held suitable and available sites either within or adjacent to the District. As part of its Duty to Cooperate under the Localism Act the Council has investigated with neighbouring authorities (party to the Joint Gypsy and Traveller Needs Assessment) the scope for provision of some/all of SMDC's residual requirement within neighbouring authorities. None of these actions elicited any suitable, available sites. New para 8.64: Proposals for the development of sites required to meet this need will be assessed against the parameters in this policy, taking into account other relevant criteria set out in the Local Plan. The Council will monitor the availability of gypsy and traveller and travelling showperson's accommodation and manage the provision of additional pitches/plots within Staffordshire Moorlands against the need identified for the District and, as set out in the guidance in paragraphs 24 and 27 of the 'Planning Policy for Traveller Sites', will take into account the e

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
	116		the Housing and Planning Act 2016 has clarified that Local Authorities must periodically assess the need for people residing on "sites on which caravans can be stationed"; however the requirement to produce formal "GTAAs" has been removed. The Government also clarified changes to the definition of traveller and travelling showperson, such that those who have ceased to travel permanently, may now be excluded from assessment. However national policy in paragraph 61 of the NPPF 2018 clarifies that such 'non-travellers' would still need to have their housing needs assessed and reflected in housing policies in the normal way. Policy H4 Gypsy and Traveller Sites and Sites for Travelling Showpeople The Council's joint GTAA identified a requirement for 6x residential and zero transit pitches for the District over the period 2014 – 2019. Given subsequent commitments the residual requirement is now 3x residential pitches. A requirement for a further 2x residential pitches was also identified for the period 2019 -2034 taking account of household formation. The Council will seek to meet these residual requirements by applying the following considerations will criteria be taken into account in the determination of applications for gypsy and traveller sites or sites for travelling showpeople: Safe and convenient vehicular and pedestrian access to the site should be provided; The site must be large enough to provide for adequate on-site facilities for parking, storage, play and residential amenity;
			facilities on foot, by cycle or public transport; The site should not be detrimental to amenities of adjacent occupiers;
			Adequate levels of privacy and residential amenity for occupiers should be provided <u>and sites</u>

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 should be 'soft' landscaped to positively enhance the environment and increase the site's openness rather than 'hard' landscaped; Sites or features of natural value should not be significantly harmed by the proposal; development causing harm to heritage assets will need to be justified against NPPF Policy. There will be a presumption against the development of gypsy and traveller or travelling showperson's accommodation in the Green Belt Development of gypsy and traveller or travelling showpeople accommodation in the Green Belt will not be allowed unless there are very special circumstances.
MM24	118	Policy TCR1	Amend policy wording as follows: Policy TCR 1 Development in the Town Centres The vitality and viability of the town centres of Leek, Biddulph and Cheadle (defined on the Policies Maps) will be protected and enhanced by positive management as follows: 1. Focusing and promoting retailing as well as other key town centre uses such as offices, leisure and cultural facilities within the town centres. where they contribute to vitality and viability 2. Supporting positive measures and proposals which enhance and regenerate the shopping and town centre environment and promote their tourism potential. 3. Enhancing local distinctiveness by supporting proposals which help retain, attract or expand the provision of independent retailers in the town centres including niche markets. 4. Ensuring new development is well related to pedestrian shopping routes. 5. Ensuring there are adequate parking facilities in suitable locations in and around the town centres and good access to the town centres is strengthened for those using public transport,

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 cycling or walking. 6. Setting out design principles to improve and enhance the distinctive heritage of the town centres including high quality public spaces as well as minimising the risk of crime and considering the needs of disabled people. 7. Promoting housing on upper floors within the primary shopping areas and elsewhere in the town centres where this does not jeopardise their vitality and viability.
MM25	121	Policy TCR3	Amend policy wording as follows: Policy TCR 3 Retailing and other Town Centre uses outside Town Centres
			In determining proposals for retail and other town centre uses of 200m ² or more (net sales for A1) on sites <u>outside town centres and not in accordance with an up-to-date Local Plan not allocated in the Local Plan</u> a Sequential Assessment will be required. Preference will be given to town centre and then edge of centre sites. Where there are no sequentially preferable sites available, sites outside Leek, Biddulph and Cheadle in highly accessible locations that are well connected to the town centre will be considered.
			An Impact Assessment will be required on proposals for town centre uses of 200m ² or more (net sales for A1) located outside of the town centres and not in accordance with the Local Plan. Developer contributions may be sought to mitigate identified impacts on defined centres where appropriate. Proposals with a significant adverse impact will be refused.
MM26	124	Policy DC1 and supporting text	8.74 Good design is a key element of sustainable development, so the Council will promote a high standard of design which is locally distinctive and reinforces the unique character of its individual settlements. A high quality, well designed, development can enhance the sense of place and identity of an area and can bring significant benefits to the local environment and economy. In this way, new development can have a positive impact on the lives of local people and visitors to the District. To this end, the Council operates a 'Design Review Panel' where larger planning applications and other

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			development proposals are considered by a design team and recommendations made to inform the decision on the application or masterplan etc. The 'Building for Life' toolkit is also a useful resource.
			8.75 All developers and applicants will be required to provide a Design and Access Statement to accompany suitable planning applications (refer to http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2015/595/article/9/made) which addresses, as appropriate, the issues set out in Policy DC1 and the Design Guide SPD.
			8.76 Assessment of potential impacts from new developments at the earliest possible stage of the design process will assist in identifying problems to be overcome. Detailed guidance on issues of security and public safety in the public realm can be found in 'Secured by Design' (www.securedbydesign.com) produced by the police. A further useful reference point is the 'Streets for All Manual: West Midlands' produced by the Department of Transport and Historic England. This contains guidance on the retention and conservation of historic street furniture, rationalisation of existing signage, minimisation of street markings, use of appropriate surfacing and associated highway improvements. The principles of active design set out by Sport England promote opportunities for sport and physical activity in the design and layout of development.
			8.77 Sport England have produced new 'Active Design' (2015) guidelines to promote the role of sport and physical activity in creating healthy and sustainable communities. This document sets out the ten principles of active design and how these can be incorporated into new development.
			8.78 New developments which are located adjacent to existing sports facilities or playing fields should consider the location of housing and gardens within the scheme and/or the erection of ball netting/fencing. For example, new housing developments located next to sports pitches can raise the issue of ball strike including damage to property and vehicles and potential danger to residents. New housing built close to artificial turf pitches can cause issues about the use of floodlights and noise generated. If mitigation is required it should be the duty of the developer to provide and fund

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			measures to ensure there is no indirect negative impact.
			8.79 In line with the Council's Sustainability Appraisal, the policy includes a requirement for developments to be well integrated for car, pedestrian and cycle use as well as other sustainable transport links. It also includes a requirement for the creation of healthy environments (to address potential impacts of air pollution).
			8.80 The 'green infrastructure' can be defined as a network of multi-functional open spaces, including formal parks, gardens, woodlands, green corridors, waterways, street trees and open countryside. It performs a valuable role in the District's towns and villages. The Council has produced a A Green Infrastructure Strategy is currently being produced to consider how the green spaces relate to one another in the District and where there may be opportunities to extend them. Where possible, opportunities will be sought to undertake river restoration and enhance natural river corridors as part of a new development in line with the Water Framework Directive.
			8.81 Residents of new housing sites and occupiers of new business premises generally expect to be able to access high speed broadband. The Broadband Delivery UK programme does not cover new development sites. New sites should be planned so that these vital services are designed into the development from the outset, and should not require a public subsidy to make them commercially viable. Access to high speed broadband should enhance the sale-ability of both residential units and businesses premises alike. The failure to supply such access to high speed broadband services could prove to be a real barrier to selling or letting the completed premises. If the developers engage with the network operators at the start of the planning process, they will generally be amenable to supplying access to the required infrastructure at little or no cost to the developer.
			Policy DC1
			Design Considerations

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Amend policy wording as follows:
			All development shall be well designed and reinforce local distinctiveness by positively contributing to and complementing the special character and heritage of the area in line with the Council's Design Guide SPD. In particular, new development should:
			 be of a high quality and add value to the local area, incorporating creativity, detailing and materials appropriate to the character of the area;
			 be designed to respect the site and its surroundings and promote a positive sense of place and identity through its scale, height, density, layout, siting, landscaping, character and appearance;
			 create, where appropriate, attractive, active, functional, accessible and safe public and private environments which incorporate public spaces, green infrastructure including making provision for networks of multi-functional new and existing green space (both public and private), landscaping, public art, 'designing out crime' initiatives and the principles of Active Design;
			 incorporate sustainable construction techniques and design concepts for buildings and their layouts to reduce the impact of the development;
			5. protect the amenity of the area, including creation of healthy active environments and residential amenity, in terms of satisfactory daylight, overbearing development visual impact, sunlight, outlook, privacy, soft landscaping as well as noise, odour and light pollution;
			6. promote the maintenance, enhancement, restoration and re-creation of biodiversity and geological heritage, where appropriate;
			 provide for safe and satisfactory access and make a contribution to meeting the parking requirement arising from necessary car use;
			8. require new developments to be well integrated for car, pedestrian and cycle use as well as other sustainable transport links;
			 ensure that existing drainage, waste water and sewerage infrastructure capacity is available, and where necessary enhanced, to enable the development to proceed;

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			10. ensure, where appropriate, equality of access and use for all sections of the community; 11. be served by high speed broadband (>30mbps) unless it can be demonstrated through consultation with Next Generation Access Network providers that this would not be possible, practical or economically viable. In all circumstances during construction of the site sufficient and suitable ducting should be provided within the site and to the property to facilitate ease of installation at a future date.
MM27	128	Policy DC2 and supporting text	8.82 The historic environment of Staffordshire Moorlands is a resource for which the District is renowned. It includes a range of buildings, gardens and structures many of which are statutorily protected. The historic environment also extends beyond individual assets to the historic character of the wider landscape. Historic farmsteads are a particular feature of the Staffordshire Moorlands countryside. This policy seeks to ensure that sites and areas of particular heritage value are both safeguarded for the future and, where possible, enhanced both for their own heritage merits and as part of wider heritage regeneration proposals. The policy requirements apply to all types of development.
			8.83 The NPPF uses the term 'heritage asset' which can be designated or non-designated. Examples of these are Scheduled Monuments, Listed Buildings, Historic Farmsteads, Conservation Areas, Registered Parks and Gardens, Registered Battlefields, and archaeological remains. There are just under 1,000 Listed Buildings and structures, 16 Conservation Areas (as at September 2017) and a number of Scheduled Monuments within the District outside the Peak District National Park. Conservation Areas and Listed Buildings are protected by national legislation and guidance. Additionally the Council has adopted an SPD 'Staffordshire Moorlands Local Heritage Register' which outlines procedures for identifying local buildings not statutorily protected but considered worthy of recognition (local listing). In addition, Government Guidance (NPPF) requires the Council to consider any impacts arising from a development proposal on non-designated heritage assets. 8.84 Ten of the designated Conservation Areas have adopted character appraisals and one is underway. These can be found on the District Council's website at

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			https://www.staffsmoorlands.gov.uk/article/1358/Character-appraisals. The appraisals assess the particular qualities and needs of each Conservation Area and will act as tools in defining the character of the areas and as an aid in considering development proposals. The character appraisals produced include recommendations for enhancing the Conservation Area, for example, introduction of Article 4 Directions.
			8.85 The built heritage of the plan area is rich and varied - containing a valuable resource of surviving high quality vernacular and industrial architecture. Whilst this resource has escaped the alterations and interventions typically found elsewhere, they often, today, suffer from under-use and dereliction. The plan area's rural hinterland was once prosperous, as is evident by the number and quality of the historic farmsteads. Unfortunately, these have fallen on harder times and many now are in need of repair and a diversification of uses. In response to this, therefore, the plan seeks to create a more sustainable local economy that can better support its built heritage. The Authority will continue to monitor its Listed Buildings at Risk and will be proactive in bringing about their repair and reuse. In relation to 'Buildings at Risk', the Council maintains a local register of all listed buildings which are considered to be at risk through vacancy, under-use, neglect or structural repair. Historic England also publish a national 'Heritage at Risk' register which contains Grade I and II* listed buildings or structures known to be 'at risk' through neglect and delay. Mill buildings and historic farmsteads are two types of heritage asset which contribute to the character of the Staffordshire Moorlands and clearly the Council would wish to see viable uses for such properties to secure their future.
			Add new sentence to end of paragraph:
			The Council has been working pro-actively with the owners of Big Mill in Leek in order to encourage re-development of the mill which would ensure that it does not remain a building at risk.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			(New paragraph after 8.85) Work is being undertaken by the Council to monitor and reduce the number of buildings at risk (BAR) in the District:
			 A recent BAR survey revealed that a number of listed funerary monuments are at risk (21 of these structures - 11 Listed Building entries). The Moorlands Partnership Board (funded by SMDC) has allocated £10,000 towards the repair of these and removal from the local BAR register.
			In 2013, the Council took part in the pilot scheme funded by (what was then) English Heritage looking at innovative ways of recording heritage at risk using non-professional volunteers. The local project, known as 'Counting our Heritage' was undertaken jointly with High Peak Borough Council and proved to be a success. Both Councils are looking at how this approach can be repeated using volunteers coupled with hand-held technology to simplify how the emerging data is processed.
			8.86 A Register of Parks and Gardens of Special Historic Interest is maintained by Historic England. Although there are no specific additional statutory controls resulting from inclusion on the Register, Government guidance (NPPF) indicates that local authorities must have regard to the protection of these sites in preparing plans and determining planning applications. Staffordshire County Council has undertaken a countywide Historic Landscape Characterisation Project which was taken into account when producing the District Council's Landscape & Settlement Setting Study (refer to Policy DC3).
			8.87 The Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study (2016) assesses the heritage impacts of sites that have been identified for development in the Local Plan in line with NPPF methodology, identifying sites where appropriate masterplanning would be necessary. This has been incorporated into the relevant development site policy.
			8.88 This policy does not seek to repeat NPPF wording which clearly sets out how to assess a development proposal which would lead to 'substantial harm' or 'less than substantial harm' to a

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			heritage asset. It is intended that developers refer to NPPF wording to assess proposals affecting the historic environment.
			8.89 In addition, proposals for sites and areas of heritage importance, including sites identified under local listing and non-designated heritage assets, should adhere to the design guidance to the set out through the Design Guide SPD and any relevant Conservation Area Appraisals and management plans.
			8.90 The policy requires applicants to submit a heritage statement in order for the Authority to understand the potential impact of the proposed works on the significance of a heritage asset and its setting, and to justify that impact. The Council would expect to see an assessment of how the application/proposal will affect the significance of a heritage asset, including its setting and what mitigation/ enhancement measures may be needed to overcome any potential harm. This should refer to the Historic Environment Record (HER) in the first instance, and any other documents such as listing, conservation area appraisals, historic landscape characterizsation etc. This should be carried out by an appropriate qualified professional and may require detailed supporting documents such as historic phasing plans, photographic survey, structural survey, detailed analysis of views and setting or archeological field evaluation. To assess impact, detailed drawings will be required and photomontages can be particularly useful to demonstrate the impact of a new development on the asset and its setting. Further useful information such as Good Practice Advice Notes (GPA) 2 and 3 and Conservation Principles, as well as the variety of Historic Environment Advice Notes (HEAN's) (of which the Heritage Statement will be one) can be found on the Historic England website.
			Policy DC2
			The Historic Environment
			The Council will conserve and where possible enhance heritage assets, including their setting in a manner appropriate to their significance. This will take into account the desirability of

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 maintaining and enhancing their significance and will ensure that development proposals contribute positively to the character of the built and historic environment. 2. Protection will be given to designated heritage assets and their settings and non-designated heritage assets as set out in the NPPF. 3. All applications likely to affect heritage assets will require the submission of a heritage statement, including a qualitative visual assessment where appropriate. 4. Where development is likely to affect archaeology, both designated and undesignated, the Council requires the submission of a desk based assessment, and where appropriate, field surveys and trench evaluation by a qualified professional. 5. Where the loss of significance is unavoidable, recording should take place and this should be added to the Historic Environment Record as a minimum, held by Staffordshire County Council. 6. The Council will continue its proactive approach to buildings at risk and welcomes Delevelopment proposals which would result in the sympathetic reuse of these buildings at risk in line with NPPF policy will be welcomed by the Council. 7. The Council will promote development which sustains, respects or enhances buildings and features which contribute to the character or heritage of an area and those interests of acknowledged importance through the use of Conservation Area Appraisals, Design Guidance and Statements, Archaeological Assessments, Characterisation Studies and
MM28	129	Policy DC3 and supporting text	Masterplanning. 8.91 The Staffordshire Moorland's natural environment is one of the District's greatest assets. National guidance set out in the NPPF identifies the need for Council's to produce policies that maintain and enhance the value of the countryside. 8.92 The Council has developed robust landscape character evidence by undertaking a Landscape Character Assessment in order to identify character features in the District which should be used to inform planning decisions taking into account Staffordshire County Council's Historic Landscape Characterisation Study and earlier Planning for Landscape Change: Supplementary Planning

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Guidance to the Staffordshire and Stoke on Trent Structure Plan, 1996 – 2011 (2000). This identifies a range of 10 different landscape character types across the District.
			8.93 This Policy <u>DC3</u> provides protection for local landscape character which includes features, qualities and views that can make a valuable contribution to the landscape quality. This will be achieved through resisting development that would have a detrimental impact on landscape features, qualities and views.
			8.94 The setting of settlements is also considered important to the character of the Moorlands and the special qualities of its towns and villages. This policy seeks to ensure that new development respects and reinforces these qualities. The Landscape and Settlement Character Study is seen as a positive way of identifying and highlighting the importance of an area and its setting which will form a significant piece of evidence to support both the allocation of sites and the day-to-day control of development.
			8.95 The Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study (2016) assesses the landscape impacts of sites that have been identified for development in the Local Plan. The Assessment also identifies appropriate landscape mitigation measures for development on these sites which should be incorporated into development schemes where appropriate.
			Policy DC3
			Landscape and Settlement Setting
			Amend policy wording as follows:
			The Council will protect and, where possible, enhance local landscape and the setting of settlements in the Staffordshire Moorlands by:
			1. Resisting development which would lead to prominent intrusion into the countryside or have

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 an adverse impact of significance to the character of the countryside significant adverse impact on the character of the countryside or the setting of a settlement or important views into and out of the settlement as identified in the Landscape and Settlement Character evidence; 2. Supporting development which respects and enhances local landscape character and which reinforces and enhances the setting of the settlement as identified in the Landscape and Settlement Character evidence; 3. Supporting developments which maintains conserve or enhance the biodiversity qualities of any natural or man-made features within the landscape, such as trees, woodlands, hedgerows, walls, watercourses or ponds; 4. Supporting identification and implementation of natural flood management measures that will contribute towards delivering a reduction in local and catchment wide flood risk and impacts of climate change and other multiple benefits; (Re-number parts 5 and 6 of the policy to reflect this deletion.) 5. Supporting opportunities to positively manage the landscape and use sustainable building techniques and materials which are sympathetic to the landscape; 6. Recognising and conserving the special quality of the landscape in the Peak District National Park, and Ensuring that development does not adversely affect the wider setting of the Peak District National Park.
MM29	131	8.96	The Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study (2016) reviews the 'Visual Open Space' designation used in the old Local Plan and recommends that in order to be NPPF compliant, a new 'Local Green Space' (LGS) designation would be appropriate. The Local Green Space designation allows local communities to protect spaces that are important to them in Local Plan or Neighbourhood Plans provided that they meet the criteria set out in national guidance. The LGS Study specifically notes Brough Park as worthy of mention due to its special character and importance to the town of Leek. Each of the 'Visual Open Space' sites have been re-assessed using the criteria for Local Green Space set out in the NPPF. Following recommendations made by the Inspector at examination most of those assessed as being suitable for a 'Local Green Space'

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			designation are included as an allocation a designation in the Local Plan. Their location can be viewed on the policies maps and a full list can be found in Appendix 10.
	131	Policy DC4	Policy DC 4
		1 0110) 201	Local Green Space
			Amend policy wording as follows:
			The Council has identified and will protect from inappropriate development Local Green Space shown on the policies maps and listed in Appendix 10.
			Development that would harm the openness or special character of a Local Green Space or its significance and value to the local community will not be permitted unless there are very special circumstances which outweigh the harm to the Local Green Space.
			Development proposals within a Local Green Space will be assessed against national Green Belt policy.
MM30	132	Policy C1 and supporting text	8.98 Community facilities such as village halls, village shops and post offices, schools, colleges, nurseries, places of worship, health services, sports and physical activity facilities, convenience stores, libraries, public houses and cultural facilities such as theatres and arts centres play an important role in community life in the Staffordshire Moorlands. The loss ofsuch facilities can have a widespread negative impact on the community, particularly the old and the young who live in rural areas and may have limited access to alternative facilities. The NPPF promotes the retention and development of local services and community facilities in rural areas. In line with this Government guidance, the policy seeks to support the retentionof community facilities. Where an alternative facility of the same type already exists or the lost facility is replaced in the same locality so that it is accessible to all members of the community, this could mitigate the loss. Each proposal will be judged on its own merits. It is recognised that there are occasions where particular uses may become financially unviable. In such cases, a thorough marketing exercise must take place and all options for continueduse as a community facility (such as a multiuse scheme) must be thoroughly

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			explored.
			8.99 An important part of creating sustainable communities is the provision of the necessary infrastructure to serve new development (such as roads, accessibility by public transport, schools and public open space), where this is lacking. Otherwise, new development can put a strain on existing facilities and disadvantage both existing and new residents in an area. This is recognised by the Government as a development cost to be met by the landowner or developer. Full details of the Council's requirements will be produced in an SPD. The Council will also consider the use of Community Infrastructure Levy to fund investment in vital infrastructure either across the District or in specific areas.
			8.100 In accordance with sustainability principles, major new development must be accessible by a choice of means of transport so that all members of the community are able to access it.
			Policy C1 - Creating Sustainable Communities
			In order to create sustainable communities at a local level the Council will:
			1.Support proposals which protect, retain or enhance existing community facilities (including multiuse and shared schemes) or provide new facilities. New facilities should preferably be located within defined built up areas where they are most accessible. In exceptional cases facilities may be located adjacent to these areas where it can be demonstrated that this is the only practical option and where a site is well related to the existing settlement.
			2.Safeguard land required for the provision of facilities to meet existing and future community needs, as identified by service providers.
			3.Resist proposals involving the loss of community facilities unless:
			a) an alternative facility of the same type and quality that meets the needs of the community is available in the locality or can be provided in an accessible location in the same locality; or

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			b) a viability appraisal including a marketing exercise by a qualified professional demonstrates that there are no options for continued <u>or shared</u> use as any type of community facility which are financially viable and it can be demonstrated that loss of the facility would not disadvantage local residents.
			c) In the case of proposals to change use from one type of community facility to another, the Council will consider the respective benefits of both the existing and proposed uses in terms of their contribution to the community's ability to meet its day to day needs.
			4.Only permit new development where the utility, transport and community infrastructure necessary to serve it is either available, or will be made available by the time it is needed. All development proposals must therefore either incorporate the infrastructure required as a result of the scheme, or make provision for financial contributions and/or land to secure such infrastructure or service provision at the time it is needed, by means of conditions or a planning obligation in line with the Developer Contributions SPD, or any subsequently adopted Community Infrastructure Levy.
			5.Support the relocation of uses which are no longer compatible with their surroundings due to negative amenity issues such as noise or accessibility where an alternative suitable site can be secured, subject to the requirements set out in Policy E2 in order to facilitate regeneration.
			6.Require development proposals to incorporate high quality locally distinctive design features and layouts that will reduce crime and the fear of crime and support inclusive communities, particularly in terms of accessibility and functionality in line with the Council's Design SPD.
			7.Require major new development to be accessible by a choice of means of transport, in accordance with policy T1.
			8.Support development proposals which encourage electrical battery powered vehicles.
			This policy will only apply insofar as it is consistent with any permanent or temporary provisions for

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			changes of use permissible under the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order (as amended)."
MM31	135	Policy C2 and supporting text	active travel routes, is important to both residents and visitors in terms of health and well-being and this policy promotes and safeguards many types of open space. The Council's strategy for Physical Activity and Sport also recognises the importance of good quality open space, sports and recreation facilities and improving the quality of life and health of communities. An updated Open Space Study, Playing Pitch Strategy and Indoor Sports Facilities Assessment has identified future needs and informed the preparation of the Local Plan. 8.102 The Open Space Study recommends local standards and the Playing Pitch Strategy recommends using the Sport England Toolkits to calculate the requirements for fer-planning applications or alternatively, the amount of contribution payable in lieu of that provision to the Council. Further guidance will be set out in the Developer Contributions Open Space, Sport and Recreation SPD. 8.103 New sport, recreation and open space facilities should be in an accessible and sustainable location and carefully assessed so that they do not have a detrimental impact on the local area, especially if they are proposed on the edge of a settlement in the open countryside. Opportunities to promote access to facilities by public transport and by alternatives to the car such as recreational routes, cycleways and bridleways etc should be maximised. The Council also supports the improvement and extension of existing facilities in order to increase their use and availability such as new playing spaces, changing facilities, car parking, floodlighting, social facilities such as kitchens and improvements to the quality related to the needs of the facility, they do not have a detrimental impact on the residential amenity of the area and do not impact on the 'openness' of the Green Belt. 8.104 The protection and enhancement of existing areas of open space and recreational facilities is also considered necessary to ensure that there is no net loss of open space, sport and recreation in
			recommends using the Sport England Toolkits to calculate the requirements for for—pla applications or alternatively, the amount of contribution payable in lieu of that provision Council. Further guidance will be set out in the Developer Contributions Open Space, Spoen Recreation SPD. 8.103 New sport, recreation and open space facilities should be in an accessible and sustal location and carefully assessed so that they do not have a detrimental impact on the local especially if they are proposed on the edge of a settlement in the open countryside. Opportuning promote access to facilities by public transport and by alternatives to the car such as recreation country, cycleways and bridleways etc should be maximised. The Council also support improvement and extension of existing facilities in order to increase their use and availability surplaying spaces, changing facilities, car parking, floodlighting, social facilities such as kit and improvements to the quality of playing surfaces. Again these need to be carefully assess that the scale is directly related to the needs of the facility, they do not have a detrimental impact to the residential amenity of the area and do not impact on the 'openness' of the Green Belt. 8.104 The protection and enhancement of existing areas of open space and recreational facilities.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			appropriate option. Areas of open space and outdoor sports facilities identified in the updated studies (2017) are will be identified on the Policies Maps. It should be noted that there may be changes to these areas over time as a result of new planning permissions.
			8.105 It is acknowledged that due to housing growth and increasing population, some schools may be required to expand, potentially onto playing pitch land. Where this is the case, it is imperative that the schools in question are left with sufficient playing field and playing pitch land to deliver curricular and extra-curricular needs as well as any community use arrangements. The Playing Pitch Strategy (2017) advises that if the schools curricular and extra-curricular needs can continue to be met despite the expansion, mitigation for the loss of the playing pitch land is still required, given the shortfalls identified.
			NEW Replacement of school playing fields, including costs and new provision that is lost as a result of school expansion should be borne by the developers, from those developments directly linked to school expansion. Where developers are required to make education based contributions (for school places), those developers may also be required to make additional financial contributions through section 106 agreements to mitigate for the for future loss of school playing fields impacted by school those school expansions.
			NEW Where part of a playing pitch is lost from school expansion, it may be the case that the requirement for replacement provision will be greater than the equivalent land lost and equal to that of the whole playing pitch that has been impacted by the development. This is to say that the loss of part of a playing pitch may render the whole pitch area as having being "lost" to its playing purpose and a requirement for equal replacement of that pitch may be required under the advice of the 2017 Playing Pitch Strategy. These potential losses will be considered in the round so that they can be dealt with on a strategic basis as part of the Council's District-wide Action Plan.
			NEW/8.105 Where like for like replacement of school playing field or playing pitches as a result of development is not practicable, financial contributions may be sought for alternative sport and

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text	has strikethrough, new text is unde	erlined)
			recreation provision. This should there allocations, with a mitigation package site-by-site and development-by-development and Strategy for Physical Activity of its District-wide Action Plan.	agreed upon by all stakeholders, include elopment basis. The Council's Playing	ding Sport England. on a
			Policy C2 - Sport, Recreation and O	pen Space	
			The Council will promote the provision supporting schemes that will protect, open space, indoor and outdoor spaceordance with the updated Open S Assessment (2017) and successor door the council successor door space the council successor door space the council successor door support to the council successor door support to the council successor door support to the council support to the c	provide and improve the quantity, quantity, and children's play facilities the pace Study, Playing Pitch Strategy and	ality and accessibility of roughout the district, in
			Residential developments of 10 dwell qualifying new residential development provision of open space, sports and refin form and scale in accordance with quantity standards from the Open Space out in the Developer Contributions SPI	t will be expected to make provision, of ecreation facilities which are necessary hather recommendations set out in the commendations set out furt	or a contribution towards and reasonably related ne above studies. The her guidance will be set
			Typology	Recommended Quantity Standard (ha per 1,000 population)	
			Parks and gardens	0.14	
			Natural and semi-natural greenspace	Not set	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted tex	t has strikethrough , new text is <u>unde</u>	erlined)
			Amenity greenspace	0.60	
			Allotment	0.10	
			Provision for children and young people	0.08	
			In addition: 1) Existing areas of open space, re amenity open space will be protected	creational land and buildings including	school playing fields and
			a) an assessment has been undertal to be surplus to requirements; or	ken which has clearly shown the open	space, buildings or land
			b) the loss resulting from the proportion in terms of quantity and quantity	osed development would be replaced ality in a suitable location; or	by equivalent or better
			c) the development is for alternative outweigh the loss.	sports and recreational provision, the	needs for which clearly
			equivalent in terms of size, t	sion is made which is at least as a usefulness, attractiveness and quality of h management and maintenance agree	and is capable of being
			b) an assessment has been u or	ndertaken to demonstrate the facility is	surplus to requirements;
			c) any loss of provision wou	uld be replaced by equivalent or bette	er provision in terms of

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			quantity and quality in a suitable location.
			2) New sport, recreation and open space facilities should:
			a) be located in accessible locations and supported by the local transport infrastructure;
			b) protect the residential amenity of the area;
			c) be of an appropriate quality, scale and form compatible with the local area, especially if the site is located outside the settlement boundary in the open countryside;
			d) not harm interests of acknowledged importance; and
			e) be designed so that they are fit for purpose.
			3) Applications to improve the use and availability of existing outdoor sports and recreation provision such as the creation of artificial grass pitches and introduction of ancillary facilities such as changing rooms, artificial surfaces or floodlighting will be permitted provided that they:
			a) are directly related to the needs of the facility and are proportionate in scale;
			b) can be satisfactorily and economically serviced;
			c) do not have an unacceptable impact on existing neighbours;
			d) meet the above criteria for new sport, recreation and open space facilities; and
			e) are acceptable in other respects e.g. design, landscape impact, <u>not inappropriate</u> in <u>G</u> green <u>B</u> belt etc
			4) The Council will encourage securing community access to schools to maximise the use of existing sports provision outside of the school day and the co-location of community infrastructure wherever

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Any of the above development should be consistent with the updated Open Space Study, Playing Pitch Strategy and Indoor Sports Facilities Assessment and the guidance in the Developer Contributions Open Space, Sport and Recreation—SPD.
MM32	140	Policy NE1	New bullet 1) inserted above current bullet 1) (with consequential renumbering of bullets: Policy NE1 Biodiversity and Geological Resources The biodiversity and geological resources of the District and neighbouring areas will be conserved and enhanced by positive management and strict control of development (and having regard to relevant ecological evidence) by: 1. By ensuring all development schemes have regard to the surveys and actions recommended by the Council's Extended Phase 1 Habitat Surveys and Local Wildlife Assessment, and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity as appropriate. 4. 2. Resisting any proposed development that could have an adverse effect on the integrity of an European International site (or successor designation) alone or in combination with other plans or projects unless it can be demonstrated that the legislative provisions to protect such sites can be fully met. Any development with a potential to adversely affect a European site/s through construction activities should ensure that Ciria construction guidelines are followed including environmental good practice on control of dust and water pollution. 2. 3.The Council will not normally permit any development proposal which would directly or indirectly (either individually or in combination with other developments) have an adverse effect on a Site of Special Scientific Interest. Where an adverse effect on the site's notified special interest features is

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			outweigh both the impacts that it is likely to have on the features of the site that make it of special scientific interest and any broader impacts on the national network of Sites of Special Scientific Interest.
			3- 4. Conserving, and enhancing regional and locally designated sites. The Council will not permit any development proposal which would directly or indirectly result in significant harm to geological and biodiversity conservation interests, unless it can be demonstrated that: a) there is no appropriate alternative site available; and b) all statutory and regulatory requirements relating to any such proposal have been satisfied; and c) appropriate conservation and mitigation measures are provided; or if it is demonstrated that this is not possible d) the need for, and benefit of, the development is demonstrated to clearly outweigh the need to safeguard the intrinsic nature conservation value of the site and compensatory measures are implemented.
			4. <u>5.</u> Expecting all development where possible seeks to deliver a net gain in biodiversity proportionate to the size and scale of the development. In circumstances where adverse impacts are demonstrated to be unavoidable, developers will be required to ensure that impacts are appropriately mitigated, with suitable compensation measures towards loss of habitat used only as a last resort where there is no alternative. Where any mitigation and compensation measures are required, they should be appropriately scheduled and managed according to the nature, size and scale of the development so as to minimise impacts that may disturb protected or important habitats and species.
			5. 6. Supporting opportunities to improve site management and increase public access to wildlife sites including supporting the objectives of the Staffordshire County Council Rights of Way Improvement Plan.
			6. 7. Ensuring development promotes the appropriate maintenance, enhancement, restoration and/or re-creation of biodiversity through its proposed nature, scale, location and design. The Staffordshire Moorlands Biodiversity Opportunity Map, in conjunction with the Staffordshire Biodiversity Action Plan, will be used to guide biodiversity enhancement measures to be included in development proposals as appropriate to the nature and scale of development proposed and other environmental

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			interest, in particular supporting opportunities to increase grassland and heathland habitats including supporting targets in the UK and Staffordshire Biodiversity Action Plan.
			7. 8. Protecting and enhancing habitats and species of principal importance for the conservation of biodiversity as identified in legislation, and recognising and implementing appropriate measures, including landscape-scale conservation management, to take account of the fact that the distribution of habitats and species will be affected by climate change.
			8. 9. Recognising the value of the natural environment for sport and leisure activities and the need to manage such activities to ensure there is no conflict.
MM33	148	Policy T2	9. 10. Ensuring the provision and protection of green infrastructure networks in line with Policy C3. Policy T2 Other Sustainable Transport Measures
William S		Tolloy 12	In line with priorities set out in the NPPF and the Integrated Transport Strategy, and through working with partner organisations, the Council will encourage and support measures which promote better accessibility, create safer roads, reduce the impact of traffic, or facilitate highway improvements. In particular, the Council will:
			1. Support, subject to feasibility assessment, strategic infrastructure improvements and links to major urban areas for example to road, rail, bus facilities in the District and the development of new rail or bus termini within the District.
			 Continue to safeguard all existing disused railway lines within the District and support the reuse of these for public or commercial/tourism use. To this end the Council will refuse any development which would impede or truncate these routes. However proposals for recreational routes, cycleways, bridleways etc will generally be acceptable. Work with its partners to promote the improvement/expansion of existing bus services and the
			provision of sustainable transport services in the District, particularly those serving rural areas. 4. Support and promote the development of a network of safe walking, horse riding and cycling

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			routes (including the National Cycle Network), connecting to public transport, linking communities and recreational/tourist areas. The Council will also ensure that all legally recognised public rights of way affected by development are protected (or diverted where necessary) and, where possible, enhanced.
			5. Seek to minimise the environmental impact of freight road transport and to work with Staffordshire County Council and other partner organisations to agree designated lorry routes, freight handling facilities and greater rail use.
			6. Support development proposals which encourage electrical battery powered vehicles.
MM34	151	New para. 9.2	Insert a new paragraph as part of the introduction to the chapter (numbered 9.2) to read: Each allocated site will be assessed against the following: Affordable housing policy in accordance with Policy H3; Flood risk policy in accordance with Policy SD5; Infrastructure contributions in accordance with Policies SS12 and C1; Sport, Recreation and Open Space policy in accordance with Policy C2; Sustainable Transport policy in accordance with Policy T1; Prevention of pollution in accordance with Policy SD4; Conserving biodiversity and geodiversity in accordance with Policies NE1 and NE2; Retail and other town centre uses outside town centres in accordance with Policy TCR3; and Green Infrastructure in accordance with Policy C3.
MM35	152	Policy DSL1	Policy DSL 1 Land at Horsecroft Farm, Leek (ADD01) Land amounting to 0.89ha is allocated for a mix of uses including housing (approximately 15 dwellings) and D1 education. Development will be subject to compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies to include:
			access arrangement via Tittesworth Avenue and consider re-alignment of the track so that an

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 extension to the school could be consolidated into the existing school site; and a landscaping plan including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments and mitigation of heritage impact to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study; in particular schemes should incorporate heritage masterplanning to include mitigation measures including the use of vegetation screening to reduce effects on the setting of heritage assets. Proposals should also consider landscaping to form a new settlement edge. Provide a site specific flood risk assessment; Make appropriate contributions towards infrastructure; be supported by surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity as appropriate; address priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy; and provide affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3.
MM36	153	Policy DSL2 and supporting text	Paragraph 9.11 Staffordshire Council Highways advise that development in this area should contribute to the improvement of Mount Road including provision of footways and pedestrian links. Also Kniveden Lane should be brought up to adoptable standard with the implementation of footways. Further junction improvements at Mount Road/ Ashbourne Road may also be appropriate. Given the interconnection of these sites it may be considered appropriate to consider highway improvement works holistically; the Council will encourage applicants to work with the Council and other landowners on joint funding arrangements to coordinate contributions. Proposals should recognise the informal recreational value of the Mount by pedestrians, cyclists etc and consider scope for measures which allow for its continued use such as sympathetic highways engineering solutions where appropriate. Developers are also encouraged to have regard to Active Design principles as set out in Sport England October 2015 guidance Insert new para in between Paras 9.14 & 9.15: "In 2013 a wind turbine was allowed at Kniveden Farm a short distance south of the Mount, with a noise condition attached based on Energy Technology Support Unit (ETSU) criteria to control noise

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
No.		153	emissions that may impact nearby residents. Consequently the Environmental Health officer advises a site specific noise assessment should be submitted for any scheme at the Mount to ensure that noise emissions upon future occupiers would be within acceptable ETSU limits, and to guide site layout generally." Policy DSL 2 Land at The Mount, Leek (LE066, LE128a&b, LE140, LE142a, LE142b) Land amounting to approximately 10.62ha as shown on the proposals map is allocated for housing (approximately 345 dwellings); and 0.76 ha for D1 education. Development will be subject to compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies and will require a comprehensive masterplan with indicative phasing programme to include: • provide a landscaping plan including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments and mitigation of heritage impact to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study. Proposals should consider landscape mitigation measures including advanced planting and landscaping along eastern boundaries; limited building heights where appropriate; and consider scope for retaining/ integrating existing landscape features, including those on site of Kniveden Hall; and • recognition of the recreational value of the Mount to the community and reflect this in
			masterplanning proposals through the sensitive treatment of Mount Road and Kniveden Lane, appropriately located green infrastructure, recognition of key views and connectivity to public rights of way; and
			<u>a site-specific noise assessment to guide layouts and ensure that the amenity levels of future occupants are acceptable in relation to wind turbine noise.</u>
			make appropriate contributions towards infrastructure;
			be supported by surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey
			and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site
			biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity as appropriate;
			 address priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy; and

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			provide affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3.
			Land for a new first school shall be safeguarded as identified on the proposals map, or similar location, if forming part of a mixed education and residential development.
			Development proposals on the allocations listed above, shall be expected to contribute to highway or junction improvements in this area, as deemed necessary to enable that development according to the County Highways Authority, in order to coordinate contributions by the County Highways Authority to address the cumulative impact of the wider developments along Mount Road.
MM37	154	Policy DSL3 and supporting text	Para 9.16 This site is the former Britannia/Coop headquarters located off a purpose built roundabout to the east of the A520 at Cornhill, on the edge of the Leek town boundary. The Council needs to allocate additional employment land in the Leek area (about 8 9.6ha), in addition to new housing, to 2033 2031.
	155		Policy DSL 3 Land at Newton House, Leek (LE150)
			This site amounting to around 9.27ha is allocated for mixed residential and employment use. Approximately 5.25ha of the site should be dedicated to residential use Development proposals should support (approximately 180 dwellings) and 1.5ha of the site area should provide for B-Class employment purposes; mixed use proposals must demonstrate how the amenity of housing will be maintained around employment uses.
			Development will be subject to compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies and will require a comprehensive masterplan with indicative phasing programme to include:
			 make appropriate contributions towards infrastructure, public open space, education, services and other community needs including sports facilities as required; provide affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3; schemes should incorporate heritage masterplanning to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study; mitigation measures against adverse effects upon heritage assets which should include stepping

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 development back and using vegetation screening along the south-western edge of the site; demonstration of how the southeast corner of the site should remain undeveloped to minimise landscape impacts; address priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy; and be supported by surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity as appropriate; in any case schemes must demonstrate the incorporation of a wildlife 'buffer' along the eastern edge of the site for ecological protection, to the satisfaction of the Council; appropriate contributions to improved pedestrian and cycle links from the site; and retention of the existing tennis courts on the site unless alternative facilities are provided onor off-site in accordance with Policy C2.
MM38	156	Policy DSL4 and supporting text	
	157		Policy DSL4 Cornhill East, Leek (LE235) This 3.13ha site is allocated for comprehensive redevelopment for mixed employment and residential purposes. Schemes should have regard to the adopted Churnet Valley Masterplan, development proposals should support approximately 50 dwellings as part of a mixed use scheme also incorporating at least 0.83ha B-Class employment; and mixed use proposals must demonstrate how the amenity of housing will be maintained around employment uses. Development will be subject to compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies and will require a comprehensive masterplan with indicative phasing programme to include:

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM39	158	Policy DSB1 and supporting text	 demonstration of acceptable access arrangement to the site which must not be directly served off Sandon Street; provision for any transport infrastructure improvements having regard to the Churnet Valley Masterplan; schemes should enable provision for a link between the A520 and A53 to the south of the town and links to the canal and Churnet Valley railway; and make appropriate contributions towards infrastructure; provide affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3; address priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy; and be supported by surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity as appropriate; in the event of proposals affecting Birchall Meadow BAS, appropriate mitigation / compensation measures will be required. 9.31 This is a key mixed use development site in the Local Plan. It is in a sustainable location close to the town centre and most of the land (with the exception of that to the west of the Biddulph Valley Way) lies outside the Green Belt. It presents an opportunity to comprehensively plan for a range of uses to make a significant contribution to Biddulph's development needs over the plan period. There are opportunities to provide improved pedestrian and cycle linkages with the town centre and with the adjacent Biddulph Valley Way for access to the wider countryside. 9.32 The 2017 update concluded that 43 to 27ha 14 to 32ha of additional employment land requirement of 27ha 32ha is recommended being at the top end of this range, to dovetail with a housing requirement of 320 homes per year (relating to the level required to support projected increase in jobs). The majority of the residual requirement in Biddulph (over and above the land still available at Victoria Business Park) has been split over 2 sites - Wharf Road

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			to the town centre as well as businesses who wish to locate on a larger business park. The type of employment use to be located at Wharf Road is dependent upon how this integrates with other land uses and will be determined as part of the masterplan.
			9.33 The Council's Retail Study (2013) recommends the allocation of a site to accommodate a discount foodstore (a standard sized store of around 1,000m² (net sales) is recommended) to claw back some of the 45% of residents who still shop out of town for their main food shopping. Note that this is a qualitative rather than quantitative need. The study identifies outflow to mainstream and discount foodstores and explains that a discount store would provide the local population with more choice as there is a lack of such a facility in the town at present. The study advises that any new store would have to be sustainably located so that linked trips to the town centre can still be achieved.
			9.34 The school playing field included in the allocation is in use and is proposed for retention in situ.
			9.35 Housing density calculations are set out as gross figures and vary across the site with 40 dwellings per hectare assumed for the area between the bypass and Tunstall Road to reflect adjacent development and its position close to the town centre, 35 dwellings per hectare assumed for land west of the Biddulph Valley Way and a lower density of less than 30 dwellings per hectare assumed for the central part of the site to reflect known constraints including mine shafts, land levels and the watercourse. Actual density levels will be determined through the masterplan process once all the constraints can be assessed in full detail. Housing density calculations reflect the results of the Wharf Road Strategic Development Area Concept Masterplan. Market demand was tested, including suitable densities which could be accommodated on the site. Consequently, it was found that more housing (+109 dwellings) could be accommodated on the site than originally anticipated. This is reflected in the policy.
			9.36 The Council's Landscape, Local Green Space & Heritage Impact Study (2016) makes recommendations to mitigate landscape and heritage impact which the developer should adhere to.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			This study covers the land between the bypass and Biddulph Valley Way as well as land at Beehive Farm. Assessment of the land to the west of the Biddulph Valley Way and land between Beehive Farm and the roundabout can be found in a later document dated October 2017. Landscape sensitivity across the site area varies with low impact to the east of the bypass, in and around the former Meadows School and on land around the telephone exchange. Most of the site has medium landscape sensitivity including the area immediately to the east of the Biddulph Valley Way (BVW). The landscaping plan should reflect the study by including additional advanced planting on the ridge and along the boundary with the BVW and screening in the south-eastern part of the site. The large mature tree adjacent to the telephone exchange access point needs to be retained. Landscaping should be used as a buffer between the residential and employment / retail development. Development of land between Tunstall Road and the bypass provides an opportunity for urban greening along the Tunstall Road frontage and buffer planting for visual and noise purposes along the bypass boundary. All of the land on the west side of the Biddulph Valley Way has high landscape sensitivity so particular attention to landscaping in this location will be required. The Green Belt Review recommends creation of a new settlement edge along the south-western boundary of the part of the site located to the west of the BVW. This should be included in any landscaping scheme. Submission of landscape and visual impact assessments alongside any planning application will be necessary.
			9.37 There is a cluster of heritage assets within and immediately adjacent to the south eastern boundary. Most of these are listed buildings associated with the property known as 'Fairhaven' which is currently occupied by the Roaches School. There are two Grade II Listed Buildings in the site and five additional Grade II Listed Buildings within the 400m buffer used in the study. As a consequence, mitigation must take place to include setting development back from the assets coupled with landscape masterplanning to provide screening. Historic England requires an assessment of how the setting of the Listed Buildings contributes to their significance and this must be undertaken to inform any development.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			9.38 The Council's contamination Environmental Health department has advised that air quality issues of future occupants of the housing can be avoided by careful site design to avoid placing housing too close to the bypass.
			9.39 This area, along with many others around Biddulph, has a mining legacy. The Coal Authority has advised that new development should recognise the problems and how they can be positively addressed. They consider that mining legacy is not always a complete constraint and new development can address issues making it safe, sustainable and stable. The mining legacy of this site will not prevent development but detailed site investigation work must take place to inform site design. A developer will therefore need to undertake intrusive site investigations to locate these mine entries and determine their current condition followed by undertaking consequential treatment. Any layout would then need to try and locate the mine entries within landscaping belts, open space, roads etc. The developer must ensure that no development takes place over mine entries even when treated. Mine entries are positioned parallel to the BVW so this land could potentially be integrated into open space providing a buffer between the BVW and new development. As the site is likely to be developed in phases, any parts of the site not affected by mining legacy could be commenced earlier than those which require detailed investigations (subject to policy objectives being met and delivery of the wider development area not being undermined).
			9.40 A watercourse runs through the middle of the site, which the Lead Local Flood Authority would like to see preserved to contribute towards Water Framework Directive objectives. This may take up space within the site, however it may be possible to divert the channel round the edge to create more developable space. The Environment Agency should be contacted by the developer at an early stage to discuss this issue. The Environment Agency also requires a Preliminary Risk Assessment of controlled waters to identify any contamination issues and advises that the developer has regard to the relevant River Basin Management Plan. The Lead Local Flood Authority would like to see a Flood Risk Assessment of the whole site undertaken by the developer prior to any development taking place. Any application submission will also be required to include a holistic site-wide drainage

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			strategy for foul and surface water which considers how the site will be developed in various phases and most likely by various developers over a number of years. The drainage strategy should clearly demonstrate how the drainage in earlier phases of development interact with the wider phases of development and how the approach to foul and surface water drainage takes account of the flows from later phases of development. Given the availability of an on-site watercourse, only foul flows should be connected to the public sewerage system. Surface water should also be managed by sustainable drainage features. Applicants should note that the site includes large public sewers which cannot be built over. Applicants should engage in early pre- application dialogue with the respective water and wastewater undertakers. The current wastewater undertaker for the area is United Utilities. Options for incorporating the undevelopable land into the Green Infrastructure for the site should be investigated.
			9.41 County Highways has stated that development of this site is acceptable in principle subject to suitable access design and a Transport Assessment. They require site access to the sites on the east side of the bypass to be gained from Tunstall Road and not the bypass.
			9.42 The Council's contamination Environmental Health department has advised that there is possible landfill in the North West of the site which the developer would need to investigate. Also investigation will be required to determine whether any minor contamination from previous uses has occurred on the brownfield parts of the site e.g. the possibility of minor contamination on the land which was formerly Jacksons Nursery due to possible pesticide use.
			9.43 There is ecological interest on the site and comprehensive survey work will need to be carried out at an early stage. Recommendations for survey work are set out in the Council's 2015 Phase 1 Habitat Survey and its 2016 Local Wildlife Assessment work (for land between the bypass and the Biddulph Valley Way as well as land at Beehive Farm). Recommendations for land to the west of the Biddulph Valley Way can be found in The Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey (September 2017) along with covers land between Beehive Farm and the roundabout. All of this survey work must be

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			undertaken. This includes a bat survey for all buildings and trees with potential to support roosting bats, a reptile survey, a hedgerow survey following modified HEGS (Hedgerow Evaluation and Grading System) methodology, vegetation removal at the appropriate time of the year, assessment of the trees for location, quantity, age and size and a detailed vegetation survey to determine the status of the habitat mosaic, particularly in the central part of the site, sensitive mowing regime of grassland and leaving rough margins, hedgerow planting of native woody species and management during winter, PSYM pond survey, presence / absence survey for great crested newts and removal of Himalayan balsam. All the surveys listed are not required on every part of the site. The developer should refer to the Ecology Studies to identify which parts of the site require which type of survey. This work will also establish the SBI / BAS status of parts of the site.
			9.44 The County ecologists point out that the north of the site is adjacent to, or overlaps with a Biodiversity Alert Site. With this in mind they state that design and layout should avoid impacts on this site, it should be enhanced where possible and linear habitat connectivity should be maintained.
			9.45 Natural England have pointed out that a number of sites are located close to and/or adjoining existing areas of open space and green infrastructure and will need to include suitable multifunctional green infrastructure. The Council has prepared a Draft Green Infrastructure Strategy (GIS) for consultation. This site borders the Biddulph Strategic Corridor, comprising the Biddulph Valley Way. The GIS aims to protect and improve the Biddulph Valley Way as an established greenway through the settlement, to increase its use and enjoyment by people for health and recreation and to enhance its function as a wildlife corridor. Development of this area should positively contribute to this aim including the provision of pedestrian and cycling linkages from the site to the BVW and investigation of opportunities to reduce habitat fragmentation and increase connectivity by helping to create and improve wildlife corridors extending into the surrounding countryside.
			9.46 Any public rights of way crossing the sites should be protected and, where possible, enhanced in conjunction with any development. It is accepted that diversions may be required. The existing rights of way at the time of writing are the Biddulph Valley Way, and along the old Wharf Road, (the

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			northern boundary of the area). and across land on the west side of the Biddulph Valley Way. 9.47 As the site is in multiple ownerships, owners will be encouraged to enter into a Land Equalisation Agreement to ensure an equitable distribution of benefits to landowners. As the site is likely to be developed in phases, following the masterplanning process, early applications for development on part of the site that would make a positive contribution to the policy objectives and facilitate the delivery of the wider development area would be acceptable.
			Policy DSB 1 Wharf Road Strategic Development Area (BD055, BD071, BD071a, BD106, BD156, BD076, BD076a, BD108, BD016, BD104) BDNEW
			 Land amounting to 23.4ha around 18.5ha is allocated for a mix of uses comprising approximately: Housing 20.4ha 15.5ha (approximately 588 442 dwellings); Employment 1ha; Retail 0.5ha (food store of around 1000m² net sales floor space); Retention of School Playing Field 1.5ha.
			Development will be subject to <u>compliance</u> with other relevant <u>Local Plan policies and a comprehensive master planning with indicative phasing programme</u> to include: • <u>Provision of a A landscapeing plan.</u> including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, <u>Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study including provision of appropriate screening along the south and south-east edge of the site; Creation of a new settlement edge along the southwestern boundary of the part of the site on the west side of the Biddulph Valley Way to prevent urban sprawl over the longer term. On the part of the site between the bypass and</u>

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			the BVW additional advanced planting on the ridge and along the boundary with the BVW and screening in the south-eastern part of the site is required. The large mature tree adjacent to the telephone exchange needs to be retained. Landscaping should be used as a buffer between the residential and employment / retail development. Development of land between Tunstall Road and the bypass provides an opportunity for urban greening along the Tunstall Road frontage and buffer planting for visual and noise purposes along the bypass boundary:
			 Mitigation of heritage impact by setting development back from the Listed Buildings within and in close proximity to the south eastern boundary (at Fairhaven) and reinstatement of historic screening along the field boundary between the former Jacksons Nursery and Levens. to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study. Any developer will be required to assess how the setting of the Listed Buildings contributes to their significance prior to development taking place;
			 Positioning of housing away from the immediate edge of the bypass to prevent noise and air quality issues;
			 Detailed investigation work in relation to the mining legacy of the site and possible historic landfill in the north-western part of the site as well as any contamination from previous employment uses before development can commence (where applicable);
			 A site specific flood risk assessment and early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Authority;
			 De-culverting of the watercourse flowing beneath the site which should be re-naturalised through redevelopment and undertaking a Preliminary Risk Assessment in relation to the contamination of controlled waters;
			 A Transport Assessment along with suitable access design. The Providing an access point to the area on the east side of the bypass must be from Tunstall Road. An access to land on the west side of the BVW should be created at an appropriate point. The developer is required to ensure that creation of the access point does not adversely affect any existing utilities

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 infrastructure. The design of the access road should ensure the safety of the users of the Biddulph Valley Way. The access should also facilitate the development of the wider site; Priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy Provision of pedestrian and cycle linkages from the site to the BVW and investigation of opportunities to reduce habitat fragmentation and increase connectivity by helping to create and improve wildlife corridors extending into the surrounding countryside including linkages with the nearby biodiversity alert site; Surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Surveys and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity as well as avoiding negative impacts on the nearby Biodiversity Alert site; Contributions towards infrastructure, public open space, education, services, improved pedestrian and cycle linkages with the town centre and other community needs including sports facilities as required; Affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3; The employment use will be determined as part of the masterplan taking into account amenity impact in relation to neighbouring land uses. The retail element of the site is intended for a food store. Any main town centre uses proposed must be subject to sequential testing.
MM40	164	Policy DSB2 and supporting text	 9.48 The redevelopment of Yarn Mill and Minster Mill provides an opportunity to create high density residential development on these underused sites in the town centre. 9.49 Both buildings have no historic interest and have had various extensions which is likely to make residential conversion difficult. It is considered that a new build scheme on both sites would be

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			appropriate.
			9.50 The Environment Agency has stated that the sites are within groundwater source protection zones so the developer should check for any restrictions associated with this prior to redevelopment of the sites.
			9.51 There may be ecological interest on the site. and survey work will need to be carried out at an early stage to determine this. Recommendations for survey work are set out in the Council's 2015 Phase 1 Habitat Survey. No Local Wildlife Survey is necessary as the site is predominantly hard standing. All of the this survey work must be undertaken. This includes a bat survey regime to ascertain whether bats roost in the buildings and vegetation removal at the appropriate time of year.
			9.52 "For garages to be counted towards parking provision they must have minimum internal dimensions of 3m x 6m".
			Policy DSB2
			Biddulph Mills (BD101 and BD102)
			Land at Yarn Mill and Minster Mill amounting to about 0.38ha in total is allocated for residential development of approximately 57 dwellings. Proposals for further intensification of these sites will be considered if residential amenity for future occupants is not adversely affected.
			Development will be subject to:
			 A site specific flood risk assessment and early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Authority;
			Undertaking of surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 HabitatSurvey A bat survey being undertaken and vegetation removal at the appropriate time of year; and

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 Provision of adequate parking and a Transport Assessment in line with requirements of the Highway Authority; Contributions towards infrastructure, public open space, education, services, improved pedestrian and cycle linkages with the Biddulph Valley Way and other community needs including sports facilities as required; Affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3.
MM41	164	Policy DSB3 and supporting text	9.53 This land is on the edge of Biddulph and is proposed for removal from the Green Belt in line with the conclusion of the Council's District wide Green Belt Review and subject to demonstration of very special exceptional circumstances. The Green Belt Review has assessed the site as having a limited overall contribution to Green Belt purposes. In particular, this land is considered to make a limited contribution to the purposes of checking sprawl and preventing encroachment. The Council's Core Strategy acknowledges that some Green Belt release is necessary to enable sufficient growth in Biddulph. The Submission Version Local Plan seeks to deliver Biddulph's housing and employment requirement whilst ensuring that Green Belt release is kept to a minimum. Land at Tunstall Road is proposed to be developed as part of a mixed use employment / residential scheme in order to address demand for employment and housing in Biddulph. It is considered that this site is ideally located with good road links opposite Victoria Business Park and bringing it forward will have a positive impact on the local economy. Considering these factors collectively, it is considered that there are exceptional circumstances to release land at Tunstall Road from the Green Belt. These are that in order to address demand for employment and housing in Biddulph, it is considered that this site is ideally located with good road links opposite Victoria Business Park and bringing it forward will have a positive impact on the local economy. 9.54 The Council considers that this site would provide for the bulk of the town's residual employment land requirement (up to 2033), catering more for 'general' or heavy industrial uses [pursuant to Local Plan Policy E2], given its position along the A527 that links Stoke with Cheshire, and its proximity to the existing industrial areas at Victoria Business Park, Forge Way etc. However

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			given the site is also allocated for mixed residential use (and its adjacent residential areas) it is important that development of the site achieves sufficient levels of amenity for new and existing dwellings. The Council therefore expects that this will be reflected in the masterplan.
			9.55 The number of houses has been calculated based on a density of 40 dwellings per hectare (gross) to reflect residential development nearby. Actual density levels will be determined through the masterplan process once the constraints can be assessed in full detail. Housing density calculations reflect the results of the Tunstall Road Strategic Development Area Concept Masterplan. Market demand was tested, including suitable densities which could be accommodated on the site. Consequently, it was found that more housing (+20 dwellings) could be accommodated on the site than originally anticipated. This is reflected in the policy.
			9.56 The site has limited ecological value according to the Council's Ecology Studies. However, the following surveys/actions are recommended in order to establish SBI/ BAS status - hedgerow survey following modified HEGS methodology and relevant trees to be identified and further assessed for their potential to support roosting bats. Following this a bat survey may possibly be required.
			9.57 The Council's Landscape, Local Green Space & Heritage Impact Study (2016) identifies that all but the south-west corner of the site has a high landscape sensitivity and therefore the developer's landscape plan must adhere to the mitigation measures set out in the policy. In order to limit potential landscape impacts the existing vegetation in the south-west of the site should be retained, and additional planting could be undertaken on the edges of, and within the development, to create a strong vegetated edge and soften the appearance of the development in long distance views. Limits on the size and scale of buildings would also soften the appearance of the development.
			9.58 There are no designated heritage assets within the 400m buffer, according to the study and development would be highly unlikely to adversely affect the HLC (Historic Landscape Characterisation) zone BBHECZ 5 (Biddulph and Biddulph Moor Historic Environment Character Zone 5) (Historic Environment Character Assessment 2010).
			9.59 "For garages to be counted towards parking provision they must have minimum internal dimensions of 3m x 6m".

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			9.60 "Natural England have pointed out that a number of sites are This site located close to and / or adjoinsing existing areas of open space and green infrastructure and will need to include suitable multi-functional green infrastructure within the development scheme to provide links to the existing open space.
			Policy DSB 3
			Tunstall Road Strategic Development Area (opposite Victoria Business Park) (BD117)
			Land amounting to around 6.48ha 7.18ha is allocated for mixed-use development as follows:
			 Approximately <u>4.29ha</u> <u>4.99ha</u> is allocated for general employment development; and Land is allocated for residential development of approximately <u>85</u> <u>105</u> dwellings.
			Development will be subject to <u>compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies and a</u> comprehensive masterplanning <u>with indicative phasing programme</u> to include:
			 Surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity;
			 A landscape plan. Provision of a landscaping plan including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments—Particular attention should be paid to landscaping to address the high landscape sensitivity of most of the site, namely retaining the existing vegetation in the south – west of the site, planting within and on the edges of the development to soften the appearance of the development in long distance views and limiting the sizes and scale of buildings. Landscaping should be used as a buffer between the residential and employment elements;
			A Transport Assessment;

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Inclusion of suitable multi-functional green infrastructure in line with Green Infrastructure Strategy;
			 Investigating opportunities for providing footpath links into the countryside and for habitat creation within the site and / or improving wildlife corridors extending into the countryside;
			Detailed investigation work in relation to the mining legacy of the site before development can commence;
			 Safeguarding and where possible enhancing the existing right of way located along the northern boundary of the site;
			 Contributions towards infrastructure, public open space, education, services, improved pedestrian and cycle linkages with the town centre and other community needs including sports facilities as required;
			Affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3;
			 Details in relation to the access point and employment and residential uses will be determined as part of the masterplan taking into account amenity impact in relation to neighbouring land uses. Any main town centre uses proposed must be subject to sequential testing.
MM42	167	Policy DSC 1 and supporting text	9.66 This is a key strategic mixed use development site in the Local Plan. It presents an opportunity to provide new housing and a new primary school to serve the northern part of the town. The southern section of the site is already located within the town development boundary and identified in the Core Strategy as a broad location for housing.
			9.67 The school organisation team (SCC) has identified the need for new school places in Cheadle, in particular a new county Primary School and have confirmed that it supports the proposed location for a new school. All the current schools in Cheadle are located in the south west area of the town

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			and the provision of a new school in the north area could help to reduce the number of car-based trips travelling through the town centre at certain times of the day and increase the number of pupils walking to school.
			9.68 This area, along with others around Cheadle has a mining legacy. The Coal Authority has advised that new development should recognise the problems and how they can be positively addressed. There are former mineral workings on the site (two mine shafts present). The Coal Authority have confirmed that this would not prevent development taking place, however no development should take place directly over the mine shafts. Investigative work will take place in these areas prior to the commencement of any development.
			9.69 The Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study has recommended site-specific landscape mitigation measures which include limiting building heights in certain areas, advanced planting on some boundaries and setting development back in some other areas. There is one Grade II Listed Building within 400m. As a farm, the wider agricultural setting is considered to contribute to the overall significance of the asset. The site is not within the immediate setting of the asset and development would likely be viewed as part of the existing residential development to the west. However, development may cause adverse effects to its wider setting which could be reduced through mitigation including screening of the north-eastern boundary.
			9.70 Cecilly Brook Local Nature Reserve (LNR) holds a strong isolated population of water voles. As a protected species their habitat must be maintained with no development creating direct or indirect impacts to impinge movement and expansion of the population along the riparian corridor.
			9.71 The Council's Green Infrastructure Plan Strategy also recognises the importance of the natural environment of Cecilly Brook for sense of place, nature experience, health and recreation, biodiversity and flood risk management and its key role to strengthen the population of water voles in this location. It sets out priorities and actions for the strategic corridor.
			9.72 The Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment recommend that a bat survey and a tree and hedgerow survey are undertaken and that any vegetation is removed at the appropriate time of year.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			9.73 The development area is located in Flood Zone 1 - low probability and therefore the sequential test required by national policy has been met. A Flood Risk Assessment will be required and early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Authority in order to mitigate any surface water flooding within the site. Land to the east, outside the site in Flood Zones 2 and 3 could be used as additional open space to that provided within the allocated site / surface water mitigation'.
			9.74 The Highways Authority have confirmed that two separate accesses will be needed to accommodate the number of houses proposed plus a new school. A Transport Assessment will be required.
			Policy DSC 1
			Cheadle North Strategic Development Area (CH001 & CH132)
			Land amounting to 11.2 ha is allocated for residential development of approximately 320 dwellings, including a new County Primary School and school/community playing pitches (approximately 2ha) and associated public open space.
			Development will be subject to comprehensive masterplanning to include:
			•A Transport Assessment along with suitable access design;
			•Provision of two separate access points;
			<u>•Land and access for the school should be made available during the 1st phase of development to meet the requirements of the Education Authority;</u>
			•Detailed investigation work in relation to the mining legacy of the site;
			•Provision of a landscaping plan including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Space and Heritage Impact Study;
			•A detailed assessment of the significance of the heritage asset and how it may be affected, in addition to mitigation measures including screening of the north-eastern boundary; as set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study;
			•An assessment of the Consideration of the growth that may impact on the Cecilly Brook Local Nature Reserve (LNR) in order to manage the impact on the Green Infrastructure Network and the LNR to ensure that Local Plan policy requirements can be met for minimising impacts on biodiversity (and providing net gains in biodiversity where possible); and establishing coherent ecological networks that are more resilient to current and future pressures; as well as enabling water quality improvements in line with the Water Framework Directive objectives;
			Surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity;
			•Priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy;
			•Retention of trees protected by Tree Preservation Orders;
			•A site specific flood risk assessment and early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Authority;
			•Contributions towards infrastructure, public open space, education, services and other community needs including sports facilities as required;
			•Affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3; and
			•Public footpaths crossing the site will need to be retained and pedestrian connections should

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			be made to the residential areas surrounding the site.
MM43	169	Policy DSC 2 and supporting text	9.75 This strategic area comprises two greenfield sites proposed for residential development that lie within the town development boundary and adjacent to the Cecilly Brook Local Nature Reserve. 9.76 Cecilly Brook Local Nature Reserve (LNR) holds a strong isolated population of water voles. As a protected species their habitat must be maintained with no development creating direct or indirect impacts to impinge movement and expansion of the population along the riparian corridor. 9.77 The Council's Green Infrastructure Plan Strategy also recognises the importance of the natural environment of Cecilly Brook for sense of place, nature experience, health and recreation, biodiversity and flood risk management and it's key role to strengthen the population of water voles in this location. It sets out priorities and actions for the strategic corridor. 9.78 The Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey recommended that a buffer zone should be created between the site at Moor Lane Farm (CH002a) and the LNR. The Extended Phase 1 Habitat Surveys and Local Wildlife Assessments also recommend a number of ecological surveys are undertaken and that any vegetation is removed at the appropriate time of year. 9.79 The site is located in Flood Zone 1 - low probability and therefore the sequential test required by national policy has been met. Site CH002a at Moor Lane Farm is immediately adjacent to Flood Zone 3 of the Cecilly Brook (main river) and a minor tributary (ordinary watercourse). A Flood Risk Assessment will be required and early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Authority in order to mitigate any surface water flooding within the site. Land lying outside the sites in Flood Zones 2 and 3 could be used as additional open space to that provided within the allocated sites / surface water mitigation. 9.80 The Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study considers that the sites have low landscape sensitivity due to adjacent vegetation and surrounding development but recommends some site-specific landscap

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			considered that development would be highly unlikely to adversely affect the settings of the heritage assets.
			Policy DSC 2
			Cecilly Brook Strategic Development Area (CH002a, CH002b & CH024)
			Land amounting to 3.1 ha is allocated for residential development of approximately 106 dwellings comprising:
			•Land at Moor Lane Farm (1.7 ha) of approximately 61 dwellings; and
			•Land off Churchill Road (1.4 ha) of approximately 45 dwellings
			Development will be subject to: comprehensive master planning to include: compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies; and
			•An assessment of the A master-plan that considers the growth that may impact on the Cecilly Brook Local Nature Reserve (LNR) in order to manage the impact on the Green Infrastructure Network and the LNR to ensure that Local Plan policy requirements can be met for minimising impacts on biodiversity (and providing net gains in biodiversity where possible); and establishing coherent ecological networks that are more resilient to current and future pressures; as well as enabling water quality improvements in line with the Water Framework Directive objectives;
			*Surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity;
			•Priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy;

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 A site specific flood risk assessment (FRA) and early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Authority. The An FRA which should determine the risk of flooding from both watercourses. It should be ensured that the development does not encroach into the floodplain area and that at least 8m undeveloped easement/buffer strip is maintained adjacent to Cecilly Brook; Provision of a landscaping plan including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study; A detailed assessment of the significance of the heritage asset and how it may be affected, in addition to mitigation measures; set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study; and Contributions towards infrastructure, public open space, education, services and other community needs including sports facilities as required; Affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3; and Public rights of way need to be protected.
MM44	171	Policy DSC 3 and supporting text	9.81 This is a key strategic housing site in the Local Plan. It presents an opportunity to provide new housing and associated public open space in the south west of Cheadle. The majority of the land lies within the town development boundary and a small proportion of the area to the south lies within the Green Belt. 9.82 The Green Belt Review (2015) recommends that the area to the south could be considered for release from the Green Belt if there are under exceptional circumstances. The Green Belt Review has assessed the site as having a limited overall contribution to Green Belt purposes. In particular, this land is considered to make a limited contribution to the purposes of checking sprawl, maintaining separation and preventing encroachment. The main part of the allocation is well related to the settlement and lies within the town development boundary however, currently there is no direct

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			access point to enable the delivery of the undeveloped whole area within the town development boundary via the existing road network. Access to the area can only be achieved via land to the south (north of the veterinary practice) which is currently in the Green Belt. The proposed section of Green Belt to be released has been limited to that which is required to provide an access to the wider site only and minimise the impact on the Green Belt. There are therefore considered to be exceptional circumstances to release this small section of Green Belt to be able to gain access to this area.
			9.83 The Cheadle Town Centre Phase 2 Study (2017) considered the provision of a link road between the A522 Tean Road and Brookhouse Way / A521 as part of this residential scheme. The route is severed by a disused railway line which is in third party ownership and a bridge would be required to connect a link road through. The Council will safeguard the route within the site for a potential future link road and will require that access roads to serve the new development will follow the indicative route and be of a sufficient design to facilitate a link road. Developers should liaise with the District Council and the Highways Authority regarding the specification and route of the link road.
			9.84 The site is located in Flood Zone 1 - low probability and therefore the sequential test required by national policy has been met. There is a main river floodplain located to the west of the site and evidence of some surface water flooding on the southern part of the site. The developer will need to consult with the Environment Agency and the Lead Local Flood Authority as early as possible to discuss SuDS. The masterplan should include opportunities to make space for water through the design and layout of the proposed developments to help management surface water and accommodate climate change. Land lying outside the sites in Flood Zones 2 and 3 could be used as additional open space to that provided within the allocated site / surface water mitigation'. There will be a need to ensure that the link road does not roads within the site do not impact on the River Tean and its floodplain to increase flood risk elsewhere. A flood risk assessment will be required to support this.
			9.85 The Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study has recommended site-specific landscape mitigation measures which include limiting building heights in certain areas, and planting along the western edge of the site. There are two Grade II Listed Buildings within 400m of the southern section of the site, as a farm the agricultural setting is considered to contribute to the

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			overall significance of the asset. It is considered that mitigation through screening of the southern edge of the site would reduce those effects <u>however the comprehensive masterplan for the site should avoid harm in heritage terms before mitigation is considered</u> . The development access road has also been assessed as part of a wider link road in the Heritage Impact Study.
			Policy DSC 3
			Mobberley Strategic Development Area, Farm, Cheadle (CH085a, CH085b, CH085c, CH085d & CH128)
			Land amounting to 16.64 <u>ha</u> is allocated for residential development (approximately 430 dwellings) including associated public open space. The Council will resist development which would undermine a comprehensive approach to the development of the site.
			Development will be subject to comprehensive master planning to include:
			•A Transport Assessment along with suitable access design;
			•Construction of development access roads along the safeguarded route for a potential future link road of a sufficient design standard to facilitate a link road;
			•Surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity;
			•Priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy;
			 Provision of a landscapeing plan and indicative phasing programme, including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study. The landscaping scheme should include limiting building heights in certain areas and planting along the

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 western edge of the site; A detailed assessment of the significance of the heritage asset and how it may be affected, in addition to mitigation measures including screening of the southern edge of the site; as set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study; Public footpaths crossing the site will need to be retained; Ground conditions survey; and A site specific flood risk assessment (FRA) and early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Authority. The flood risk assessment (FRA) should determine the level of flood risk. It should be ensured that the development does not encroach into the floodplain and that at least 8m undeveloped easement/buffer strip is maintained adjacent to the river. Contributions towards infrastructure, public open space, education, services and other community needs including sports facilities as required; and Affordable housing in accordance with Policy H3.
MM45	173	Policy DSC 4 and supporting text	Para 9.89 Policy SS3 of the 2014 Core Strategy identified a residual employment land requirement for Cheadle (to 2026) so identified 'Broad location EM1' at New Haden/Brookhouses Industrial Estate Road, for future employment allocation (dependent on the need for further employment land provision across the town). The SS3 Policy stance is retained under Local Plan Policies SS2, SS3, SS4 and SS5 (but up to 2033 2031). Further to the NLP study findings, the Council considers it appropriate to identify a single site for allocation for general employment purposes within Cheadle to at least meet its residual employment land requirement. The 4.27ha site was formerly allocated in the 1998 Local Plan, is adjacent to existing general industrial areas, and in proximity to main roads including the A521 and A522.

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Policy DSC4
			Land North of New Haden Road, Cheadle (Cheadle EM1)
	174		Land amounting to 4.27ha is allocated for general employment purposes.
			Development must to include:
			•include landscape mitigation measures identified in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study which should include additional advanced planting on the site boundaries and limiting building heights;
			*provide a site specific flood risk assessment to establish the level of fluvial and surface water flood risk of both the site itself and potential impacts elsewhere, and demonstrate how the impacts of flooding on site have been mitigated. The Council expects developers to undertake early discussions with the Environment Agency and Lead Local Flood Authority;
			•include surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity;
			•include detailed investigation work in relation to the mining legacy of the site; and
			•submission of a Transport Assessment and demonstration of a satisfactory vehicular access arrangement, incorporating any necessary highways improvements or financial contributions.
MM46	177	Policy DSR1	Policy DSR1
		Blythe Vale	Blythe Vale
			Land of approximately 48.5ha is allocated for mixed-use including employment, residential

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			development of approximately 300 houses and supporting infrastructure. This residential development should be located to the north of the site. The employment development is intended to serve a regional need and will be considered separately from the employment land requirement for the District. Development will be subject to compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies and a
			 A comprehensive masterplan; Affordable housing in accordance with policy H3; A Transport Assessment to include an analysis of the site and it's traffic impacts on the surrounding road network including the A50 and potential mitigation measures, and early engagement with the Highways England; A Travel Plan;
			 A landscaping scheme to provide appropriate landscape and visual mitigation measures including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments having regard to the recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study. The landscaping scheme shall include measures to limit potential landscape impact and include; additional planting on the edges of and within the development to create a vegetated edge and soften the appearance of the development from long distance views, limiting the sizes and scale of buildings. Development should be set back from Draycott with additional planting to limit potential coalescence issues;
			 Details of surface water discharge; Developers should liaise with Network Rail at an early stage to identify any potential impact on the operation of the adjacent railway and agree mitigation measures as appropriate; A site specific Flood Risk Assessment and early engagement with the Local Lead Flood Authority, the Environment Agency and Network Rail; Be supported by surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity as appropriate.
			 Measures to improve sustainable transport routes and connectivity with Blythe Bridge and surrounding area, and to protect and extend green infrastructure within the Blythe Bridge

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Opportunity corridor which is identified in the having regard to the Green Infrastructure Strategy, to include the provision of suitable crossing facilities to enable access on foot and bicycle to the existing schools in Blythe Bridge, safe walking and cycle routes to and from the development to Blythe Bridge and investigation of opportunities for habitat creation/restoration including establishing wildlife corridors; and Cycle path crossing the site needs to be protected and Contributions toward infrastructure, public open space, education services and other community needs including sports facilities as required.
MM47	178	Policy DSR2 Land east of Brooklands Way, Leekbrook and supporting text	Para 9.108 Policy SS3 of the 2014 Core Strategy identified a residual employment land requirement for Leek (to 2026) so identified 'Broad location EM2' east of Brooklands Way Leekbrook, for future employment allocation (dependent on the need for further employment land provision across the town). The SS3 Policy stance is retained under Local Plan Policies SS2, SS3, SS4 and SS5 (but up to 2033 2031). Further to the NLP study findings, the Council considers it appropriate to identify additional employment land for Leek across a range of locations, with good access to main roads such as the A520, to provide choice in locations around the town, to at least meet its residual employment land requirement in conjunction with future employment windfalls across the town.
	179		Policy DSR2 Land east of Brooklands Way, Leekbrook (EM2)
			Land amounting to approximately 8ha gross (4.01ha net) is allocated for employment uses.
			Development will be subject to compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies to include:
			 Provide a site specific flood risk assessment to determine the level of flood risk across the site as well as the potential risk of flooding elsewhere, and demonstrate how impacts of flooding on site have been mitigated. The Council expects developers to undertake early discussions with the Environment Agency and Lead Local Flood Authority; be supported by surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of any geodiversity as appropriate; in particular development must demonstration of how the SBI status of the Twinney Wood and Grassland site has been

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 taken into account and demonstration of appropriate ecological impact mitigatory/compensatory measures; and provide a landscaping and heritage plan including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments and mitigation of heritage impact to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study; in particular it must be demonstrated how heritage impacts have been mitigated, for example through submission of a masterplan of the site; development should be focused to the western end of the site to protect the setting of the listed Finneylane Farmhouse, and an appropriate mitigation strategy should be put in place. address priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy; and make appropriate contributions towards infrastructure including highways improvements.
MM48	181	Policy DSR3 Land west of Basford Lane, Leekbrook and supporting text	9.113 It is considered that a further site in Leekbrook could contribute to Leek's remaining employment land requirement up to 2031. Land is available for employment purposes rear of the Docksey haulage company, west of Basford Lane, Leekbrook. Whilst the gross area extends to around 1.67ha, approximately 0.8ha of this is considered deliverable given topography issues. Given access difficulties from this lane, It is anticipated that access must be served through this business via the A520 main road, however. Staffordshire Council Highways have indicated they are satisfied with this arrangement.
			9.114 The Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study indicates as the site slopes up to the south it becomes increasingly visually prominent to the west despite existing woodland screening. Overall the evidence concludes that the site is of medium landscape sensitivity therefore recommends that future development be limited to the lower ground only and building heights limited in the west.
			9.115 Areas of wooded and open land to the immediate west and south are designated as both a County-level Site of Biological Importance (SBI) and a woodland TPO. The Council commissioned a Phase I Study of the site incorporating 'Local Wildlife Site' assessment in 2016. This concluded that the hedgerow habitat on site was considered of nature conservation value at the local level however it may qualify as an SBI or a BAS (biodiversity alert site) dependent on further survey against

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			Staffordshire SBI guidelines. The improved grassland habitat was considered of nature conservation value at the site level only. However, badgers and bats may use the site and further surveys for these should be undertaken prior to any future development (including tree surveys for roosts). Riparian mammals and white-clawed crayfish should also be surveyed for if Leek brook, close to the north-eastern corner of the site, is likely to be disturbed.
			9.116 The SCC Lead Local Flood Risk Officer advises that the site is steep, adjacent to a flow path, and may need 3rd party land to discharge surface water. EA advise that part of Leekbrook is covered by a flood warning area for the River Churnet and EA are currently investigating options for improving the flood defences in the village; a local flood action group has also been set up. Therefore the EA and SCC Lead Local Flood Risk Officer advise on the need for submission of Flood Risk Assessment and need for early engagement with developers.
			9.117 SCC Highways/Transportation advise that junction assessments at A520/Basford Lane/Brooklands Way will be required, and possible improvements to sustainable transport links.
			Policy DSR3 Land west of Basford Lane, Leekbrook (ADD09)
			Land amounting to approximately <u>1.67ha gross (</u> 0.8ha net) is allocated for general employment uses.
			Development will be subject to compliance with other relevant Local Plan policies to include:
			 demonstration of a suitable vehicular access arrangement that allows for adequate access by industrial traffic, direct onto the A520 (through Dockseys existing access); and provide appropriate contributions towards infrastructure including highways improvements; given the slope of the site proposals should be limited to the lower parts of the site where possible and building heights limited to the west; a landscaping plan must be provided including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments and mitigation of heritage impact to address recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study;

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 provide a site specific flood risk assessment to demonstrate how on-site surface water and runoff downstream will be managed; and early discussions with the Lead Local Flood Authority and Environment Agency will be required; address priorities and actions identified in the Council's Green Infrastructure Strategy; and be supported by surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of geodiversity as appropriate.
MM49	182	Supporting text to Policy DSR4 Werrington	Add additional paragraph after paragraph 9.118 The Green Belt Study considered the housing sites in Werrington are suitable for release from the Green Belt if there are exceptional circumstances. The Green Belt Review has assessed site WE003 as having a moderate overall contribution to Green Belt purposes. In particular, this land is considered to make a limited contribution to the purposes of maintaining separation and preventing encroachment. The Green Belt Review has assessed site WE052 as having a limited overall contribution to Green Belt purposes. In particular, this land is considered to make a limited contribution to maintaining separation and preventing encroachment. It is considered in this case there are exceptional circumstances to justify the release of the sites from the Green Belt. The Green Belt is tightly drawn around Werrington and there is limited capacity in the settlement for further growth. The settlement has a range of facilities and services and is considered to be in a sustainable location to support some growth and contribute towards meeting the housing needs of the rural areas. The sites are in public ownership, they were previously owned by the Ministry of Justice and are currently owned by Homes England who are proposing to carry out work to ensure the delivery of the housing through an appropriate developer.
	183	Policy DSR4 Werrington	Policy DSR4 Land off Ash Bank Road Werrington (WE003 & WE052) Land comprising two sites is allocated for residential development. WE003 amounts to around 3ha 2.9ha and is allocated for approximately 50 dwellings and WE0052 amounts to around 1ha 0.9ha and is allocated for approximately 25 dwellings.

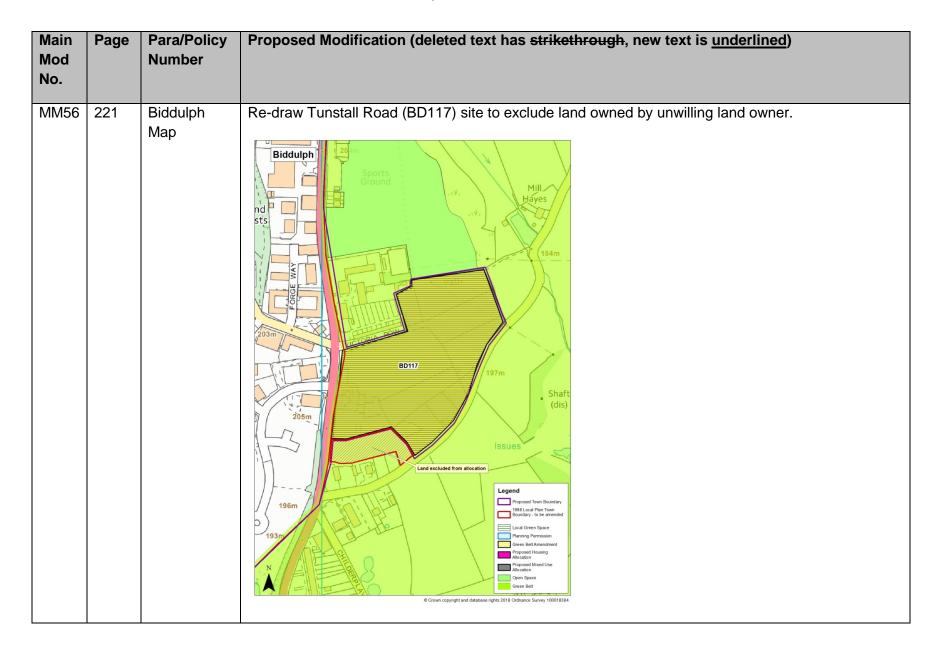
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			 A landscaping scheme to provide appropriate landscape and visual mitigation measures including submission of landscape and visual impact assessments having regard to the recommendations set out in the Council's Landscape, Local Green Space and Heritage Impact Study. The landscaping scheme shall include planting on the southern and south eastern site boundaries; The development shall maintain the gap on the top part of the site WE003 fronting Ash Bank Road by retaining open space on this part of the site; A Noise impact assessment to consider the impact of the HM Young Offenders Institute. Where appropriate the assessment shall provide details of measures to mitigate the impact of noise on residential development; Access to WE003 should be from the eastern part of the site. It should not form a crossroads with Oak Mount road. Access to WE052 would need to take account of the existing bus stop. Adequate visibility splays and access shall be provided in line with the requirements of the Highway Authority; and A traffic assessment to consider the effect of traffic from the development on Ash Bank Road; Be supported by surveys and actions recommended by the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and Local Wildlife Assessment and include measures for protection and enhancement of site biodiversity and protection of geodiversity as appropriate.; A site specific Flood Risk Assessment; A site specific Flood Risk Assessment; Affordable housing in accordance with policy H3; and Contributions toward infrastructure, public open space, education services and other community needs including sports facilities as required.
MM50	184	New policy DSR 5 Bolton Copperwork s with	Bolton Copperworks Froghall The historic copper factory of Thomas Bolton and Sons is mostly ef which is now closed and derelict apart from a small section that services copper wires. It lies within an area of high landscape and tourism value adjoining the village of Froghall. The whole site occupies an area of approximately 17 hectares comprising of a range of industrial buildings.

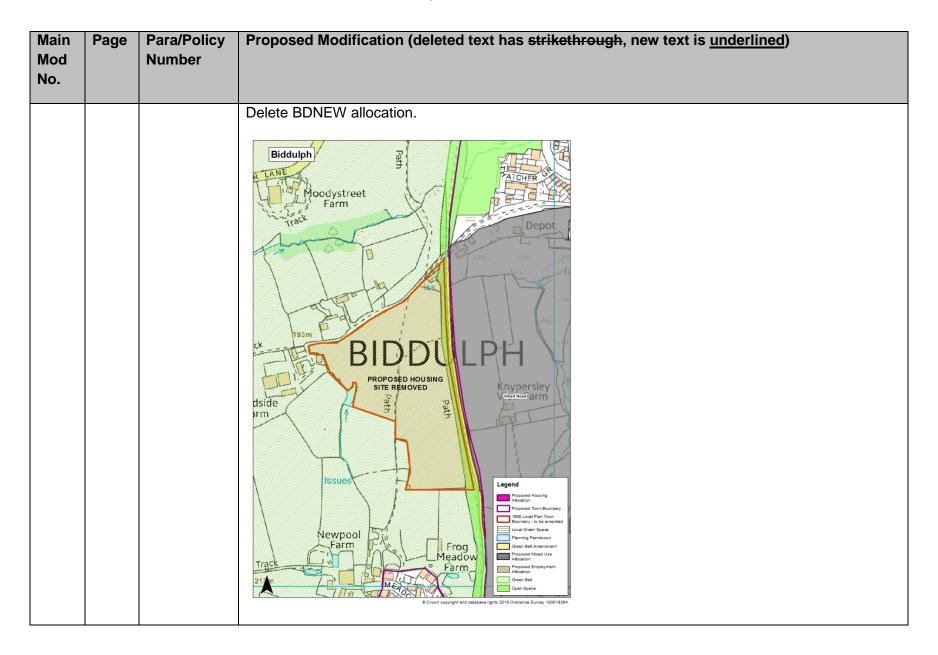
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
		supporting text	The site is included as an opportunity site in the Churnet Valley Masterplan SPD. The opportunity sites are sites which have or could play a key role in delivering the strategy in the SPD. It is identified as having potential for mixed use development. Its strategic location at the centre of the Churnet Valley is considered crucial to the area's success. There are significant potential contamination issues which may be at some depth within the site which must be addressed; also flooding issues are a constraint and would need to be addressed given the majority of the site is affected by either floodzone 3 or floodzone 2.
			Bolton Copperworks Land amounting to approximately 17 hectares is identified as an opportunity site for mixed use development.
			Development will need to demonstrate the flood risk issues can be satisfactorily addressed. A site specific flood risk assessment (FRA) level 2 and early discussions with the Environment Agency and Lead Local Flood Authority is required. The FRA should determine the level of flood risk and appropriate mitigation measures.
			 Uses which may be suitable are employment, residential, tourist-related retail and accommodation, leisure; Development shall make provision for appropriate offsite off-site highway improvements; Development should be complementary to and not undermine the role of the towns and larger villages nor shall it undermine wider strategic objectives; Development should avoid or minimise environmental impacts and congestion and safeguard and enhance natural and cultural assets; Details of the development shall include an investigation of the extent and nature of any contamination on the site and appropriate remediation measures. Development shall be in accordance with the Churnet Valley Masterplan.

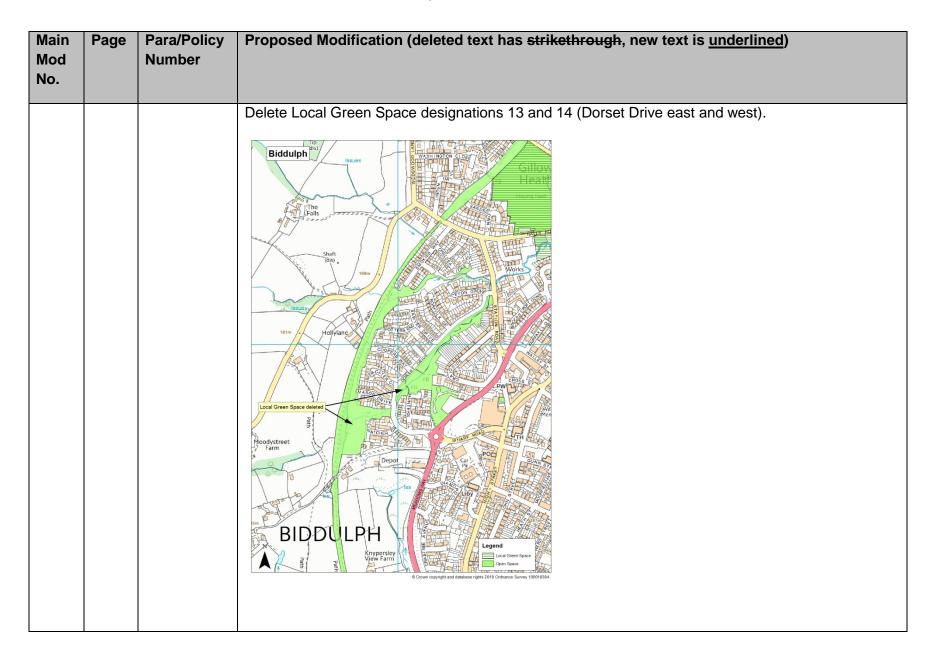
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM51	After 184	New policy DSR6 Anzio Camp and supporting text	Anzio Camp Blackshaw Moor The Anzio Camp is a former army training base located 3 miles to the north of Leek on the southern edge of the Peak District National Park. It lies to the south of Blackshaw Moor which is defined as a smaller village in the settlement hierarchy. The site extends to some 15.4 hectares and includes 17 existing buildings which are unused. The site has planning consent for a mixed use development comprising extra care housing, live work units, ancillary social centre and facilities building and change of use to holiday park. The Anzio Camp is included as an opportunity site in the Churnet Valley Masterplan SPD. The opportunity sites are sites which have or could play a key role in delivering the strategy in the SPD. It is identified as having potential for mixed use development.
			Policy DSR 6 Anzio Camp Land amounting to approximately 15.4 hectares is identified as an opportunity site for mixed use development. • Uses which may suitable are employment, extra care housing, tourist accommodation; • Development should be complementary to and not undermine the role of the towns and larger villages nor shall it undermine wider strategic objectives; • Development should avoid or minimise environmental impacts and congestion and safeguard and enhance natural and cultural assets; • Development shall be in accordance with the Churnet Valley Masterplan.

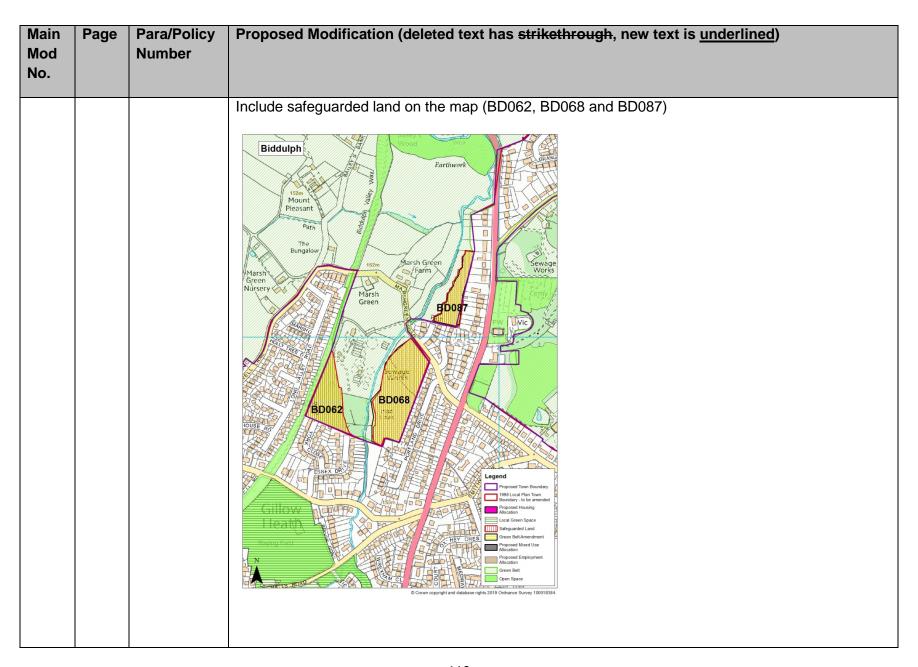
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM52	186	Delete both pa	aragraph 10.2 and 10.3
MM53	186- 199	Implementati on table	Delete table (see appendix)
MM54	199	10.4	Add additional text at end of paragraph 10.4 Policy SS2 removes the village boundaries for the smaller villages and policy SS9 details the smaller villages' strategy which seeks to allow an appropriate level of sensitive development which enhances community vitality or meets a social or economic need of the settlement and its hinterland. The Plan will be monitored to assess if housing is being delivered in the smaller villages in accord with policy. Policy SS4 details the housing land supply and includes an allowance for windfalls, the housing trajectory also includes windfalls which form an element of the rolling 5 year housing land supply. The Plan will be monitored to consider whether windfall sites are coming forward as anticipated and also if the windfall sites, particularly in the rural areas, are delivering affordable housing. Policy SS4 also details the employment land supply and includes an assumption part of the supply will be from windfall sites. Employment monitoring will assess whether sufficient employment land is being delivered, if there are any issues with supply and the contribution made by windfalls. The Local Plan will be reviewed every 5 years in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework 2019. The need for a full or partial review of the Local Plan will also be considered when the Monitoring Report identifies housing delivery has not meet met the housing requirements in the
			Local Plan or the Housing Delivery Test. The table below identifies which indicators relate to housing delivery and will be taken into account when determining if a Local Plan review is necessary. A full or

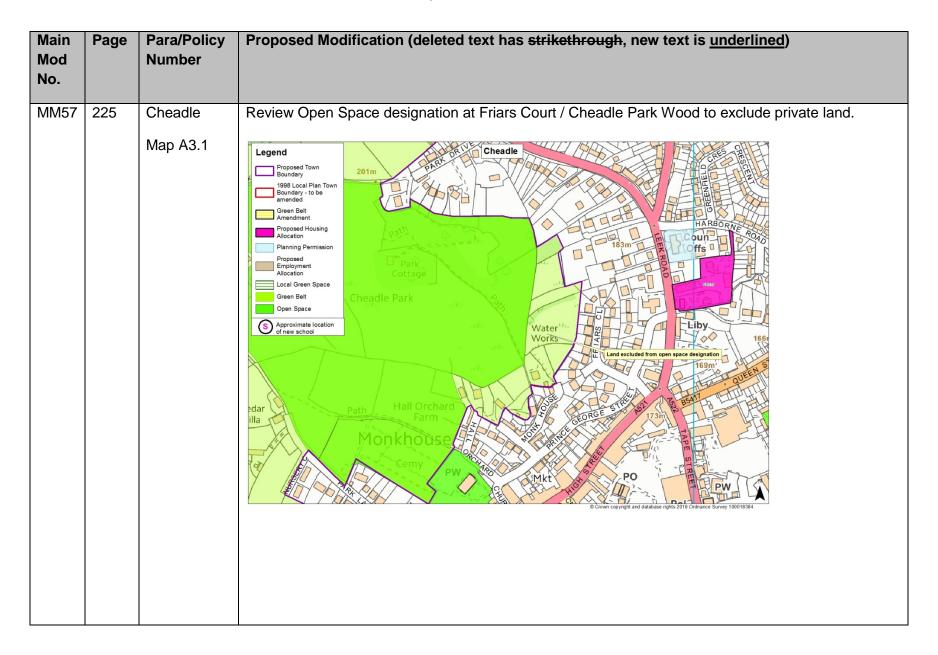
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
			partial review may be considered where there is a significant change in national policy, the evidence base or needs of the adjoining authorities, should it be necessary.
MM55	201-212	Monitoring table	See Appendix 2. Includes reference to implementation mechanism, delivery body and housing delivery indicators which will be taken into account regarding LP review. Policy SS1a deleted. Additional indicators have been added regarding • Applications approved/refused in the Smaller Villages • Housing completions on windfall sites (including affordable housing) • Employment completions on windfall sites

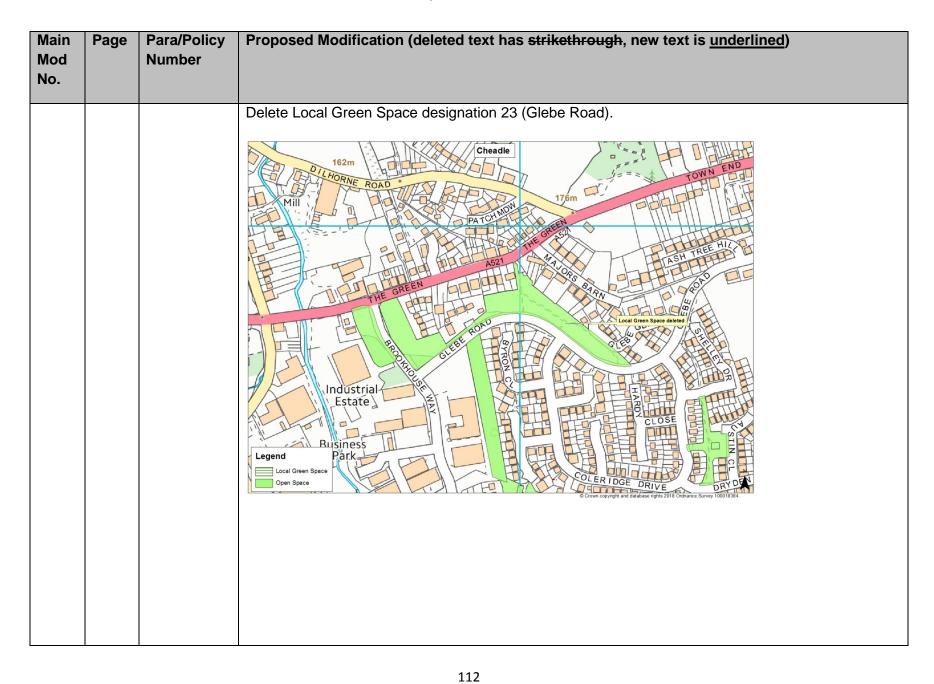




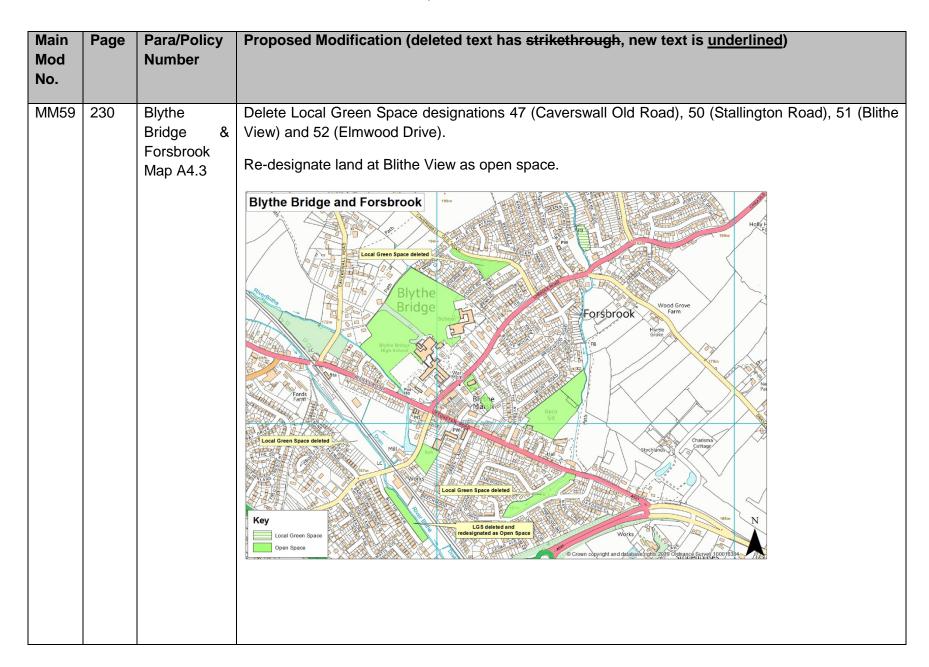


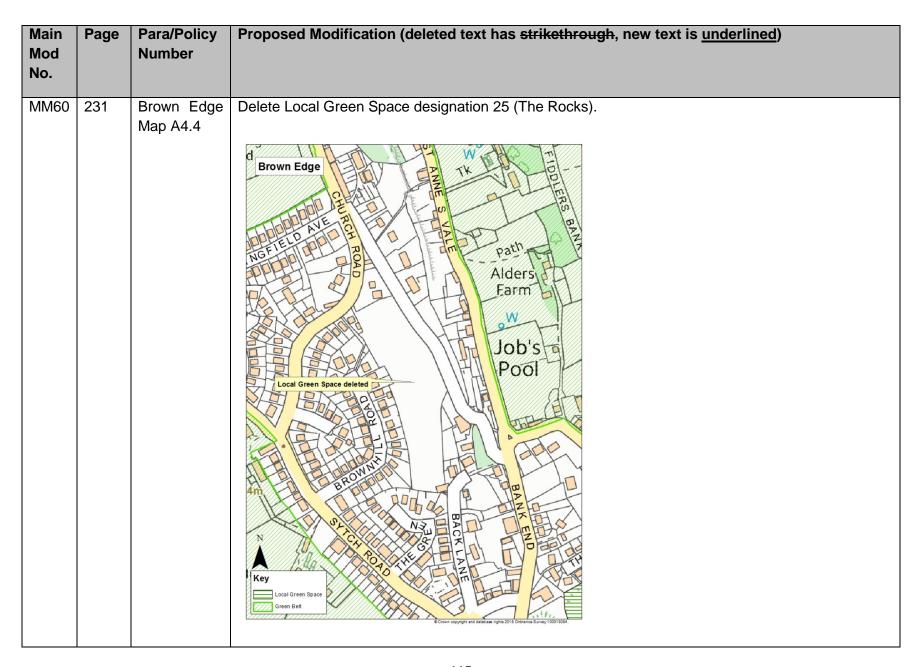


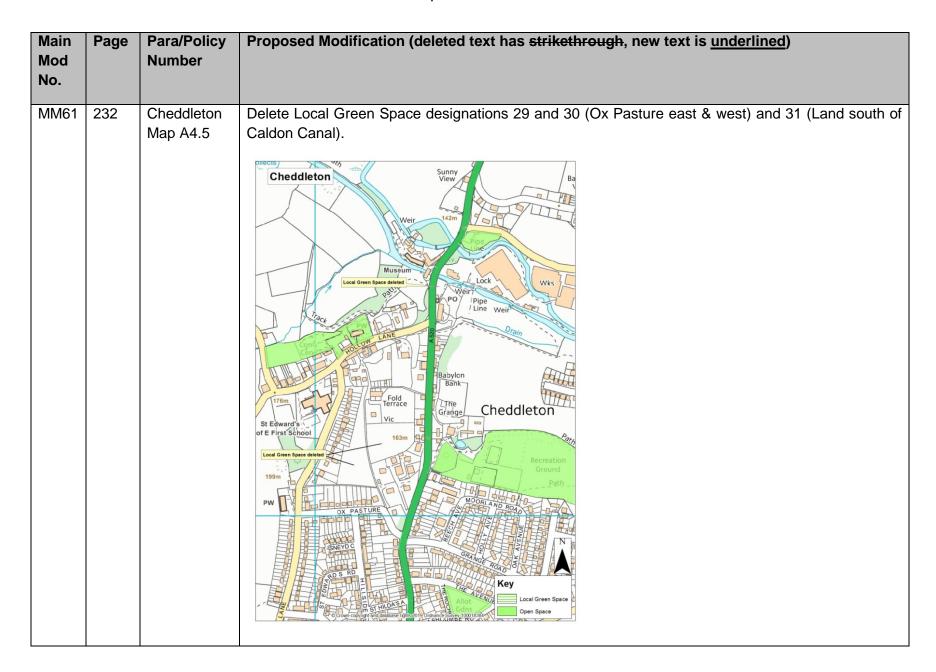


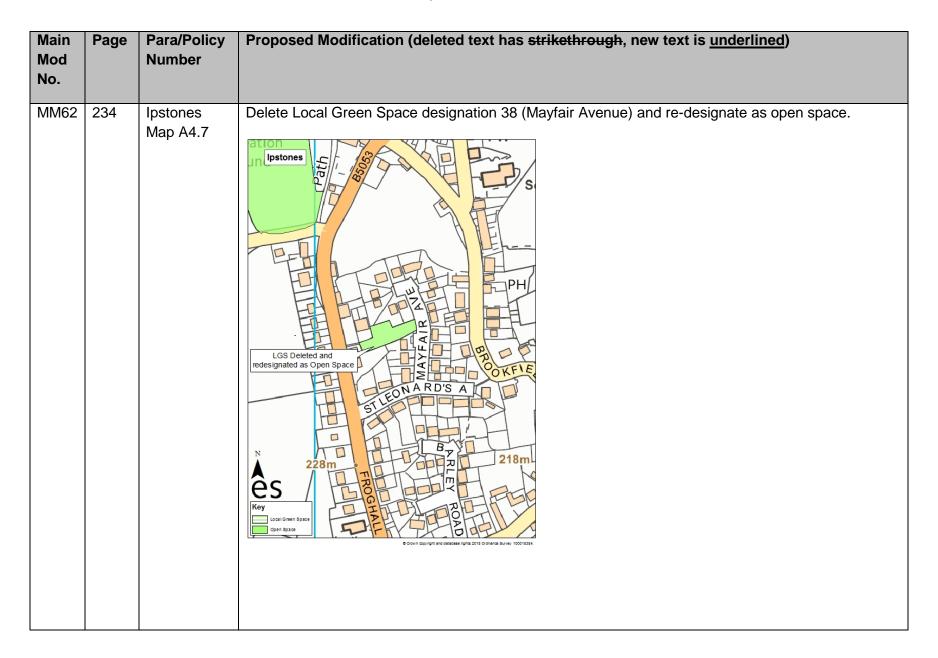


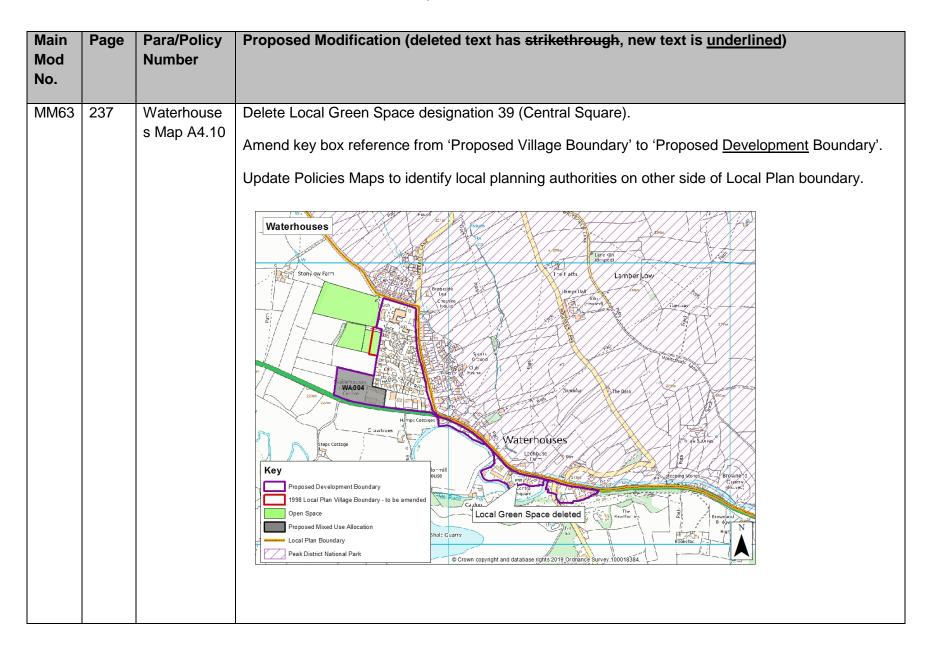
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)
MM58	226	Cheadle Town Centre	Amend Cheadle Town Centre boundary to include Tape Street (& triangle) as per GVA recommendation.
		Map A3.2	Cheadle Town Centre Cheadle Town Centre





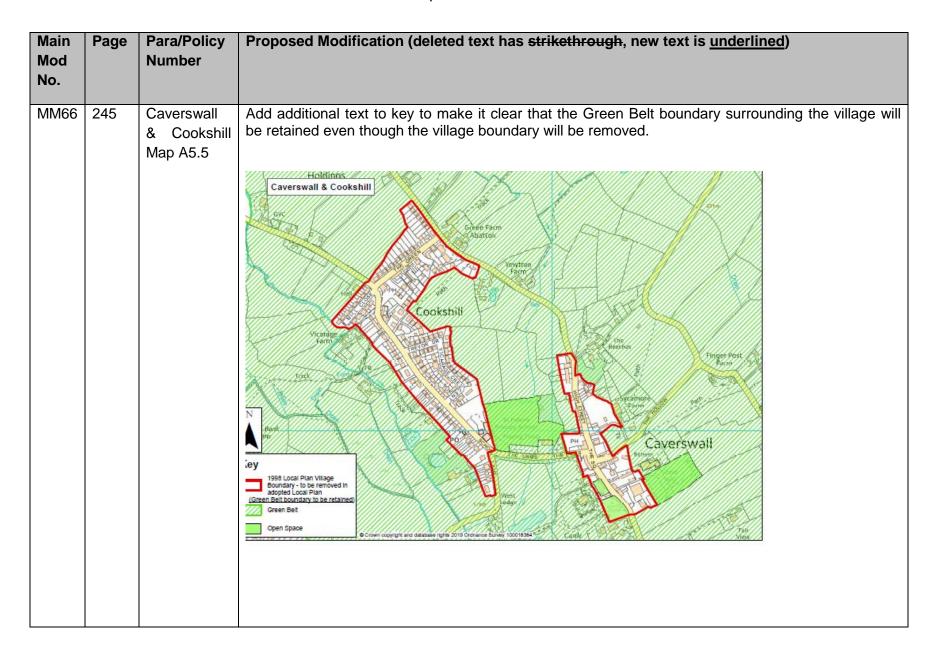


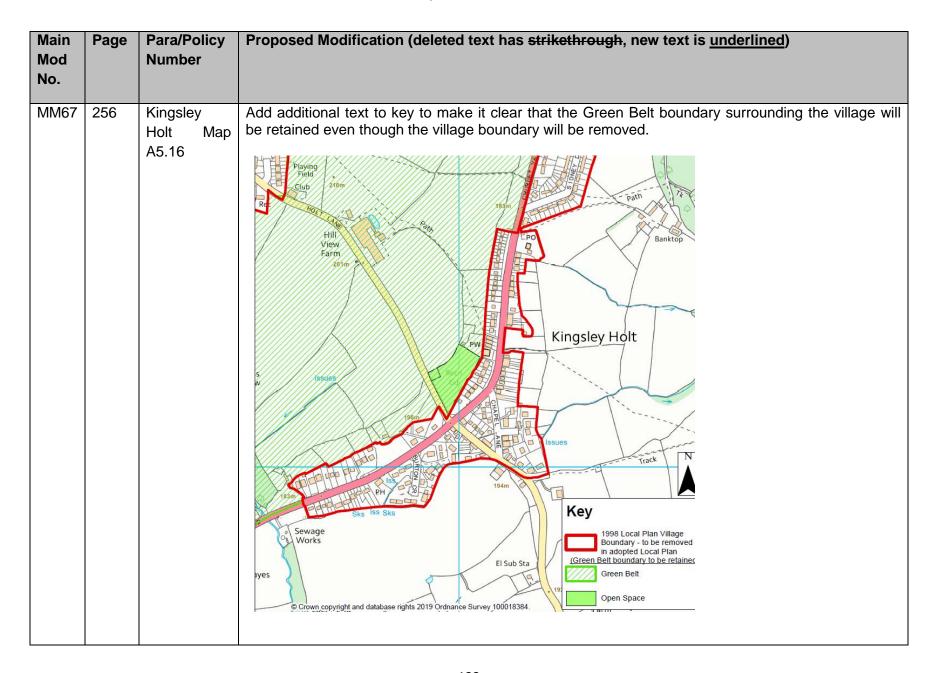


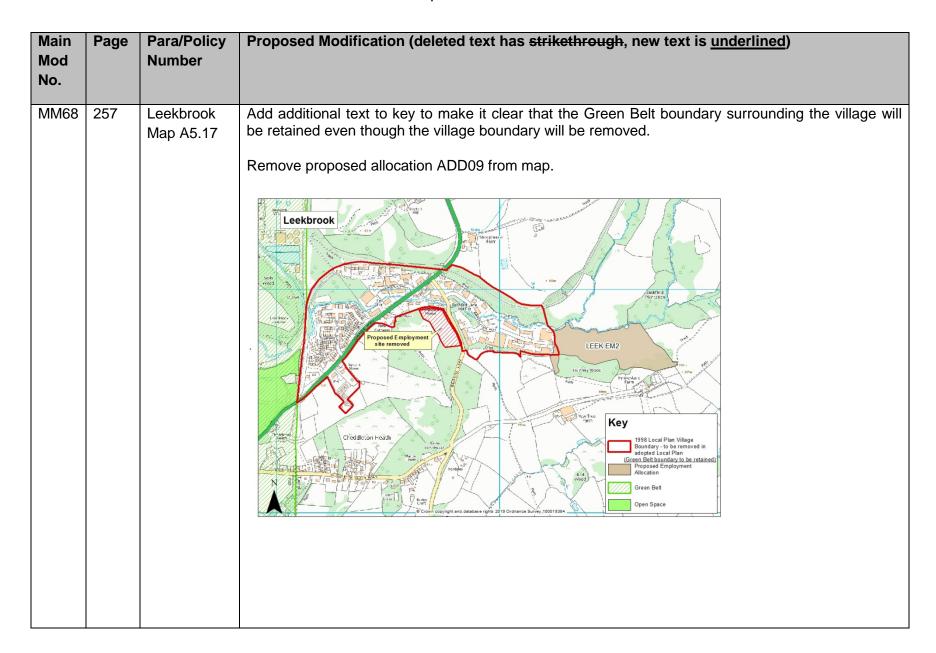


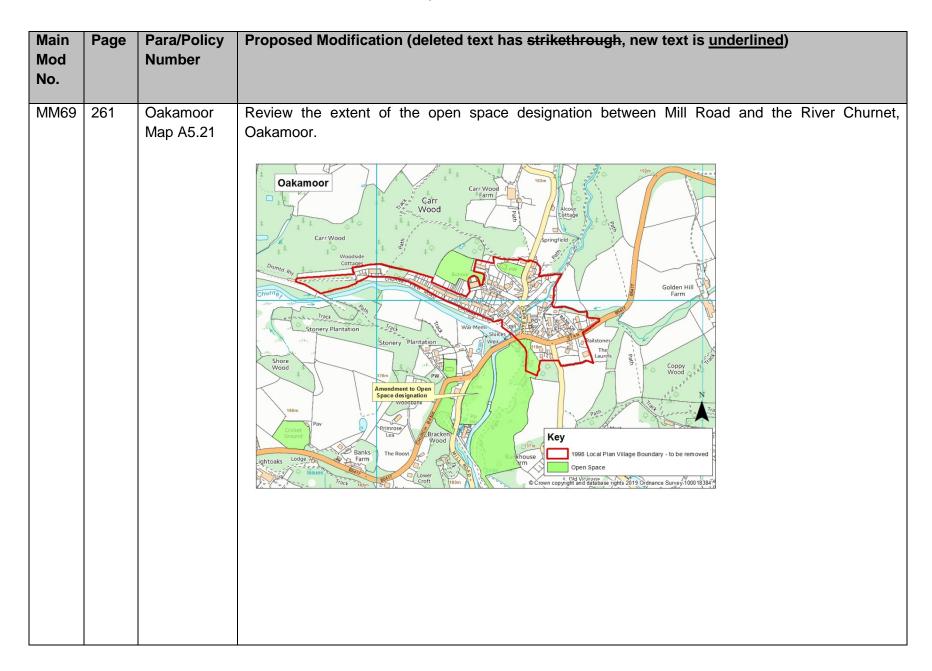
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)		
MM64	238	Werrington Map A4.11	Review extent of allocation at Werrington (WE003 & WE052) to include existing land in prison grounds as options for access. Delete Local Green Space designation 35 (North of Cotehill Road) and re-designate southern part as open space. Amend key box reference from 'Proposed Village Boundary' to 'Proposed Development Boundary'. Werrington & Cellarhead Werrington & Cellarhead One Designation of the West Control of the We		

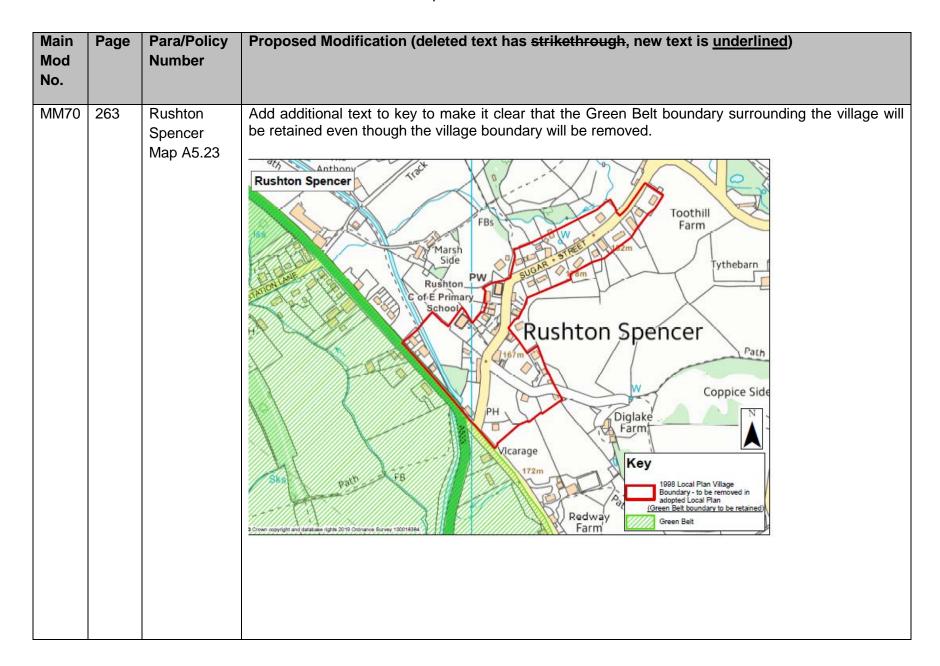
Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)		
MM65	241	Bagnall Map A5.1	Add additional text to key to make it clear that the Green Belt boundary surrounding the village will be retained even though the village boundary will be removed. Amend Local Green Space Designation 41 (Village Green Pub Garden) to exclude car park. Add new Local Green Space designation '41A The Green'.		











Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)		
MM71	264	Stanley Map A5.24	Add additional text to key to make it clear that the Green Belt boundary surrounding the village will be retained even though the village boundary will be removed. Stanley Stanley Issues Stanley Issues Stanley Issues Rey Issues Issues		
MM72	272	Appendix 7	Amended housing trajectory to relect updated housing figures 31/03/2019 and Housing Implementation Strategy consultation Jan 19.		

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)	
MM73	284	Appendix 10	List of Local Green Spaces Proposed for Allocation in the Local Plan	
			Modify the list as follows:	
			LEEK	
			01 Brough Park	
			02 Ball Haye Green Recreation Ground	
			04 Birch Gardens	
			05 Pickwood Recreation Ground	
			06 Westwood Road Recreation Ground	
			07 Westwood Park Drive Woodland	
			08 Edgehill Road Woodland	
			09 Campbell Avenue	
			10 Fynney Street Garden	
			BIDDULPH	
			11 Gillow Heath Recreation Ground	
			12 Halls Road	
			13 Dorset Drive (west)	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)	
			14 Dorset Drive (east)	
			16 Thames Drive Woodland	
			17 Leisure Centre	
			18 Braddocks Hay	
			19 Braddocks Hay Recreation Ground	
			20 (Section B) Springfield Road	
			CHEADLE	
			21 Cecilly Brook Corridor (runs along the eastern side of Cheadle from Cheadle Road Recreation Ground to the north to Eaves Lane to the south alongside Cecilly Brook)	
			22 Memorial Recreation Ground	
			23 (Section D) Glebe Road	
			BROWN EDGE	
			25 The Rocks	
			26 (Section C) High Lane	
			ENDON	
			27 Hillswood Drive Recreation Ground	
			CHEDDLETON	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)	
			29 Ox Pasture (west)	
			30 Ox Pasture (east)	
			31 (Section B) Land South of Caldon Canal	
			32 Land adjacent to Caldon Canal	
			WERRINGTON	
			34 Meigh Road Playing Fields	
			35 North of Cotehill Road	
			37 Millenium Garden	
			IPSTONES	
			38 Mayfair Avenue	
			WATERHOUSES	
			39 Central Square	
			BAGNALL	
			40 Village Green (Pub Garden excluding car park)	
			41 Village Green	
			41A The Green	

Main Mod No.	Page	Para/Policy Number	Proposed Modification (deleted text has strikethrough, new text is underlined)		
			OAKAMOOR		
			42 Adjacent to River Churnet		
			ALTON		
			43 (Section A) New Road		
			44 Town Head		
			UPPER TEAN		
			45 Wentlows		
			46 Riverside Recreation Ground		
			BLYTHE BRIDGE		
			47 Caverswall Old Road		
			48 Rear of Butchers Arms		
			50 Stallington Road		
			51 Blithe View		
			52 Elmwood Drive		
MM74	297	Appendix 12 Glossary	Housing Trajectory – a projection of future housing provision and requirements. The Housing Trajectory tracks the provision of housing supply over the lifespan of the Local Plan (2014- 2016- 2033 2031). The purpose of the Housing Trajectory is to highlight the robustness and soundness of the overall housing strategy in the Local Plan and how it is likely to perform in relation to the housing		
			requirements.		

APPENDIX 1 – Implementation Plan Policies Table

_

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
Policy SS1 Development Principles	Ensuring that all local communities are sustainable and that a p p r o p r i a t e development is supported Ensuring that all local	Determination of planning applications Working with partners to implement relevant plans and strategies Determination of	SMDC Developers Partner organisations
Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development	communities are sustainable and that appropriate development is supported	Working with partners to implement relevant plans and strategies	Developers Partner organisations
Policy SS2 Settlement Hierarchy	Guides the distribution of of development to the most appropriate location	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers
Policy SS3 Future Provision and Distribution of Development	To meet the development needs of the District as far as possible within the limits of local landscape, infrastructure and environment alconstraints Guides the distribution of of development to the most appropriate location To support the preparation of Neighbourhood Plans	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications Working with Parish/Town Councils Monitoring the delivery of development through the Annual Monitoring Report	SMDC Developers Parish/Town Councils
Policy SS4 Strategic Housing and Employment Land Supply	Guides the distribution of of development to the most appropriate location	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers Parish/Town Councils

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
	To meet the housing needs of the District as far as possible within the limits of local landscape, infrastructure and environments To provide a range of market and affordable housing To deliver a sufficient supply of employment land to support the local economy To support the preparation of Neighbourhood Plans	Working with Parish/Town Councils S106 and conditions	
Policy SS5 Leek Area Strategy	Enable the sustainable development of Leek and consolidate it's role as a principal service centre and market town Protect and enhance the special character and heritage of Leek Support the delivery of c o m p I e m e n t a r y regeneration and infrastructure projects	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications Working with partners to delivery regeneration projects S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers Partner organisations
Policy SS6 Biddulph Area Strategy	Enable the sustainable development of Biddulph and enhance it's role as a principal service centre and market town Protect and enhance the special character and heritage of Biddulph	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications Working with partners to delivery regeneration projects S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers Partner organisations

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
	Support the delivery of c o m p l e m e n t a r y regeneration and infrastructure projects		
Policy SS7 Cheadle Area Strategy	Enable the sustainable development of Cheadle and expand it's role as a principal service centre and market town Protect and enhance the special character and heritage of Cheadle Support the delivery of c o m p I e m e n t a r y regeneration and infrastructure projects	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications Working with partners to delivery regeneration projects S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers Partner organisations
Policy SS8 Larger Villages Area Strategy	Enable the sustainable development of the larger villages and maintain their role as rural service centres Protect the larger villages heritage and special character	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers Partner organisations
Policy SS9 Smaller Villages Area Strategy	Enable the sustainable development of the smaller villages Protect the smaller villages heritage and special character	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy SS10 Other Rural Areas Strategy	Maintain the openness of the countryside and Green Belt	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
Policy SS11 Churnet Valley Strategy	Enhance and promote the Churnet Valley for sustainable tourism and rural regeneration Protect the the Churnet Valley's heritage and special character	Implementation of the Churnet Valley Masterplan Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions Working with partners to delivery regeneration projects	SMDC Developers
Policy SS12 Planning Obligations and Community Infrastructure Levy	Provision of infrastructure or funding by developers to support individual sites and the cumulative impacts of development	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions C o m m u n i t y Infrastructure Levy (subject to further consideration)	SMDC Developers
Policy SD1 Sustainable Use of Resources	To reduce the impact of development on the environment through sustainable design and construction Efficient use of resources	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy SD2 Renewable/Low Carbon Energy	Increased energy from renewable resources Protect landscape character	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy SD3 Sustainability Measures in Development	To reduce the impact of development on the environment through sustainable design and construction	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
	Efficient use of resources		
Policy SD4 Pollution and Water Quality	Development located away from sensitive areas as far as possible Pollution mitigation measures to reduce potential adverse effects	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy SD5 Flood Risk	Mitigate the impact of flood risk Development located outside areas of flood risk as far as possible	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers Environment Agency
Policy E1 New Employment Development	New employment in sustainable locations	Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers
Policy E2 Employment Allocations	Deliver additional land for employment employment development Mitigation of impact of development	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy E3 E x i s t i n g Employment Areas, Premises and Allocations	Protection of land for employment use to maintain sufficient supply	Designation of sites in Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions Public sector investment where appropriate	SMDC Developers Partners

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
Policy E4 Tourism and Cultural Development	New tourist development in sustainable locations Increased visitor numbers and spend Protection of landscape	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions Implementation of Churnet Valley Masterplan Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy	SMDC Developers Partners
Policy H1 New H o u s i n g Development	Sufficient supply of land to meet housing needs New housing in sustainable locations Provide a range of market and affordable housing Provide a range of house types including self build	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy H2 H o u s i n g Allocations	Sufficient supply of land to meet housing needs New housing in sustainable locations	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers
Policy H3 Affordable Housing	Supply of affordable housing that considers both need and viability Provision of affordable housing tenures that relates to needs	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications Appraisals of individual developments where viability may require adjustment to the level of affordable	SMDC Developers Registered Social Landlords

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
Policy H4 Gypsy and Traveller Sites and Sites for Travelling Showpeople	Meet the need identified gypsy and traveller sites and sites for travelling showpeople Development that reflects local infrastructure, townscape, landscape and amenity considerations	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions Regular monitoring of the needs of the gypsy and traveller community and travelling showpeople through future Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessments Partnership work with other Local Authorities and relevant agencies	SMDC Developers Other Local Authorities/agencies
Policy TCR1 Development in the Town Centres	Protect and enhance vitality and viability of town centres Accessible retail and town centre that accords with local design guidance Protect the character of town centres	Designation of land in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 agreements and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy TCR2 Primary Shopping Frontages	Retention of A1 frontages within areas designated in the town centres Other town centre uses outside defined Primary Shopping Frontages which	Designation of land in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers
Policy TCR3 Retailing and other Town	Protect and enhance vitality and viability of town centres		SMDC Developers

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
Centre uses outside Town Centres		S e q u e n t i a l Assessment of development	
Policy DC1 D e s i g n Considerations	Enhances and protects the special and the character and distinctiveness of local areas Increased use of sustainable design and construction methods Provides inclusive design Developments accessible and integrated with a range of transport methods	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy	SMDC Developers
Policy DC2 The H i s t o r i c Environment	Enhances and protects heritage assets and the historic character of the area	Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DC3 Landscape and Settlement Setting	Enhance and protect the distinctive character of the local landscape and settlements	Designation of land in Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DC4 Local Green Space	Protection of Local Green Spaces	Designation of land in Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
Policy C1 Creating Sustainable Communities	Protect and enhance community facilities	Designation of land in Local Plan Determination of planning Applications S106 and conditions C o m m u n i t y Infrastructure Levy (subject to further consideration)	SMDC Developers Infrastructure providers
Policy C2 Sport, Recreation and Open Space	Protect and enhance the quality, quantity and accessibility of open space and recreation provision	Designation of land in the Local Plan Determination of planning Applications S106 and conditions C o m m u n i t y Infrastructure Levy (subject to further consideration) Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy Working with partners	SMDC Developers Partners
Policy C3 Green Infrastructure	Improve and enhance the Green Infrastructure of the District. Develop a multifunctional integrated green infrastructure that has both biodiversity and recreational benefits	Designation of land in the Local Plan Determination of planning Applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers Partners

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
		C o m m u n i t y Infrastructure Levy (subject to further consideration) Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy Working with partners	
Policy NE1 Biodiversity and Geological Resources	Enhance and protect designated and non designated sites of biodiversity importance	Designation of land in the Local Plan Determination of planning Applications S106 and conditions Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy Working with partners	SMDC Developers Partners
Policy NE2 Trees, Woodland and Hedgerows	Increased incorporation of existing mature trees within new development Protection of trees, hedgerows and woodland Improved tree planting and mitigation as part of new development	Determination of planning Applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy T1 Development and Sustainable Transport	New development in sustainable locations Provision of new sustainable transport measures to increase accessibility	Determination of planning Applications S106 and conditions Travel Plans	SMDC Developers Partners

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
	Measures to promote safer road conditions Identification of impacts of development on highways and transport and necessary mitigation measures	C o m m u n i t y Infrastructure Levy (subject to further consideration)	
Policy T2 Other Sustainable Transport Measures	New development in sustainable locations Provision of new sustainable transport measures to increase accessibility Measures to promote safer road conditions Identification of impacts of development on highways and transport and necessary mitigation measure	Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy Local Transport Plan Determination of planning Applications S106 and conditions Travel Plans	SMDC Developers Partners
Policy DSL1 Landat Horsecroft Farm Leek	Secure appropriate residential and educational development of the site Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSL2 Land at the Mount Leek	Secure appropriate residential and educational development of the site Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSL3 Land at Newton House Leek	Secure appropriate residential and employment development of the site	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
	Mitigation of identified impacts	S106 and conditions	
Policy DSL4 Cornhill East Leek	Secure appropriate residential and e m p l o y m e n t development of the site Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSB1 Wharf Road Strategic Development Area	Secure appropriate residential, retail and employment of the site. Retain school playing field Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSB2 Biddulph Mills	Secure appropriate residential development of the sites Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSB3 Tunstall Road Strategic Development Area (opposite Victoria Business Park)	Secure appropriate residential and e m p l o y m e n t development of the site Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSC1 Cheadle North Strategic Development Area	Secure appropriate residential and educational development of the site Mitigation of identified impact	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
Policy DSC2 Cecilly Brook Strategic Development Area	Secure appropriate residential development of the site Mitigation of identified impact	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers
Policy DSC3 Mobberley Farm Cheadle	Secure appropriate residential development of the site Mitigation of identified impact	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSC4 Land North of New Haden Road Cheadle	Secure appropriate e m p l o y m e n t development of the site Mitigation of identified impact	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSR1 Blythe Vale	Secure appropriate residential and e m p l o y m e n t development of the site Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers
Policy DSR2 Land east of Brooklands Way, Leekbrook	Secure appropriate e m p l o y m e n t development of the site Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications	SMDC Developers
Policy DSR3 Land west of Basford Lane, Leekbrook	Secure appropriate e m p l o y m e n t development of the site Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers

Policy	Principal outcomes	Implementation mechanism	Delivery body
Policy DSR4 Land off Ashbank Road Werrington	Secure appropriate residential development of the site Mitigation of identified impacts	Designation of site in the Local Plan Determination of planning applications S106 and conditions	SMDC Developers

Table 1.1

APPENDIX 2 - Monitoring Indicators Table

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
Policy SS1 Development Principles	S01, S02, S04, S05, S07, S08, S010, S011	SO3, SO6, SO9,	This policy will be monitored through the indicators used for the other Loca Plan policies that contribute towards sustainable development principles.	will be monitored through the indicators used for the other Local es that contribute towards sustainable development principles.	r the other Local	Planning application determination. Partnership working. SMDC. Developers. Partner organisations
Policy 1a Presumption in Favour of Development	501, 502, 504, 505, 507, 508, 5010, 5011	603 603 7	This policy will be monitored through the indicators used for the other Loca Plan policies that contribute towards sustainable development principles.	will be monitored through the indicators used for the other Local es that contribute towards sustainable development principles.	rthe other Local	
Policy SS2 Settlement Hierarchy	SO1		Net additional dwellings for each year over plan period by Towns and Rural Areas. (Review indicator) Details of applications approved/refused for residential development in the smaller villages (Review indicator)	To focus development in the towns and larger villages in line with the spatial strategy. To allow an appropriate e v e o f residential development in the smaller villages	Development Management	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. SMDC. Developers

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
Policy SS3 Future Provision and Distribution of Development	SO1		Net additional dwellings for each year over plan period by Parish. (Review indicator) Net additional employment floorspace developed for each year over plan period by Parish	To meet housing and employment requirements identified in the Local Plan.	Development Management B u i l d i n g Control S trategic Housing Land Availability Assessment	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. Working with Parish & Town Councils. Monitoring delivery. SMDC. Developers Parish & Town Councils.
Policy SS4 S t r a t e g i c Housing and E m p l o y m e n t Land Supply	SO1		Proportion of housing completed in each area. (Review indicator) Details of completions on allocated sites and windfall sites. Employment completions on windfall sites. Proportion of employment development completed in each area.	To meet housing and employment requirements in each part of the District identified in the Local Plan.	Development Management	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. Working with Parish & Town Councils. \$106 & conditions. SMDC. SMDC. Developers Parish & Town Councils

Policy	Local Plan Objectives	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
Policy SS5 Leek Area Strategy	SO2, SO3, SO4, SO5, SO6, SO7, SO8, SO10, SO11	Number (net) and type of housing completions in Leek e.g. affordable housing, windfalls and self build. (Review indicator)	Increasing housing provision by type.	Development Management E c o n o m i c Development	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. Working with partners. S106 & conditions.
		Net gain / loss in types of open space provision (ha) and facilities in Leek.	Protecting quantity of open space and outdoor sports facilities in Leek.		SMDC. Developers Partner organisations.
		Number of new community facilities (including education) completed in Leek.	Provision of new community facilities (including education) in Leek.		
		Amount of net additional employment floorspace developed across Leek per year.	To meet employment land requirements identified for Leek in the Local Plan.		
		% of retail and other types of units in Leek town centre (annual data)	Maintaining vitality and viability of Leek town centre (annual review).		
		% of vacant units in Leek town centre (annual data).			

Policy	0 0	Local Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
				Number / net floorspace of completions on strategic sites in Leek (Cornhill East, Land at Newton House, Land at the Mount).	Meeting development needs of Leek.		
Policy Standard Arr Strategy	SS6 Area S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	SO2, SO3, SO4, SO5, SO6, SO7, SO8, SO10, SO11		Number (net) and type of housing completions in Biddulph e.g. affordable housing, windfalls and self build. (Review indicator) Net gain / loss in types of open space provision (ha) and facilities in Biddulph. Number of new community facilities in Biddulph. Amount of net additional employment floorspace developed across Biddulph	Increasing housing provision by type. Protecting quantity of open space and outdoor sports facilities in Biddulph. Provision of new community facilities in Biddulph. To meet employment land requirements identified for Biddulph in the Local	Development Management E c o n o m i c Development	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. Working with partners. S106 & conditions. SMDC. Developers Partner organisations.
				per year.	Plan.		

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
			% of retail and other types of units in Biddulph town centre (annual data) % of vacant units in Biddulph town centre (annual data)	Maintaining vitality and viability of Biddulph town centre (annual review)		
			Number / net floorspace of completions on strategic sites in Biddulph (Wharf Road and Tunstall Road).	Meeting development needs of Biddulph.		
Policy SS7 Cheadle Area Strategy	SO2, SO3, SO4 SO5, SO6, SO7 SO8, SO10, SO11	SO4, SO7, O11	Number (net) and type of housing completions in Cheadle e.g. affordable housing, windfalls and self build. (Review indicator)	Increasing housing provision by type.	Development Management E c o n o m i c Development	Allocation of sites in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. Working with partners. \$106 & conditions.
			Net gain / loss in types of open space provision (ha) and facilities in Cheadle.	Protecting quantity of open space and outdoor sports facilities (including education) in Cheadle.		Developers Partner organisations.

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan is	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
			Number of new community facilities (including education) completed in Cheadle.	Provision of new community facilities (including education) in Cheadle.		
			Amount of net additional employment floorspace developed across Cheadle per year.	To meet employment land requirements identified for Cheadle in the Local Plan.		
			% of retail and other types of units in Cheadle town centre (annual data)	Maintaining vitality and viability of Cheadle town centre (annual review)		
			% of vacant units in Cheadle town centre (annual data)			
			Number / net floorspace of completions on strategic sites in Cheadle (land off Donkey Lane and Mobberley Farm).	Meeting development needs of Cheadle.		
Policy SS8 Larger Villages Area Strategy	SO2, SO3, SO5, SO6, SO8, SO9, 8	3, SO4, 06, SO7, 9, SO10,	Number (net) and type of housing completions in each larger village e.g. affordable housing, windfalls and self	Increasing housing provision by type.	Development Management SMDC	
			build. (Review indicator)	Retain existing community facilities in larger villages.		with partners. S106 & conditions.

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
			Details of applications approved/refused for residential development in the smaller villages (Review indicator) Changes in number of community facilities (by village)	To allow an appropriate level of residential development in the smaller villages		SMDC. Developers Partner organisations.
Policy SS9 Smaller Villages Area Strategy	\$02, \$03, \$05, \$06, \$08, \$09, \$011	SO3, SO4, SO6, SO7, SO9, SO10,	Number (net) and type of housing completions in smaller villages e.g. affordable housing and self build. (Review indicator) Changes in number of community facilities (by village)	Ensuring limited appropriate housing development as per policy. Retain existing community facilities in smaller villages.	Development Management SMDC	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. SMDC. Developers Partner organisations.
Policy SS10 Other Rural Areas Strategy	SO2, SO3 SO5, SO6 SO8, SO9, SO11	SO3, SO4, SO6, SO7, SO9, SO10,	Number (net) and type of housing completions in other rural areas e.g. affordable housing and self build.	Ensuring very limited appropriate housing development as per policy.	Development Management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
			(Review indicator) Redevelopment of major sites (Bolton Copperworks, Froghall and Anzio Camp, Blackshaw Moor) Number and nature of completions in Green Belt.	Sites redeveloped. Ensuring limited development in Green Belt as per national policy.		SMDC. Developers Partner organisations.
Policy SS11 Churnet Valley Strategy	SS11 SO2, Si Valley SO7, Si SO10	SO3, SO6, SO8, SO9,	Number of planning approvals in Churnet Valley by type.	Ensure the type of development taking place in the Churnet Valley is in line with policy.	Development Management	Implementation of the Churnet Valley Masterplan & Green Infrastructure Strategy. Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. Working with partners to deliver regeneration projects SMDC. SMDC. Developers Partner organisations.

Policy	Local P Objectives	lan M	Plan Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
Policy SS12 Planning Obligations and Community Infrastructure Levy	SO10		Number of approvals for new infrastructure and community facilities. % of major applications approved contrary to infrastructure provider advice. Provision of identified infrastructure to support plan allocations.	TBD No applications approved contrary to infrastructure provider advice. Infrastructure provided in accordance with site delivery.	Development Management Infrastructure Delivery Plan	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. CIL (subject to further consideration) SMDC. Developers.
Policy SD1 Sustainable Use of Resources	802	<u> </u>	Total amount of net additional dwellings completed and employment floorspace developed per year across District on previously developed land. Area of land redeveloped on 'potentially contaminated land' across the District per year	To maximise the effective use of land by supporting development of previously developed land and land affected by contamination from previous uses, as per Government policy.	Development management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy SD2 Renewable/Low Carbon Energy	802	ZēSá	No of renewable/low carbon energy generation schemes (requiring consent)completed by installed capacity and type.	To maximise the District's contribution to national obligations regarding both increasing the proportion	Development management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.

Policy	Local Plan Objectives	n Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
			of energy generated from renewable or low carbon energy; and reducing greenhouse gas emissions.		
Policy SD3 Sustainability Measures in Development	S02	No of District Heating Network / Schemes completed.	To maximise the District's contribution to national obligations regarding both increasing the proportion of energy generated from renewable or low carbon energy; and reducing greenhouse gas emissions.	Development management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy SD4 Pollution	S02	Pollution objections from Environmental Health to planning applications (no of schemes)	To minimise potential n e g a t i v e environmental/amenity effects arising from new development as a consequence of the Council's development requirements.	Development management / S M D C Environmental H e a I t h Records	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. SMDC. Developers.
Policy SD5 Flood Risk	S02	No of planning permissions granted contrary to EA advice on floodrisk and water quality grounds	To minimise increases in flood risk or reductions in local water quality arising	Development management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.

Policy	Local P Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
				from new development as a consequence of the Council's development requirements.		SMDC.Developers.
Policy E1 New Employment Development	SO3, SO7		Total amount of net additional employment floorspace developed per year across District by type Total amount of net additional B1(a) office floorspace developed in town centres per year	To meet employment land requirements identified for the District in the Local Plan.	Development Management	Planning application determination. SMDC. Developers.
Policy E2 Employment Allocations	SO3, SO7		Amount of developed floorspace on allocated sites (ha)	To meet the District's employment land needs on allocated sites.	Development Management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy E3 E x i s t i n g Employment Areas	SO3, SO7		Total amount of employment land (as defined in glossary) developed for other uses per year	To maintain the District's existing level of stock of employment sites, by minimising (and requiring justification of)losses to other uses.	Development Management	Designation of sites in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. S106 &

Policy	Local PI Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
						conditions. Public sector investment where appropriate. SMDC. Developers. Partners
Policy E4 Tourism and C u t u r a Development	SO3, SO7		Percentage of people employed in the Tourism Sector in the Staffordshire Moorlands	Maintaining the important role that tourism and culture plays in the economy of the Staffordshire Moorlands.	Nomis	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. Implementation of Churnet Valley Masterplan and Green Infrastructure SMDC. Developers. Partners.
Policy H1 New H o u s i n g Development	804		Net additional dwellings for each year over plan period by Parish. (Review indicator) Net additional dwellings for each year over plan period in the Green Belt.	Meeting the District's housing needs. Allowing only appropriate forms of housing development in accordance with Green Belt policy.	Development Management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. SMDC. Developers.

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
			Net additional rural housing conversions by Parish.	Allowing re-use of rural buildings for residential in accordance with policy.		
Policy H2 H o u s i n g Allocations	SO4		Number of completions on allocated sites. (Review indicator)	To meet the District's housing needs on allocated sites.	Development Management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy H3 Affordable Housing	SO4		Number of affordable dwellings completed. Number of affordable dwellings completed on windfall sites detailed by the settlement hierarchy. Number of 100% affordable housing schemes completed by type and location.	Increased provision of affordable housing in accordance with policy. Provision of 100% affordable housing schemes in appropriate locations.	Development Management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. Individual viability appraisals where viability may require adjustment to level of affordable homes. SMDC. Developers. Registered Social Landlords.

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
Policy H4 Gypsy and Traveller Sites and Sites for Travelling Showpeople	S04		Number of permanent traveller pitches developed per year (permanent consent) Number of transit traveller pitches developed per year (permanent consent/ temporary consent) Number of travelling showperson's plots developed per year (permanent consent/ temporary consent) temporary consent)	To fully meet the District's objectively assessed need for traveller pitches and showperson plots.	Development Management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. Monitoring of gypsy & traveller a & travelling showpeople needs through future GTAA. Partnership working. SMDC. Developers. Partners
Policy TCR1 Development in the Town Centres	SO5		% of retail and other types of units in each town centre (annual data) % of vacant units by town centre (annual data)	Maintaining vitality and viability of the town centres (annual review)	Economic Development	Designation of land in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.

Policy	Local Plan Objectives	n Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
Policy TCR2 Primary Shopping Frontages	SO5	% of retail and other types of units in the primary shopping frontage (annual data) % of vacant units in the primary shopping frontage(annual data)	Protecting the retail function in the town centre shopping streets (annual review)	E c o n o m i c Development	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy TCR3 Retailing and other Town Centre uses outside Town Centres	SO5	Number of planning approvals for town centre uses outside of town centres (200m2 floorspace or above)	Maintaining the vitality and viability of the town centres (annual review)	Development Management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. Sequential assessment of development.
Policy DC1 D e s i g n Considerations	SO8, SO9	Number of planning applications referred to the Design Review Panel.	All development shall be well designed.	SMDC	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy.

Policy	Local Plan Objectives	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
Policy DC2 The H i s t o r i c Environment	808, 809	Number of properties on the Buildings at Risk Register.	Annual reduction to the number of properties in Staffordshire Moorlands on the register.	Buildings at Risk Register	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy DC3 Landscape and Settlement Setting	SO8, SO9	Number of approved schemes per year where a landscaping scheme has been recommended by SMDC Horticultural Service.	Protecting landscape character in accordance with policy.	S M D C Horticultural Service.	Designation of land in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy DC4 Local Green Space	SO8, SO9	Number and type of developments permitted within designated Local Green Space.	Protecting areas designated as Local Green Space.	Development Management	Designation of land in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy C1 Creating Sustainable Communities	SO6, SO7, SO10	Changes in number of community facilities in the towns, larger villages and smaller villages.	Protection, retention or enhancement of existing community facilities.	SMDC	Designation of land in the Local Plan. Planning application

Policy	Local Plan Objectives	Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
					determination. S106 & conditions. CIL (subject to further consideration). SMDC. Developers. Infrastructure providers.
Policy C2 Sport, recreation and Open Space	SO6, SO7, SO10	Net gain / loss in types of open space provision (ha) and facilities.	Protecting quantity of open space and outdoor sports facilities.	SMDC	Designation of land in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. CIL (subject to further consideration). Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy. Partnership working.
Policy C3 Green Infrastructure	SO6, SO7, SO10	Creation / enhancement of Green Infrastructure links on completed Local Plan development sites.	Developing an integrated network of high quality multi-functional Green Infrastructure.	SMDC	Designation of land in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. CIL (subject to further consideration).

Policy	Local Plan Objectives	n Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
					Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy. Partnership working. SMDC. Developers. Infrastructure providers.
Policy NE1 Biodiversity and Geological Resources	6OS	Number of approved schemes per year where habitat creation measures have been recommended by SMDC Horticultural Service. Change in area of land across the District covered by nature conservation designations (including sites of international, national, regional or sub-regional or local significance). Number (and percentage) of nature conservation designations across the District under appropriate conservation management.	To conserve and enhance as far as possible the biodiversity and geological resources of the District in light of the Council's development, as per Government policy.	S M D C Horticultural Service. Staffordshire Wildlife Trust.	Designation of land in the Local Plan. Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy. Partnership working. SMDC. Developers. Partners.

Policy	Local Plan Objectives	n Monitoring Indicator	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
Policy NE2 T r e e s , Woodlands and Hedgerows	60s	Number of approved schemes per year where a landscaping scheme has been recommended by SMDC Horticultural Service.	To conserve and enhance as far as possible the biodiversity and geological resources of the District in light of the Council's development, as per Government policy.	S M D C Horticultural Service.	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions.
Policy T1 Development and Sustainable Transport	SO11	Number of approvals that comply with parking standards required by the Highway Authority. Number of approvals supported by a Travel Plan.	100% of approvals in compliance with identified parking standards. 100% of approvals accompanied by a Travel Plan when required to do so by Highway Authority.	Development Management	Planning application determination. S106 & conditions. Travel Plans. CIL (subject to further consideration). SMDC. Developers. Infrastructure providers. Partners
Policy T2 Other Sustainable Transport Measures	SO11	Number and type of schemes implemented.	Supporting measures to promote better accessibility, create safer roads, reduce traffic impact or facilitate highway improvements.	Development Management	Implementation of the Green Infrastructure Strategy. Local Transport Plan. Planning application determination. S106 and conditions. Travel Plans.

Policy	Local Objectives	Plan	Local Plan Monitoring Indicator Objectives	Target	Data Source	Implementation mechanism and delivery body
						SMDC. Developers. Partners.

Table 1.2